

(formerly known as Tatt Giap Group Berhad)
(Company No. 732294-W)

# **Board Charter**

Contents		Page
1	Preamble	1
2	Interpretation	2
3	Objective of the Board	2
4	Role of the Board	3
5	Board Structure	4
6	Board Processes	13
7	Representation of the Company	17
8	Remuneration of the Directors	17
9	The Company's Constitution and Management's limits	18
10	Revision to the Board Charter	18

#### 1. Preamble

- 1.1 The enhancement of corporate governance standards is vital towards the achievement of the objectives of transparency, accountability and effective performance for Dynaciate Group Berhad (formerly known as Tatt Giap Group Berhad) ("Dynacia" or "DGB" or "the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group" or "Dynacia Group" or "DGB Group"). Accordingly, this Board Charter ("Charter") is established with the aim of enshrining the concepts of good governance as promulgated in the Malaysian Code on Corporate Governance issued on 26 April 2017 ("Code").
- 1.2 This Charter serves as a reference point for Board activities and should not be construed as a blueprint for Board operations. It is aimed to provide guidance for the Board and Management vis a vis the role of the Board and its Committees, the requirements of the Directors in carrying out their stewardship role and in discharging their duties towards the Company as well as the Board's present practices.
- 1.3 Just as each organisation has its own corporate culture, the dynamics of each Board is unique. The dynamics shift as the composition of the Board changes, and the Directors of the Company should always be open to new opportunities and ready to confront new challenges brought about by change.
- 1.4 This Charter is to promote high standards of corporate governance and is designed to provide guidance and clarity for Directors and management with regard to the role of the Board and its committees, the requirements of Directors in carrying out their role and in discharging their duties towards the company as well as the Board's operating practices.
- 1.5 This Charter does not overrule or pre-empt the statutory requirements of Directors as enshrined in the Companies Act 2016, the Income Tax Act 1967 and other relevant statutes, including the conduct of the Board as stipulated in the Constitution of the Company. To the extent of any conflict between the terms of this Charter and a Constitution, that Constitution prevails.

### 2. Interpretation

#### 5.1 In this Charter:

"Act" means the Companies Act 2016 and any amendments made thereto from time to time.

"Board" means the Board of Directors of the Company.

"Bursa Securities" means Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

"Business" means the business of the Group.

"Chairman" means the chairman of the Board.

"Company Secretary" means the Board secretary (ies) or the person(s) normally exercising the functions of a Board secretary.

"Constitution" means the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association, in totality or separately as in Memorandum of Association and / or Articles of Association.

"Executive Director" means a Director who is also a paid employee of the Company and is involved in the day-to-day management of the Company.

"Group Executive Director" means a Director who is a paid employee of the Group and is involved in the day-to-day management of the Group.

"Independent Director" is defined in accordance to Paragraph 1.01 of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities").

"MMLR" means the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Securities.

"Management" mean the management personnel of the Company.

"Shareholders" mean the shareholders of the Company.

All terms used herein are in a gender neutral sense.

# 3. Objectives of the Board

3.1 The Board is accountable to the Shareholders and is responsible for the stewardship of the Group's business and affairs on behalf of the Shareholders. Significantly, the Board shall seek to ensure that the business objectives of the Group is aligned with the expectations of Shareholders with a view to enhancing long-term Shareholders' value whilst taking into account the interests of other stakeholders and maintaining high standards of transparency, accountability and integrity.

3.2 Additionally, often, the Board has to warrant that the operations of the Group are being effectively managed in a manner that is properly focussed on those Business objectives, conforming to regulatory and ethical requirements as well as maintaining high standards of transparency, accountability and governance.

