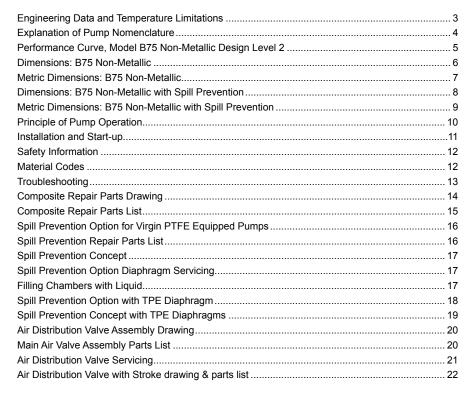
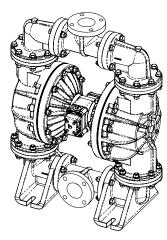
# **SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL Original Instructions**

# BLAGDON PUMP

### **Model B75 Non-Metallic Design Level 3**

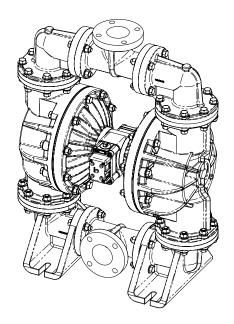
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# **B75** Non-Metallic **Design Level 3 Ball Valve**

**Air-Powered Double-Diaphragm Pump** 

**ENGINEERING, PERFORMANCE** & CONSTRUCTION DATA

INTAKE/DISCHARGE PIPE SIZE	CAPACITY	AIR VALVE	SOLIDS-HANDLING	HEADS UP TO	DISPLACEMENT/STROKE
3" ANSI Flange or	0 to 278 US gallons per minute	No-lube, no-stall	Up to .71 in. (18mm)	100 psi or 231 ft. of water	.9 US gallon / 3.41 liter
80mm DIN Flange	(0 to 1052 liters per minute)	design		(7 bar or 70 meters)	



#### **A** CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:

	Operating T	emperatures
Materials	Maximum	Minimum
Santoprene® Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	212°F 100°C	-10°F -23°C
Virgin PTFE Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to react chemically with PTFE: molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	212°F 100°C	-35°F -37°C
Polypropylene	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
PVDF	200°F 93°C	10°F -13°C

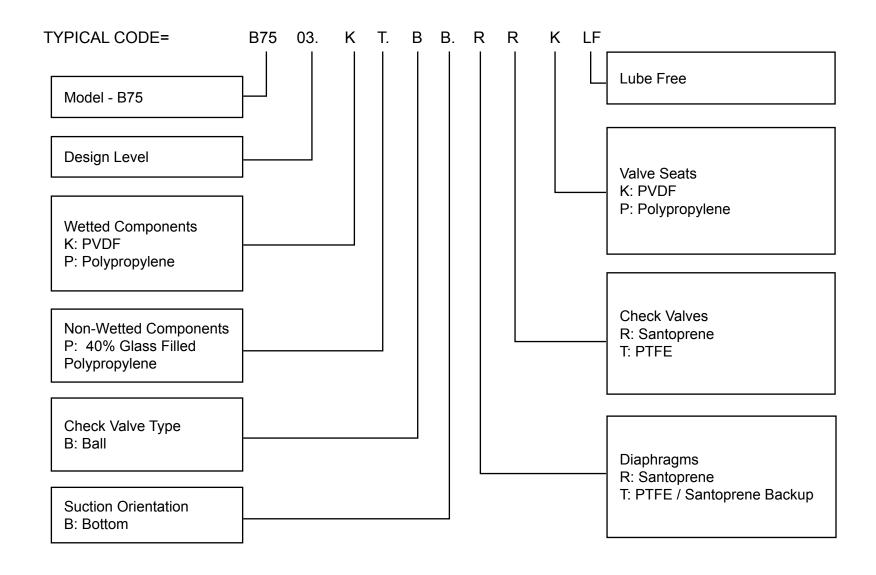
Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.

CAUTION: Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.

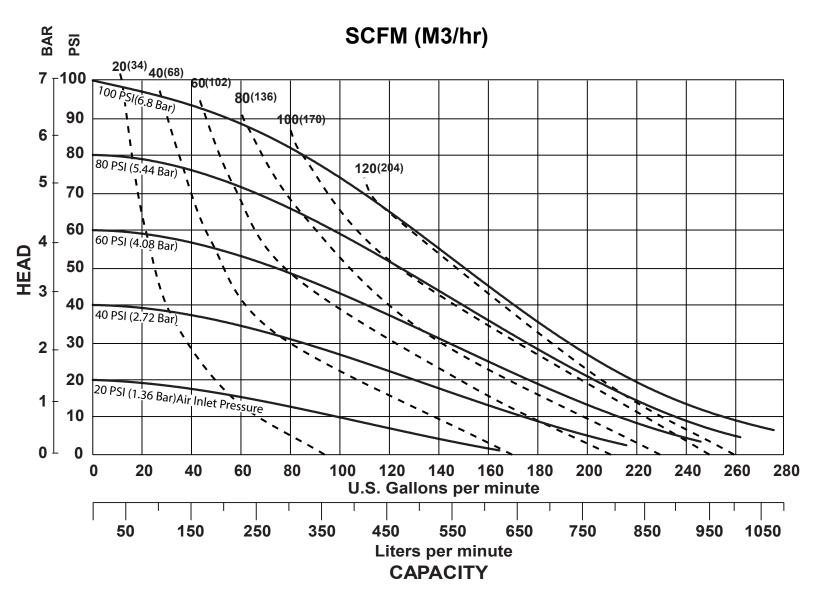
For specific applications, always consult "Chemical Resistance Chart" Technical Bulletin

The pumps are designed to be powered only by compressed air.

# **Explanation of Pump Nomenclature**

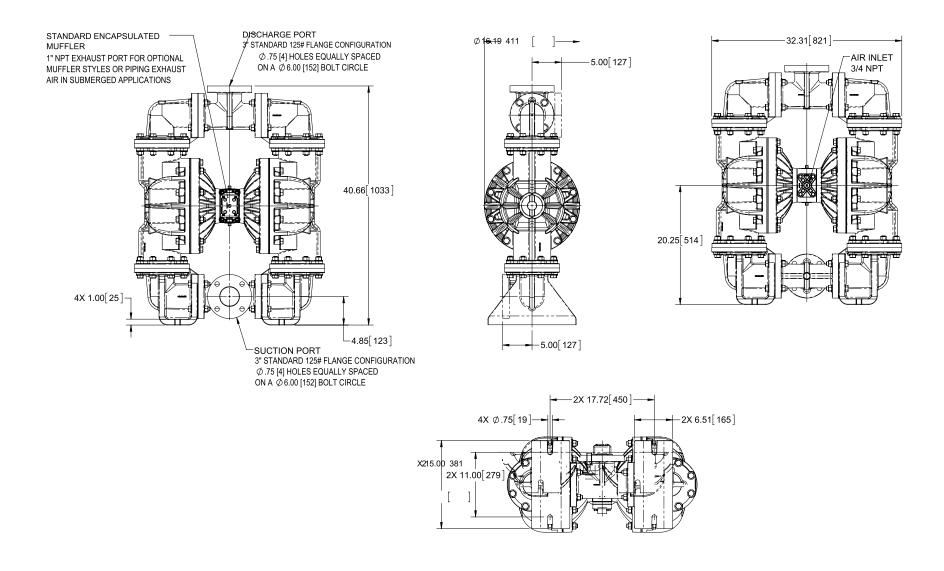


# Performance Curve, Model B75 Non-Metallic Design Level 3



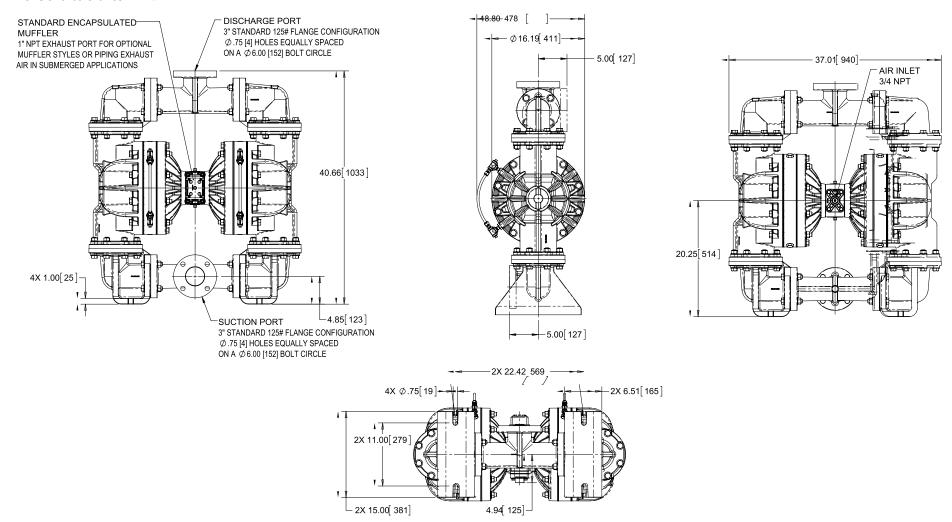
#### Dimensions: B75 Non-Metallic

# Dimensions in inches [3mm] in millimeters Dimensional tolerance: ± 1/8"



# Dimensions: B75 Non-Metallic with Spill Prevention

Dimensions in inches [3mm] in millimeters
Dimensional tolerance: ± 1/8"



#### PRINCIPLE OF PUMP OPERATION

This ball type check valve pump is powered by compressed air and is a 1:1 ratio design. The inner side of one diaphragm chamber is alternately pressurized while simultaneously exhausting the other inner chamber. This causes the diaphragms, which are connected by a common rod secured by plates to the centers of the diaphragms, to move in a reciprocating action. (As one diaphragm performs the discharge stroke the other diaphragm is pulled to perform the suction stroke in the opposite chamber.) Air pressure is applied over the entire inner surface of the diaphragm while liquid is discharged from the opposite side of the diaphragm. The diaphragm operates in a balanced condition during the discharge stroke which allows the pump to be operated at discharge heads over 200 feet (61 meters) of water.

For maximum diaphragm life, keep the pump as close to the liquid being pumped as possible. Positive suction head in excess of 10 feet of liquid (3.048 meters) may require a back pressure regulating device to maximize diaphragm life.

Alternate pressurizing and exhausting of the diaphragm chamber is performed by an externally mounted, pilot operated, four way spool type air distribution valve. When the spool shifts to one end of the valve body, inlet pressure is applied to one diaphragm chamber and the other diaphragm chamber exhausts. When the spool

shifts to the opposite end of the valve body, the pressure to the chambers is reversed. The air distribution valve spool is moved by a internal pilot valve which alternately pressurizes one end of the air distribution valve spool while exhausting the other end. The pilot valve is shifted at each end of the diaphragm stroke when a actuator plunger is contacted by the diaphragm plate. This actuator plunger then pushes the end of the pilot valve spool into position to activate the air distribution valve.

The chambers are connected with manifolds with a suction and discharge check valve for each chamber, maintaining flow in one direction through the pump.

#### INSTALLATION AND START-UP

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

For installations of rigid piping, short sections of flexible hose should be installed between the pump and the piping. The flexible hose reduces vibration and strain to the pumping system. A surge suppressor is recommended to further reduce pulsation in flow.