### 4. Role of the Board

- 4.1 The Board's role is to provide leadership of the Group within a framework of prudent and effective controls which enables risk to be assessed and managed. The Board has delegated certain responsibilities to committees which operate in accordance with Charter approved by the Board and delegated the day to day Management of the Business of the Group to the Group Executive Directors, Management and executive officers subject to an agreed authority limit.
- 4.2 The Board shall reserve a formal schedule of matters for its decision to ensure that the direction and control of the Group is firmly in its hands. This includes strategic issues and planning, material acquisition and disposal of assets, capital expenditure, authority levels, treasury policies, risk management policies, appointment of auditors and review of the financial statements, financing and borrowing activities, ensuring regulatory compliance and reviewing the adequacy and integrity of internal controls.
- 4.3 The principal responsibilities of the Board including those adopted from the Code are:
  - (a) reviewing and adopting a strategic plan for the Group to ensure sustainability of its business and Group operations;
  - overseeing the conduct of the Group's Business to evaluate whether the Business is being properly managed not withstanding that some of the subsidiaries have separate Board of Directors;
  - (c) identifying principal risks and ensuring the implementation of appropriate internal controls and mitigation measures;
  - (d) considering succession planning, including appointing, training, fixing the compensation of and where appropriate, replacing Board members and senior management;
  - (e) developing and implementing an investor relations programme or shareholder communications policy for the Group;

- (f) reviewing the adequacy and the integrity of the Group's risk management, internal control systems and management information systems, including systems / reporting framework for compliance with applicable laws, regulations, rules, directives and guidelines;
- (g) determining the remuneration of non-executive Directors, with the individuals concerned abstaining from discussions of their own remuneration;
- (h) ensuring that the Company's financial statements are true and fair and other conform with the laws; and
- (i) ensuring that the Company adheres to high standards of ethics and corporate behaviour.
- 4.4 In overseeing the conduct of the Group's business, the Board shall ensure that an appropriate financial planning, operating and reporting framework as well as an embedded risk management framework is established. Elements under this combined framework include the Business Plan, the budget, financial statements, divisional strategic/performance reviews reports and risk management reports.

#### 5. Board Structure

# 5.1 **Board Balance and Composition**

- 5.1.1 The Board should be of a size and composition with the benefit of variety of perspective and skills that is conducive to effective decision making and effective discharge of its roles and responsibilities for the benefit of the Group and its Business.
  - It is also important for the Board to keep its size at a reasonable level (notwithstanding the fact that the Company's Constitution allows a minimum of two (2) and a maximum of ten (10) Directors (disregarding alternate Directors but including executive Directors)). Boards that are too small or too large may significantly limit the level of individual participation, involvement and effectiveness. The Board shall from time to time examine its size with a view to determine the impact of its number upon its effectiveness.
- 5.1.2 The appointment of a new member to the Board (as well as for those who retire and offer themselves for re-appointment or re-election) is only made after consultation with the Nominating Committee and it is of importance to the Board that to ensure high levels of professional skills and appropriate personal qualities (relevant skills, experience, expertise and time commitment) are pre-requisites for such nominee.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the qualifications for Board membership are the ability to make informed Business decisions and recommendations, an entrepreneurial talent for contributing to the creation of Shareholders value, relevant experience, the ability to appreciate the wider picture, ability to ask probing operational related questions, high ethical standards, sound practical sense and total commitment to furthering the interests of Shareholders and the achievement of the goals of the Group.

- 5.1.3 The Board recognises the significant representation by Directors who are capable and willing to make Business decisions and judgement in the best interest of the Group and free from influences which would give rise to conflict of interest with that duty and are also independent of Management. The Board decision making process should be of independence and objectivity. The present Board composition is in compliance with Chapter 15.02 of the MMLR as one third of its members are Independent Directors.
- 5.1.4 The Board recognises the need for the composition to reflect a range of skill mix and expertise. High levels of professional skills and appropriate personal qualities are pre-requisite for directorships. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the qualifications for Board membership are the ability to make informed business decisions and recommendations, an entrepreneurial talent for contributing to the creation of shareholder value, relevant experience, the ability to appreciate the wider picture, ability to ask probing operational related questions, high ethical standards, sound practical sense, and total commitment to furthering the interests of shareholders and the achievement of the Company's goals.
- 5.1.5 The Board recognises the need for an appropriate balance between executive Directors who possess extensive direct experience and expertise in the core Business activities of the Group, and non-executive Directors who have outstanding track records and reputation attained at the highest levels of Business and commerce generally, and who are able to bring to the Board a board range of general commercial expertise and experience.
- 5.1.6 The Board is also mindful of the recommendation for Board diversity and, under this circumstance, the Nominating Committee shall ensure that women candidates are sought during its recruitment exercise and consider gender diversity in its recommendation to the Board. Evaluation of suitability of any candidate is based on the criteria as stipulated in 5.1.2 to ensure that the candidate bring value and expertise to the Board.