#### **AIR SUPPLY**

Air supply pressure cannot exceed 100 psi (7 bar). Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply of sufficient capacity and pressure required for desired performance. When the air supply line is solid piping, use a short length of flexible hose not less than ½" (13mm) in diameter between the pump and the piping to reduce strain to the piping. The weight of the air supply line, regulators and filters must be supported by some means other than the air inlet cap. Failure to provide support for the piping may result in damage to the pump. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

#### AIR VALVE LUBRICATION

The air distribution valve and the pilot valve are designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the preferred mode of operation. There may be instances of personal preference or poor quality air supplies when lubrication of the compressed air supply is required. The pump air system will operate with properly lubricated compressed air supply. Proper lubrication requires the use of an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes at the point of operation. Consult the pump's published Performance Curve to determine this.

#### **AIR LINE MOISTURE**

Water in the compressed air supply can create problems such as icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer to supplement the user's air drying equipment. This device removes water from the compressed air supply and alleviates the icing or freezing problems.

#### **AIR INLET AND PRIMING**

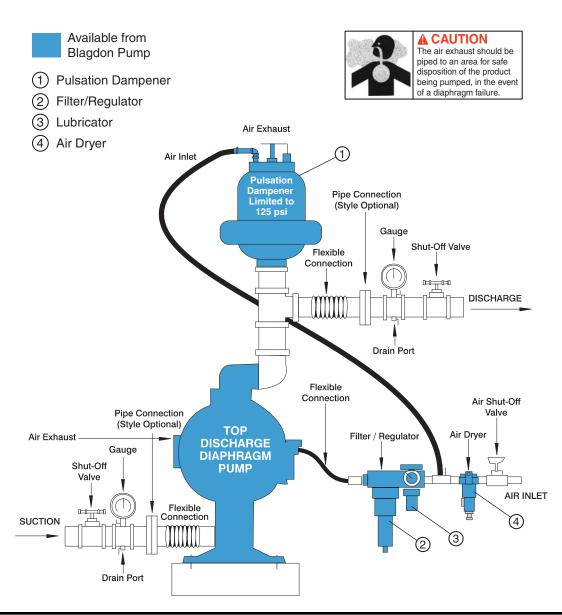
To start the pump, open the air valve approximately ½ to ¾ turn. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.

#### **BETWEEN USES**

When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify when not in motion, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. (Product remaining in the pump between uses could dry out or settle out. This could cause problems with the diaphragms and check valves at restart.) In freezing temperatures the pump must be completely drained between uses in all cases.

# **BLAGDON PUMP**

# INSTALLATION GUIDE Top Discharge Ball Valve Unit



#### **IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION**

#### **MATERIAL CODES** THE LAST 3 DIGITS OF PART NUMBER



#### IMPORTANT

Read these safety warnings and instructions in this manual completely, before installation and start-up of the pump. It is the

responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.



#### **WARNING**

This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Always make certain that all bolting is in good condition and that

all of the correct bolting is reinstalled during assembly.





caused by gasket creep. Re-torque loose fasteners

to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



#### **A** WARNING

Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump.

The discharge line may be pressurized and must be bled of its pressure.



#### **A** WARNING

In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If

pumping a product which is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposition.



#### **A** WARNING

When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



#### **A** WARNING

Before doing any maintenance on the pump, be certain all pressure is completely vented from the pump, suction, discharge,

piping, and all other openings and connections. Be certain the air supply is locked out or made non-operational, so that it cannot be started while work is being done on the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn all times in the vicinity of the pump. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



#### **A** WARNING

Airborne particles and loud noise hazards.

Wear ear and eye protection.

Hvtrel

Thermal Plastic

355 356

000	Assembly, sub-assembly;	357	Injection Molded Polyurethane
	and some purchased items	358	Urethane Rubber
010	Cast Iron		(Some Applications)
012	Powered Metal	250	(Compression Mold)
015	Ductile Iron	359	Urethane Rubber
020 025	Ferritic Malleable Iron Music Wire	360 361	Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED Nitrile
080	Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112	363	FKM (Fluorocarbon).
100	Alloy 20	303	Color coded: YELLOW
110	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel	364	E.P.D.M. Rubber.
111	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel		Color coded: BLUE
	(Electro Polished)	365	Neoprene Rubber.
112	Àlloy C		Color coded: GREEN
113	Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel	366	Food Grade Nitrile
	(Hand Polished)	368	Food Grade EPDM
114	303 Stainless Steel	370	Butyl Rubber
115	302/304 Stainless Steel	274	Color coded: BROWN
117	440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)	371	Philthane (Tuftane)
120	416 Stainless Steel	374 375	Carboxylated Nitrile Fluorinated Nitrile
123	(Wrought Martensitic) 410 Stainless Steel	378	High Density Polypropylene
120	(Wrought Martensitic)	379	Conductive Nitrile
148	Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum	405	Cellulose Fibre
149	2024-T4 Aluminum	408	Cork and Neoprene
150	6061-T6 Aluminum	425	Compressed Fibre
151	6063-T6 Aluminum	426	Blue Gard
152	2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)	440	Vegetable Fibre
154	Almag 35 Aluminum	465	Fibre
155	356-T6 Aluminum	500	Delrin 500
156	356-T6 Aluminum	501	Delrin 570
157	Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380	502	Conductive Acetal, ESD-800
158 159	Aluminum Alloy SR-319 Anodized Aluminum	503 505	Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled
162	Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock	506	Acrylic Resin Plastic Delrin 150
165	Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5	520	Injection Molded PVDF
166	Bronze, SAE 660	320	Natural color
170	Bronze, Bearing Type,	540	Nylon
	Oil Impregnated	541	Nylon
175	Die Cast Žinc	542	Nýlon
180	Copper Alloy	544	Nylon Injection Molded
305	Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated	550	Polyethylene
306	Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated	551	Glass Filled Polypropylene
307	Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated	552	Unfilled Polypropylene
308	Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated	553	Unfilled Polypropylene
309 310	Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated PVDF Coated	555 556	Polyvinyl Chloride
313	Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated	558	Black Vinyl Conductive HDPE
330	Zinc Plated Steel	570	Rulon II
331	Chrome Plated Steel	580	Ryton
332	Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated	590	Valox
333	Carbon Steel, Electroless	591	Nylatron G-S
	Nickel Plated	592	Nylatron NSB
335	Galvanized Steel	600	PTFE (virgin material)
336	Zinc Plated Yellow Brass		Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)
337	Silver Plated Steel	601	PTFE (Bronze and moly filled)
340	Nickel Plated	602	Filled PTFE
342	Filled Nylon	603	Blue Gylon
351	Food Grade Santoprene	604 606	PTFE PTFE
353 354	Geolast; Color: Black Injection Molded #203-40	607	Envelon
334	Santoprene- Duro 40D +/-5;	608	Conductive PTFE
	Color: RED	610	PTFE Encapsulated Silicon
255	Thermal Disetie	611	DTCC Cooperated CVM

PTFE Encapsulated FKM

Neoprene/Hytrel

FKM/PTFE

Nitrile/TFE

Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.