#### 5.2 Role of the Chairman

- 5.2.1 The Board appoints from amongst its members a Chairman who represents the Board to carry out a leadership role in the conduct of the Board and its relations with the shareholders and other stakeholders.
- 5.2.2 The position of Chairman shall be held by a Director who is not the Chief Executive Officer.
- 5.2.3 The Chairman is primarily responsible for:
  - (a) acting as chief spokesperson and representative of the Board and Group;
  - (b) representing the Board to shareholders and chairing general meeting of shareholders;
  - (c) ensuring the adequacy and integrity of the governance process and issues:
  - (d) functioning as a facilitator at meetings of the Board to ensure that no member, whether executive or non-executive, dominates discussion, that appropriate discussions takes place and that relevant opinions among members is forthcoming. The Chairman will ensure that discussions result in logical and understandable outcomes;
  - (e) ensuring that all Directors are enabled and encouraged to participate in its activities. This includes ensuring that all relevant issues are on the agenda and that all Directors receive timely, relevant information tailored to their needs and that they are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings;
  - (f) ensuring that executive Directors look beyond their executive function and accept their full share of responsibilities of governance and provide regular updates on all issues pertinent to the welfare and future of the Group to the Board;
  - (g) liasing and co-ordinating input from all Directors, especially Board Commitees' Chairman, to optimise the effectiveness of the Board and its Committees;
  - (h) guiding and mediating Board actions with respect to organisational priorities and governance concerns;
  - (i) undertaking the primary responsibility for organising information necessary for the Board to deal with items on the agenda and for providing this information to Directors on a timely basis; and
  - (j) performing other responsibilities assigned by the Board from time to time.

5.2.4 The Chairman may delegate specific duties to the Executive Directors, Board members and / or Committees as appropriate.

#### 5.3 Role of the Executive Directors

- 5.3.1 The position of the Executive Directors, in essence, is to ensure the effective implementation of the Group's Business Plan (including strategic plan) and policies established by the Board as well as to manage the daily conduct of the business and affairs to ensure its smooth operation.
- 5.3.2 The Executive Directors are accountable to the Board for the achievement of the Group's mission, goals and objectives as well as for the observance of management limitations.
- 5.3.3 At each of its scheduled meetings, the Board should expect to receive from or through the Executive Directors:
  - (a) summary reports on the performance and the activities from the Company's subsidiaries and specific proposals for capital expenditure and acquisitions and disposals in accordance with the Authority Matrix; and
  - (b) such assurances as the Board considers necessary to confirm that the management limitations are being observed.
- 5.3.4 The Executive Directors expected to act within all specific authorities delegated to them by the Board. The delegation is subject to and limit by, the terms of this charter including matters reserved for decision by the Board and any specific limitations on authority imposed by the Board from time to time.
- 5.3.5 The responsibility of the Executive Directors should be stated in an agreed job description and generally, the Executive Directors are responsible to the Board for the following:
  - (a) executive management of the Group's business covering, inter alia, the development of a strategic plan; an annual operating plan and budget; performance benchmarks to gauge management performance against and the analysis of management reports;
  - (b) developing long-term strategic and short-term profit plans, designed to ensure that the Group's requirements for growth, profitability and return on capital are achieved;
  - (c) directing and controlling all aspects of the business operations in a cost effective manner:

- (d) effectively oversee the human resources of the Group with respect to key positions in the Group's hierarchy, makes recommendations to the Board for recruitment of senior management staff, determination of remuneration as well as terms and conditions of employment for senior management and issues pertaining to discipline;
- (e) ensures that the Group's Financial Reports present a true and fair view of the Group's financial condition and operational results and are in accordance with the relevant accounting standards;
- (f) assures the Group's corporate identity, products and services are of high standards and are reflective of the market environment:
- (g) be the official spokesman for the Company and responsible for regulatory, governmental and business relationships;
- (h) ensures compliance with governmental procedures and regulations;
- (i) coordinates business plans with the businesses heads, coordinates management issues through the Board, and oversees divisional function groups and cost containment process in consultation with the Chief Financial Officer/ Financial Controller and the Regional Office or Head Office;
- (j) maintains and facilitates a positive working environment and good employee relations;
- (k) assists in the selection and evaluation of Board members through the Nominating and Remuneration Committees; and
- (I) assists the Chairman in organising information necessary for the Board to deal with the agenda and for providing this information to Directors on a timely basis.

# 5.4 Role of the Non-Executive Directors("NED")

- 5.4.1 The roles of the NEDs primarily covers the monitoring of the Group performance and contributing to the development of Group strategies as outlined below:
  - (a) Strategy: provide constructive commentaries and contribute to the development of Group strategies;
  - (b) Performance: oversee the performance of Management in meeting pre-set objectives and targets and monitor the reporting of performance.

5.4.2 NEDs could act as a link between Management, Shareholders and other stakeholders. They should provide the relevant checks and balances and ensuring that high standards of corporate governance are applied whilst taking into consideration the interests of the Shareholders and other stakeholders.

#### 5.5 **Tenure of Directors**

- 5.5.1 Pursuant to the Company's Constitution, all Directors must retire once at least every three (3) years but shall be eligible for re-election
- 5.5.2 Pursuant to the Code, the tenure of an Independent Director should not exceed a cumulative term of nine years. The nine years can either be a consecutive service of nine years or a cumulative service of nine years with intervals. Upon completion of the nine years, an Independent Director may continue to serve on the Board subject to the Director's redesignation as a non-independent Director. However, the shareholders may, in exceptional cases where the Board is of the opinion that that the Independent Director can continue beyond the 9-year tenure and subject to the assessment of the Nominating Committee, decide that an Independent Director can remain as an Independent Director after serving a cumulative term of nine years. The justification may be determined in the form of greater rigor and transparency in the evaluation process which accompanies any recommendation for renewal of a Director's appointment / election at the general meeting.
- 5.5.3 The tenure of the Executive Directors is tied to their executive office.

# 5.6 Company Secretary

- 5.6.1 The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is a matter for the Board as a whole. The Board recognises the fact that the Company Secretary should be suitably qualified and capable of carrying out the duties required of the post.
- 5.6.2 The key role of the Company Secretary is to provide unhindered advice and services for the Directors, as and when the need arises, to enhance the effective functioning of the Board and to ensure regulatory compliance.
- 5.6.3 Other primary responsibilities of the Company Secretary shall include:
  - (a) preparing agendas and coordinating the preparation of the Board papers;
  - (b) ensure that Board procedures and applicable rules are observed;

- (c) maintaining records of the Board and ensure effective Management of organisation's records;
- (d) preparing comprehensive minutes to document Board proceedings and ensure conclusions are accurately recorded;
- timely dissemination of information relevant to Directors' roles and functions and keeping them updated on new or evolving regulatory requirements;
- (f) assisting the communications between the Board and Management; and
- (g) providing full access and services to the Board and carrying out other functions deemed appropriate by the Board from time to time.

#### 5.7 **Board Committees**

- 5.7.1 The Board reserves the right to establish Committees from time to time in the discharge of its duties and responsibilities. The existence of the Board Committees does not diminish the Board's responsibilities for the affairs of the Group where the delegation of power shall be subjected to the approved terms of references and are in accordance with this Charter.
- 5.7.2 Where a Committee is formed, specific terms of reference of the committee would be established to serve as a guidance note which covers matters such as the purpose, composition and functions of the committee.
- 5.7.3 Members of the Committees are expected to participate actively at meetings and be knowledgeable about purpose, process and goal of the said Committees.
- 5.7.4 The following standing Committees with specific written terms of reference has been established:

#### (a) Audit Committee ("AC")

The AC assists in fulfilling the Board's stewardship accountability to its Shareholders and financial stakeholders.