Gylon is a registered tradename

Nylatron is a registered tradename

Rulon II is a registered tradename

Ryton is a registered tradename

Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

Santoprene is a registered tradename

of Garlock, Inc.

of Polymer Corp.

of Exxon Mobil Corp.

of Dixion Industries Corp.

of Phillips Chemical Co.

EPDM/PTFE

Neoprene/PTFE PTFE, FKM/PTFE PTFE, Hytrel/PTFE

Santoprene®/EPDM

Santoprene®/PTFE

EPDM/Santoprene

FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,

Santoprene Diaphragm and

PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals

PTFE, FDA Santoprene/PTFE

Check Balls/EPDM Seats

634

635 637

638 639

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# TROUBLESHOOTING Possible Symptoms:

- Pump will not cycle.
- Pump cycles, but produces no flow.
- Pump cycles, but flow rate is unsatisfactory.
- Pump cycle seems unbalanced.
- Pump cycle seems to produce excessive vibration.

**What to Check:** Excessive suction lift in system.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> For lifts exceeding 20 feet (6 meters), filling the pumping chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.

<u>What to Check:</u> Excessive flooded suction in system.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> For flooded conditions exceeding 10 feet (3 meters) of liquid, install a back pressure device.

<u>What to Check:</u> System head exceeds air supply pressure.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Most diaphragm pumps are designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow.

<u>What to Check:</u> Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system head.

Corrective Action: Decrease inlet air pressure and volume to the pump as calculated on the published PERFORMANCE CURVE. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.

What to Check: Undersized suction line.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Meet or exceed pump connection recommendations shown on the DIMENSIONAL DRAWING.

<u>What to Check:</u> Restricted or undersized air line.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Install a larger air line and connection. Refer to air inlet recommendations shown in your pump's SERVICE MANUAL.

<u>What to Check:</u> Check ESADS, the Externally Serviceable Air Distribution System of the pump.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Disassemble and inspect the main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators. Refer to the parts drawing and air valve section of the SERVICE MANUAL. Check for clogged discharge or closed valve before reassembly.

<u>What to Check:</u> Rigid pipe connections to pump.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Install flexible connectors and a surge suppressor.

What to Check: Blocked air exhaust muffler.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice and reinstall. Refer to the Air Exhaust section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

What to Check: Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.

Corrective Action: Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly. Refer to the Diaphragm Replacement section of your pump SERVICE MANUAL.

What to Check: Suction side air leakage or air in product.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Visually inspect all suction side gaskets and pipe connections.

What to Check: Obstructed check valve.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Refer to the Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Worn or misaligned check valve or check valve seat.

Corrective Action: Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper seating. Replace if necessary. Refer to Check Valve section of the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Blocked suction line. Corrective Action: Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens and strainers.

What to Check: Blocked discharge line. Corrective Action: Check for obstruction or closed discharge line valves.

What to Check: Blocked pumping chamber.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> Disassemble and inspect the wetted chambers of the pump. Remove or flush any obstructions. Refer to the pump SERVICE MANUAL for disassembly instructions.

What to Check: Entrained air or vapor lock in one or both pumping chambers. Corrective Action: Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. PURGING THE CHAMBERS OF AIR CAN BE DANGEROUS! Contact the Technical Services Department before performing this procedure. A model with top-ported discharge will reduce or eliminate problems with entrained air.

If your pump continues to perform below your expectations, contact your local Distributor or factory Technical Services Group for a service evaluation.

#### **WARRANTY**

Refer to the enclosed Warranty Certificate.

### Composite Repair Parts Drawing

#### AVAILABLE SERVICE AND CONVERSION KITS

476.365.000 AIR END KIT

Seals, O-rings, Gaslets,

Retaining Rings, AirValve Sleeve & Spool Set and Pilot Valve Assembly

AIRENDKIT(for StrokendicatorOption) 476.366.000\*

> Seals, O-rings, Gaskets, Retaining Rings Air Valve Sleeve & SpoolSet

and Pitot Valve Asserbly.

WETTED END KIT 476.367.354

> Santoprene Diaphragms, Santoprene Ballsand TFESeals.

476.367.654 WETTED END KIT

Santoprene Diaphragms, PTFEOverlay

Diaphragms, TFEBalls

and TFE Seals.

476.368.354 WETTEDEND KIT(forPolypropylene)

Santoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Overlay Diaphragms, PTFEPumping Diaphragms,

PTFEBallsand PTFESeals.

476.368.655 WETTED END KIT(forPVDF)

> Santoprene Diaphragms, PTFE Overlay Diaphragms, PTFEPumping Diaphragms,

PTFEBallsand PTFESeals.

#### PULSE OUTPUT KITS

(For use with 530-010-000 and 530-032-000 Mufflers,

orpiped exhaust)

475-198-005

475-198-001 **DCKit** 475-198-002 **DCIntr** 

110/120VACor220/240VACkit 475-198-003 475-198-004 110/120VACIntrinsicallySafe Kit 220/240VACIntrinsicallySafe Kit

insically Safe Kit

475-198-007 **DCIntr** 

475-198-008 110/120VACor220/240VACKit 110/120VACIntrinsically Safe Kit 475-198-009

(For use with encaps ulated 530-028-550 Muffler)

475-198-010 220/240 VAC Intrinsically Safe Kit

475-198-006 **DCKit** 

ELECTRONLŒAKDETECTOR KITS

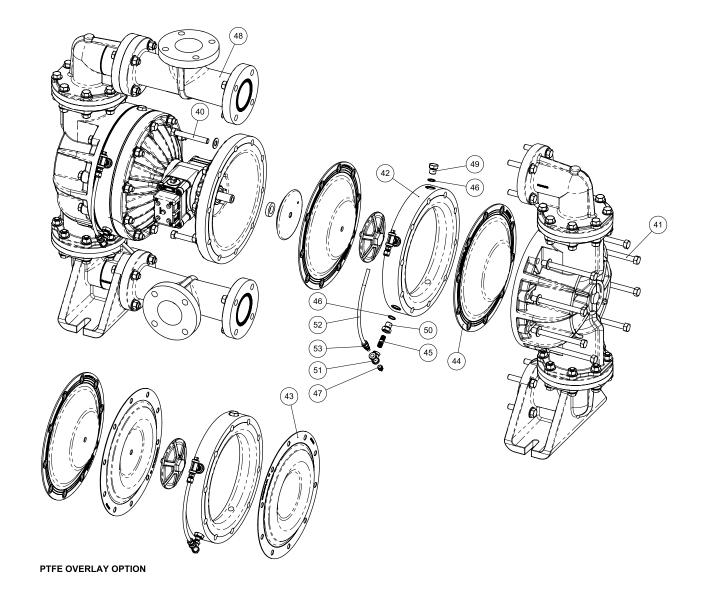
insically Safe Kit

032-037000

or110-120VAC 50-60Hz

or220-240VAC 50-60Hz

032-045-000 12-32VDC



# Composite Repair Parts List

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty	Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	031.140.000	Air Valve Assy (000 muffler)	1	19	312.103.552	Elbow, Discharge - Polypropylene	2
	031.140.002	Air Valve Assy (w/ PTFE coated hardware)	1	_	312.103.520	Elbow, Discharge - PVDF	2
	031.140.162	Air Valve Assy (brass spool - stainless sleeve)	1	00	360.093.360	Gasket, Air Valve	1
	031.141.000	Air Valve Assy (w/ no muffler)	1	21)	360.103.360	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1
	031.141.162	Air Valve Assy (w/ no muffler - brass spool - stainless sleeve	1	22	360.104.379	Gasket, Air Inlet Cap	1
	031.146.000	Air Valve Assy (stroke Indicator)	1	93333	360.107.360	Gasket, Inner Chamber	2
	031.147.000	Air Valve Assy (stroke Indicator w/ no muffler)	1	24	518.226.552	Manifold - Polypropylene	2
2	050.014.354	Ball, Check - Santoprene	4		518.226.552E	Manifold - Polypropylene, 80mm DIN	2
_	050.015.600	Ball, Check - PTFE	4		518.226.520	Manifold - PVDF	2
3	095.110.558	Pilot Valve Assy	1		518.226.520E	Manifold - PVDF, 80mm DIN	2
4	114.024.551	Intermediate	1	25	545.009.115	Nut, Hex 5/8-11	64
<u>5</u>	132.035.360	Bumper, Diaphragm	2	_	545.009.308	Nut, Hex 5/8-11	64
6	135.034.506	Bushing, Plunger	2	26)	560.001.360	O-ring	2
7	165.113.551	Cap, Air Inlet	1	27	612.192.157	Plate, Inner Diaphragm (w/ aluminum center)	2
8	170.015.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 2.75	4	28	612.253.552	Plate, Outer Diaphragm - Polypropylene	2
	170.015.308	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 2.75	4	_	612.253.520	Plate, Outer Diaphragm - PVDF	2
9	170.069.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/16-18 x 1.75	4	29	620.025.114	Plunger, Actuator	4
	170.069.308	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/16-18 x 1.75	4	30	670.056.552	Retainer, Ball - Polypropylene	4
10	170.111.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 3.25	48		670.056.520	Retainer, Ball - PVDF	4
	170.111.308	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 3.25	48	31	675.042.115	Retaining Ring	2
11	170.132.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 4.5	16	32	685.080.120	Rod, Diaphragm	1
	170.132.308	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 4.5	16	(33)	720.004.360	Seal, Diaphragm Rod U-Cup	2
12	171.053.115	Capscrew, Soc-Hd 3/8-16 X 2.50	4	34	720.039.600	Seal, Manifold	4
13	171.078.115	Capscrew, 82 DEG FH, HEX SOC, 3/8-16 X 1.25	8	35	720.043.600	Seal, Valve Module	8
14	196.151.552	Chamber, Outer - Polypropylene	2	36	722.131.552	Seat, Check Ball - Polypropylene	4
	196.151.520	Chamber, Outer - PVDF	2		722.131.520	Seat, Check Ball - PVDF	4
15	196.223.551	Chamber, Inner	2	37	901.038.115	Washer, Flat 5/16	4
16	286.077.354	Diaphragm - Santoprene	2		901.038.308	Washer, Flat 5/16	4
17	286.078.600	Diaphragm, Overlay - PTFE	2	38	901.047.115	Washer, Flat 5/8	132
18	312.124.552	Elbow, Suction - Polypropylene	2		901.047.308	Washer, Flat 5/8	132
	312.124.520	Elbow, Suction - PVDF	2	39	901.048.115	Washer Flat 3/8	4
					901.048.308	Washer Flat 3/8	4