It shall provide assurance to the Board with quality and reliable financial information and are responsible for the accuracy and integrity of the Group financial reporting. The AC is also responsible for reviewing and recommending risk management policies and strategies for the Group and thus, assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibility on risk management.

# (b) Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee oversees matters relating to the nomination of new Directors, annually reviews the required mix of skills, experience and other requisite qualities of Directors as well as the annual assessment of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, its Committees and the contribution of each individual Director as well as identify candidates to fill board vacancies, and nominating them for approval by the Board.

# (c) Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee is primarily responsible for recommending to the Board the remuneration of Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors in all its forms, drawing from outside advice if necessary.

# 5.8 The Board's Relationship with Shareholders and Stakeholders

- 5.8.1 The Board shall maintain an effective communications policy that enables both the Board and Management to communicate effectively with its shareholders, stakeholders and the general public.
- 5.8.2 It is the responsibility of the Board to ensure that the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") of the Company are conducted in an efficient manner and serves as a crucial mechanism in shareholder communications. Key ingredients behind this include the supply of comprehensive and timely information to shareholders and the encouragement of active participation at the general meetings.
- 5.8.3 The Board will focus its efforts to abide by the following best practices to enhance the effectiveness of the general meetings:
  - ensure that each item of special business included in the notice to be accompanied by a full explanation of the effects of the proposed resolution;

- (b) for re-election of Directors, ensures that the notice of meeting state which Directors are standing for election or re-election with a brief description to include matters such as age, relevant experience, list of directorships, date of appointment to the Board, details of participation in board committee and the fact that a particular Director is independent;
- (c) ensure that the Chairman notifies the Shareholders, at the onset of the general meetings, of their right to demand poll vote;
- ensure that all resolutions in relation to related party transactions are considered by poll and to announce the detailed results of the votes cast for and against in each instance;
- (e) ensure that the Chairman provides reasonable time for discussion at the meeting. Where appropriate and if required, the Chairman will also undertake to provide written answer to any significant question which cannot be answered immediately; and
- (f) conduct a business presentation with a question and answer session, where appropriate and if required.
- 5.8.4 The Chairman shall take responsibility for addressing queries from Shareholders, stakeholders and analysts. In the performance of this responsibility, the Chairman shall be mindful of the regulatory requirements pertaining to price sensitive information.

#### 6. Board Processes

6.1 Board Meetings shall be conducted in a Business-like manner where all Directors are encouraged to share their views and partake in discussions. No one person should dominate the discussion. The Chairman, assisted by the Company Secretary, shall play a mediator's role to maintain the order of the proceedings in a constructive, productive and effective manner.

# 6.2 Frequency

6.2.1 The Board should meet regularly, at least on a quarterly basis. Special Board meetings should be held in addition to the quarterly meetings as and when required. Prior notice of meetings will be given to all who are required to attend the meetings.

- 6.2.2 Board members are required to attend the Board meetings and attendance of each individual Director in the meetings held in a financial year is required to be disclosed in the Annual Report. Other senior officers / Management who can provide additional insight into matters under discussion or appear to persons with potential who should be given exposure to the Board may be invited to attend for particular items within their responsibility. The Board may also invite external parties such as the auditors, solicitors and consultants as and when the need arises.
- 6.2.3 Additional formal business is dealt with as required, whether by physical, videoconferencing or telephonic meetings, as well as other communications equipment by other electronic meetings defined in the Constitution of the Company. All notices, resolutions, attendance, transactions, quorums and votes obtained through electronic means shall be deemed valid and effective unless it contravenes the requirements of relevant statutes and regulations.
- 6.2.4 All meetings of the Board will be conducted in accordance with the Constitutions of the Company and applicable laws.
- 6.2.5 The Chairman of the Board, or in his absence, a Director from amongst Board members present shall be appointed to preside at all meetings.
- 6.2.6 The guorum for Board meetings is two (2) members present in person.
- 6.2.7 All Board decisions shall be made through consensus. In the event consensus could not be reached, it shall be decided by a majority of votes and in the event of equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote in accordance with the Company's Constitution.
- 6.2.8 Any issues which arise between meetings can be resolved through circular resolutions subsequent to the Board being apprised of the issues. These circular resolutions shall be valid and effective if approved by majority Directors in any written form letter, telex, facsimile or telegram. Such discussion, including any concerns raised and the rationale for the decision shall be tabled at the following Board meeting for formal record keeping.