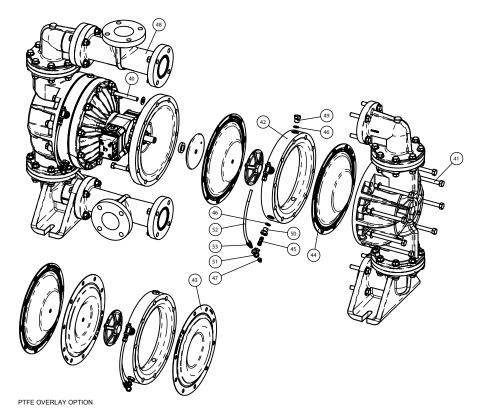
#### LEGEND:

= Items contained within AIR END KITS

= Items contained within WET END KITS

**NOTE:** Kits contain components specific to the material codes.

# Option for Virgin PTF Equipped Pumps Drawing



Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	031.146.000	Air Valve Assy (000 muffler) (replaces 031.140.000)	1
	031.147.000	Air Valve Assy (stroke Indicator w/ no muffler) (replaces 031.141.000)	1
40	170.135.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 5	4
	170.135.308	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 5	4
41	170.133.115	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 7	16
	170.133.308	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/8-11 x 7	16
42	196.156.552	Chamber, Driver	2
43	286.079.600	Diaphragm, Overlay - PTFE	2
44	286.080.354	Diaphragm, Pumping	2
45	538.022.110	Nipple, Pipe, 1/4 NPT x 1.50	4
46	560.078.611	O-Ring	8
47	618.003.110	Plug Pipe	4
48	518.227.552	Manifold - Polypropylene	2
	518.227.552E	Manifold - Polypropylene, 80mm DIN	2
	518.227.520	Manifold - PVDF	2
	518.227.520E	Manifold - PVDF, 80mm DIN	2
49	618.025.110	Plug, Boss	4
50	618.031.110	Plug, Boss	4
51	835.005.110	Tee, Pipe, 1/4"	4
52	860.057.606	Tube	2
53	866.060.110	Connector, Tube	4

#### LEGEND:

= Items contained within AIR END KITS

= Items contained within WET END KITS

NOTE: Kits contain components specific to the material codes.

# FOR VIRGIN PTFE EQUIPPED PUMPS CONCEPT

The spill prevention option prevents the air end components from being contaminated or damaged when a pumping diaphragm ruptures while pumping caustic or toxic materials. It also helps to protect the environment. With the installation of optional leak detectors (either mechanical or electronic) the diaphragm rupture can be detected. The pump can then be shut down and repaired before any caustic or toxic materials can enter the air end and be exhausted into the surrounding environment.

#### **OPTION DIAPHRAGM SERVICING**

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Next shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining pumped liquid from the pump. Remove the pump before servicing.

Next, drain the fluid from the spill prevention chambers. This can be done by removing the bottom plug (item 50) from each spill prevention chamber.

After the fluid from the spill prevention chambers has been drained, the wet end components can now be removed. See diaphragm servicing section for detailed instructions. The spill prevention option has two additional virgin PTFE pumping diaphragms (item 46).

#### **FILLING CHAMBERS WITH LIQUID**

THE CHAMBERS ARE FILLED WITH WATER AT THE FACTORY.

If you prefer to substitute another liquid, to prevent system contamination consult the factory first to determine compatibility of the substitute with pump construction.

Follow the steps listed here to replace the liquid in the pump after disassembly or liquid loss:

- 1. Drain the fluid in the spill prevention chambers by removing the bottom two boss plugs (items 50). Replace the bottom two boss plugs after the fluid is drained.
- 2. Remove the eight capscrews (item 11) fastening the discharge manifold and elbows to the outer chambers (items 15). The discharge manifolds and elbows can now be removed.
- 3. Remove the top two boss plugs (items 50). The spill prevention chambers are filled through the exposed ports.
- 4. Apply air pressure to the air distribution valve. Install safety clip (item 1-F) into the smaller unthreaded hole in one end cap. This locks the valve spool to one side, keeping the pump from shifting.
- 5. Face the side of the pump with the installed safety clip. If the safety clip is installed in the top end cap, fill the left spill containment chamber. If the safety clip is installed on the bottom end cap, fill the right spill prevention chamber. The volume of fluid is 3770 ml (127.5 fl. oz.). It is important that the exact amount

of fluid is used. Too little or too much fluid causes premature diaphragm failure and erratic pumping.

- 6. Loosely reinstall one boss plug to the filled spill prevention chamber.
- 7. Shut off air supply. Remove safety clip. Adjust the air line regulator so that air pressure slowly fills the pump. The diaphragm expands, forcing the fluid in the chamber to be slowly displaced. When the pump shifts to the opposite side, quickly install the safety clip.
- 8. Loosen the top boss plug on the filled chambers. This allows fluid in the chamber to purge trapped air from the chamber. This can be seen by watching the column of fluid in the sight tube. When fluid appears at the top of the port, quickly tighten the boss plug. Fluid loss of 1 to 2ml is acceptable.
- 9. Tilt the pump so the uppermost pipe tee (item 53) is in the vertical position. Loosen the pipe plug (item 49). This will allow trapped air to purge through the pipe tee. When fluid appears at the tee opening, reinstall the pipe plug.

NOTE: If all air is not purged using this procedure, remove the check valve components from the top port of the outer chamber (item 15). Apply manual pressure to the pumping diaphragm by inserting a blunt instrument into the top port of the outer chamber and applying pressure to the diaphragm. Loosen the pipe plug (item 49) allowing the fluid to purge any remaining trapped air. Reinstall the plug.

- 10. Repeat steps 5 through 9 to fill opposite spill prevention chamber.
- 11. Reinstall the check valve components, discharge manifold and elbows to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



#### IMPORTANT

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

# FOR TPE EQUIPPED PUMPS CONCEPT

The spill prevention option prevents the air end components from being contaminated or damaged when a pumping diaphragm ruptures while pumping caustic or toxic materials. It also helps to protect the environment. With the installation of optional leak detectors (either mechanical or electronic) the diaphragm rupture can be detected. The pump can then be shut down and repaired before any caustic or toxic materials can enter the air end and be exhausted into the surrounding environment.

#### **OPTION DIAPHRAGM SERVICING**

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Next shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining pumped liquid from the pump. Remove the pump before servicing.

Next, drain the fluid from the spill prevention chambers. This can be done by removing the bottom plug (item 50) from each spill prevention chamber.

After the fluid from the spill prevention chambers has been drained, the wet end components can now be removed. See diaphragm servicing section for detailed instructions. The spill prevention option has two additional TPE pumping diaphragms (item 46).

#### FILLING CHAMBERS WITH LIQUID

THE CHAMBERS ARE FILLED WITH WATER AT THE FACTORY.

If you prefer to substitute another liquid, to prevent system contamination consult the factory first to determine compatibility of the substitute with pump construction.

Follow the steps listed here to replace the liquid in the pump after disassembly or liquid loss:

- 1. Drain the fluid in the spill prevention chambers by removing the bottom two boss plugs (items 50). Replace the bottom two boss plugs after the fluid is drained.
- 2. Remove the eight capscrews (item 11) fastening the discharge manifold and elbows to the outer chambers (items 15). The discharge manifolds and elbows can now be removed.
- 3. Remove the top two boss plugs (items 50). The spill prevention chambers are filled through the exposed ports.
- 4. Apply air pressure to the air distribution valve. Install safety clip (item 1-F) into the smaller unthreaded hole in one end cap. This locks the valve spool to one side, keeping the pump from shifting.
- 5. Face the side of the pump with the installed safety clip. If the safety clip is installed in the top end cap, fill the left spill prevention chamber. If the safety clip is installed on the bottom end cap, fill the right spill prevention chamber. The volume of fluid is 3770 ml (127.5 fl. oz.). It is important that the exact amount of fluid is used. Too little

or too much fluid causes premature diaphragm failure and erratic pumping.

- 6. Loosely reinstall one boss plug to the filled spill prevention chamber.
- 7. Shut off air supply. Remove safety clip. Adjust the air line regulator so that air pressure slowly fills the pump. The diaphragm expands, forcing the fluid in the chamber to be slowly displaced. When the pump shifts to the opposite side, quickly install the safety clip.
- 8. Loosen the top boss plug on the filled chambers. This allows fluid in the chamber to purge trapped air from the chamber. This can be seen by watching the column of fluid in the sight tube. When fluid appears at the top of the port, quickly tighten the boss plug. Fluid loss of 1 to 2ml is acceptable.
- 9. Tilt the pump so the uppermost pipe tee (item 53) is in the vertical position. Loosen the pipe plug (item 49). This will allow trapped air to purge through the pipe tee. When fluid appears at the tee opening, reinstall the pipe plug.

NOTE: If all air is not purged using this procedure, remove the check valve components from the top port of the outer chamber (item 15). Apply manual pressure to the pumping diaphragm by inserting a blunt instrument into the top port of the outer chamber and applying pressure to the diaphragm. Loosen the pipe plug (item 49) allowing the fluid to purge any remaining trapped air. Reinstall the plug.

10. Repeat steps 5 through 9 to fill opposite spill prevention chamber.

11. Reinstall the check valve components, discharge manifold and elbows to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.

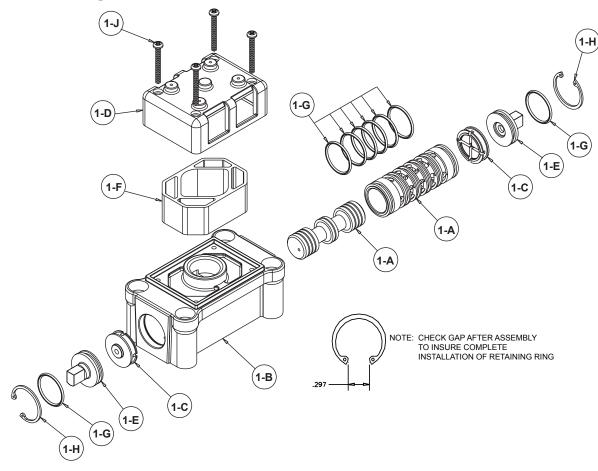


#### **A** IMPORTANT

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this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

# **Air Distribution Valve Assembly Drawing B75 Design Level 3**



#### MAIN AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	031-140-000	Main Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	031-139-000	Spool Assembly	1
1-B	095-094-551	Body, Air Valve	1
1-C	132-029-552	Bumper	2
1-D	165-096-551	Cap, Muffler	1
1-E	165-115-552	Cap, End	2
1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	8
1-H	675-044-115	Ring, Retaining	2
1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-tapping	4
For pu	umps equipped wit	th PTFE Coated Hardware	
1	031-140-002	Air Valve Assembly	1
	(Includes all items	s used on 031-140-000 except:)	)
1-J	710-015-308	Screw Self tapping	4
1-H	675-044-308	Ring, Retaining	2
For pu	ımps equipped wit	h PTFE coated hardware optio	n:
1	031-141-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
	(Includes all items items 1-D, 1-F &	s used on 031-140-000 minus 1-J)	
<b></b>	•	•	g
	imps with aiternate and exhaust:	Mesh or Sound Dampening muff	iiers
1	031-041-002	Air Valve Assembly	1
	(Includes all items	used on 031-141-00@xcept:)	
1-H	675-044-308	Ring, Retaining	2

#### AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVESERVICING

To service the air valve first shut off the compressed air, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

**STEP #1:** See Composite Repair and Parts Drawing.

Using a <sup>5</sup>/<sub>16</sub>" Allen wrench, remove the four hex socket capscrews (item 14) and four flat washers (item 41). Remove the air valve assembly from the pump.

Remove and inspect gasket (item 23) for cracks or damage. Replace gasket if needed.

**STEP #2:** Disassembly of the air valve.

To access the internal air valve components first remove the two retaining rings (item 1-H) from each end of the air valve assembly using clip ring pliers.

Next remove the two end caps (item 1-E). Inspect the o-rings (item 1-G) for cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings if necessary.