# 6.3 **Agenda**

6.3.1 The notice of a Directors' meeting should be given in writing at least seven (7) days prior to all Board meetings except for cases of emergencies. Notices may be sent through any means of communication as prescribed in the Company's Constitution.

- 6.3.2 A well prepared board agenda will enhance the Board's productivity and strengthen its strategic and supervisory role. The Chairman, in conjunction with the executive Director and the Company Secretary, shall undertake the primary responsibility for preparing the Board's agenda. The agenda shall include, amongst others, matters specifically reserved for the Board's decision. Due consideration should be given to items for inclusion, sequence of items as well as the necessary board papers needed be provided to the Board including items to be sent in advance. In the case of sensitive and confidential information, these board papers may be circulated just prior to the Board meeting. The Board shall record its deliberation, in terms of the issues discussed, and the conclusions thereof in discharging its duties and responsibilities.
- 6.3.3 At least one regularly scheduled Board meeting per year shall be substantially focussed on review, discussion and approval of corporate strategies. All significant corporate strategies shall be reviewed and approved by the Board.

# 6.4 **Meeting Papers**

- 6.4.1 As a matter of best practice and to allow ample time for Directors to consider the relevant information, Board papers and agenda items are to be circulated at least seven (7) days prior to the meeting or a shorter period when unavoidable. It is recommended that where there is a need to table a report, a brief listing of findings and/or recommendations is prepared.
- 6.4.2 The minutes of Board meetings shall be prepared within one (1) month following a Board meeting and shall be circulated in draft form. The draft minutes shall be re-circulated together with the Board papers at the following Board meeting in readiness for approval. The practice is for minutes to record processes and decisions rather than a historical narrative of the discussion. If one or more Directors request their opinion to be noted, the Company Secretary shall comply with the request.

## 6.5 Access to Information and Independent Professional Advice

- 6.5.1 All Directors (executive and non-executive) have the same right of access to all information within the Group whether as a full Board or in their individual capacity, in furtherance of their duties and responsibilities as Directors of the Company.
- 6.5.2 Non-executive Board members are expected to notify, via email or call, the Executive Directors and or the Company Secretary before contacting any members of the Senior Management on any matters.

- 6.5.3 A record of submissions, papers and materials presented to the Board, is maintained and held by the Company Secretary together with minutes of meetings, and is accessible to Directors.
- 6.5.4 All Directors should have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Board should recognise that the Chairman is entitled to the strong and positive support of the Company Secretary in ensuring the effective functioning of the Board.
- 6.5.5 The full Board or in their individual capacity, in furtherance of their duties, shall be able to obtain an independent professional advice at the Company's expenses provided that such Director shall justify his action and obtain written approval from the Board.
- 6.5.6 Subject to prior approval of the Chairman, the cost of the advice will be reimbursed by the Company but the Director will ensure, so far as is practicable, that the cost is reasonable.

#### 6.6 Induction Process

- 6.6.1 The objective of the induction process is to provide Directors with a rapid and clear insight into the Group as well as keeping them abreast with development in the market place pertaining to the oversight function of Directors. This will enable the Directors to discharge their duties and responsibilities effectively.
- 6.6.2 Induction of Directors may include, but not limited to, the following:
  - (a) time with other Directors, in particular the Chairman, the Company Secretary and, if the Independent Director is a functional specialist, his or her counterpart;
  - (b) furnishing of a copy of the previous board minutes for at least the past six (6) months; the Business/strategic plan, pertinent Management reports; and significant reports by Management consultants on areas of board responsibilities;
  - (c) visits to key sites (including overseas locations, if the Business is strongly international); and
  - (d) a formal 1 to 2 days induction programme, including the elements above.

# 6.7 Directors' External Commitments and Conflict of Interest

- 6.7.1 The Company's Constitution stipulate that a Director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or proposed contract with the Company shall declare his interest in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The Director concerned shall not participate in deliberations and shall abstain himself from casting his votes in any matter arising thereof unless otherwise as provided for in the Constitution of the Company.
- 6.7.2 Should there be an actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest between the Company or a related corporation and a Director, or an associate of a Director such as a spouse or other family members, or a related company, the Director involved shall make full disclosure and act honestly in the best interest of the Company.
- 6.7.3 An actual, potential or perceived conflict of interest shall not necessarily disqualify an individual Director from the Board provided that full disclosure of the interest has been made in good faith and with due honesty.
- 6.7.4 The Company Secretary shall aid the annual independence and conflict of interest self-declaration by the Directors.
- 6.7.5 The Company shall ensure that its Board members have the character, integrity, experience, competence and time to effectively discharge their roles.
- 6.7.6 The Board members shall ensure that they dedicate sufficient time to carry out their roles and responsibilities. Each Director shall provide such a commitment at the point of appointment. Each Director is also required to commit to attend at least 50% of the Board meetings held annually.
- 6.7.7 A Director of the Group or Company shall hold not more than five (5) directorships in public companies listed on the Bursa Securities. Prior to accepting any new appointment, Directors shall notify the Chairman in writing and this shall include an indication of time that will be spent on the new appointment.

# 7. Representation of the Company

- 7.1 The Board looks to the Group Chairman, to speak on behalf of the Group and to manage the communication of information to investors, other stakeholders and the public in an orderly and effective manner while adhering, at all times, to relevant laws and regulatory requirements with reference to the Company's Corporate Disclosure & Communication Policy.
- 7.2 Non-Executive Directors, to as far an extent as possible, should avoid commenting on the Company to external audiences. This is to avoid confusion and to ensure that the Board speaks in one voice.
- 7.3 The Group shall use information technology in its communication with Shareholders and other stakeholders. The usage shall include a dedicated section for Corporate Governance under the Investor Relations heading on the Group's corporate website. This dedicated section shall provide updated information such as quarterly financial statements, Board Charter and Annual Report, amongst others.

#### 8. Remuneration of the Directors

- 8.1 The Executive Directors shall receive remuneration that is recommended by the Remuneration Committee.
- 8.2 The NEDs will be entitled to fees and benefits payable for their role as Directors of the Company subject to shareholders' approval at general meetings. The benefits payable would include allowance for attendance at meetings and for the responsibilities undertaken on Committees.
- 8.3 The remuneration for all Directors shall be approved by the Board with the Directors concerned abstaining from participating in the discussion of his individual remuneration. Remuneration payable shall be in line with the Directors' Assessment and Remuneration Policy.

#### 9. The Company's Constitution and Management's limits

9.1 The Board operates pursuant to the powers and is subject to rules in the Constitution of the Company as adopted by shareholders in general meeting.

- 9.2 The Management is expected to act within all specific authorities delegated to it by the Board as outlined under Authority Matrix. Nevertheless, the Board is still charged with the responsibility for the exercise of such power by the delegate as if such power had been exercised by the Directors themselves. This responsibility can be negated only when:
  - (a) the Board believed on reasonable grounds that the delegate would exercise the delegated powers in conformity with the Act and the Constitution of the Company; and
  - (b) the Board believed on reasonable grounds, in good faith and after making a proper inquiry that the delegate (where necessary) was reliable and competent in relation to the powers delegated.
- 9.3 The Management is expected to act within all specific authorities delegated to it by the Board as outlined under Authority Matrix. The Management is expected not to cause or permit any practice, activity or decision that is contrary to commonly accepted good business practice or professional ethics.

# 10. Document history

10.1 Document history is as tabulated:

Version	Date of Board Approval	Implementation Date	Description
1	29 April 2014	29 April 2014	1 <sup>st</sup> version of the Board Charter
2	26 April 2018	26 April 2018	1 <sup>st</sup> revision of the Board Charter

#### 11. Revisions to the Board Charter

11.1 The Board Charter shall be reviewed by the Board as when necessary to ensure its relevance in aiding the Board to discharge its duties and responsibilities vis a vis the changes in corporate laws and regulations that may arise from time to time.