Remove the two bumpers (item 1-C). Inspect the bumpers for cuts, wear or abrasion. Replace if necessary.

Remove the spool (part of item 1-A) from the sleeve. Be careful not to stratch or damage the outer diameter of the spool. Wipe spool with a soft cloth and inspect for scratches or wear.

Inspect the inner diameter of the sleeve (part of item 1-A) for dirt, scratches, or other contaminates. Remove the sleeve if needed and replace both the sleeve and spool with a new sleeve and spool set (item 1-A).

**STEP #3:** Reassembly of the air valve.

Install one end cap (item 1-E) with an o-ring (item 1-G) and one bumper (item 1-C) into one end of the air valve body (item 1-B). Install one retaining ring (item 1-H) into the groove on the same end.

Remove the new sleeve an spool set (item 1-A) from the plastic bag. Carefully remove the spool from the sleeve. Install the six o-rings (item 1-G) into the six grooves on the sleeve. Apply a light coating of grease to the o-rings before installing the sleeve into the valve body (item 1-B), align the slots in the sleeve with the slots in the valve body. Insert the spool into the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the spool during installation. Push the spool in until it touches the bumper on the opposite end.

Install the remaining bumper, end cap with o-ring, and retaining ring.

Fasten the air valve assembly (item 1) and gasket (item 23) to the pump.

Connect the compressed air line to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



#### **A** IMPORTANT

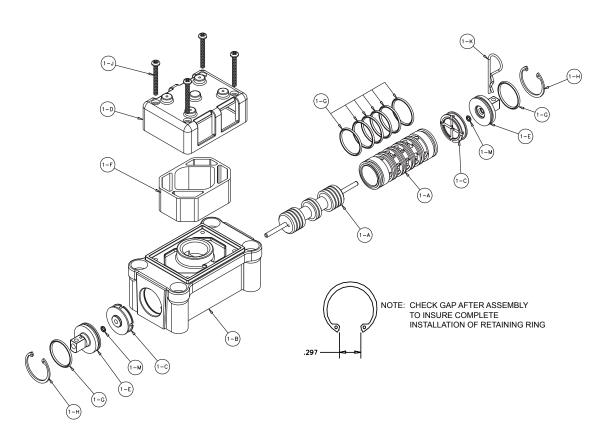
Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

# **Air Valve Assembly Drawing with Stroke Indicator Option B75 Design Level 3**

Note: Stroke Indicator is standard Spill

**Prevention models** 



#### **PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST**

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
1	031-146-000	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	031-143-000	Sleeve and Spool Set w	/Pins 1
1-B	095-094-551	Body, Air Valve	1
1-C	132-029-552	Bumper	2
1-D	165-096-551	Cap, Muffler	1
1-E	165-098-147	Cap, End	2
1-F	530-028-550	Muffler	1
1-G	560-020-360	O-Ring	8
1-H	675-044-115	Ring, Retaining	2
1-J	710-015-115	Screw, Self-Tapping	4
1-K	210-008-330	Clip, Safety	1
1-M	560-029-360	O-Ring	2

#### For Pumps with PTFE Coated Hardware:

1	031-146-002	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-J	710-015-308	Screw, Self Tapping	4
1-H	675-044-308	Ring, Retaining	2
(inclu	udes all other items	s on 031-146-000 above.)	

For Pumps with Alternate Mesh, Sound Dampening Mufflers or Piped Exhaust:

1 031-147-000 Air Valve Assembly 1 (includes all items on 031-146-000 minus 1-D, 1-F, &1-J)

# AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE WITH STROKE INDICATOR OPTION SERVICING

To service the air valve first shut off the compressed air, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump.

**STEP #1:** See Composite Repair and Parts Drawing.

Using a <sup>5</sup>/<sub>16</sub>" Allen wrench, remove the four hex socket capscrews (item 14) and four flat washers (item 41). Remove the air valve assembly from the pump.

Remove and inspect gasket (item 23) for cracks or damage. Replace gasket if needed.

**STEP #2:** Disassembly of the air valve.

To access the internal air valve components first remove the two retaining rings (item 1-H) from each end of the air valve assembly using clip ring pliers.

Next remove the two end caps (item 1-E). Inspect the o-rings (item 1-G) for cuts or wear. Replace the o-rings if necessary.

Remove the two bumpers (item 1-C). Inspect the bumper for cuts, wear or abrasions. Replace if necessary.

Remove the spool (part of item 1-C) from the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the outer diameter of the spool. Wipe spool with a soft cloth and inspect for scratches or wear.

Inspect the inner diameter of the sleeve (part of item 1-A) for dirt, scratches, or other contaminates. Remove the sleeve if needed and replace both the sleeve and spool with a new sleeve and spool set (item 1-A).

**STEP #3:** Reassembly of the air valve.

Install one bumper (item 1-C) and one end cap (item 1-E) with an o-ring (item 1-G) into one end of the air valve body (item 1-B). Install one retaining ring (item 1-H) into the groove on the same end. Insert the safety clip (item 1-K) through the small unthreaded hole in the end cap.

Remove the new sleeve an spool set (item 1-A) from the plastic bag. Carefully remove the spool from the sleeve. Install the six o-rings (item 1-G) into the six grooves on the sleeve. Apply a light coating of grease to the o-rings before installing the sleeve into the valve body (item 1-B), align the slots in the sleeve with the slots in the valve body. Insert the spool into the sleeve. Be careful not to scratch or damage the spool during installation. Push the spool in until the pin touches the safety clip on the opposite end.

Install the remaining bumper, end cap with o-ring, and retaining ring.

Fasten the air valve assembly (item 1) and gasket (item 23) to the pump.

Connect the compressed air line to the pump. The pump is now ready for operation.



#### **A** IMPORTANT

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

### **Solenoid Shifted Air Valve Drawing**

#### **SOLENOID SHIFTED AIR VALVE PARTS LIST**

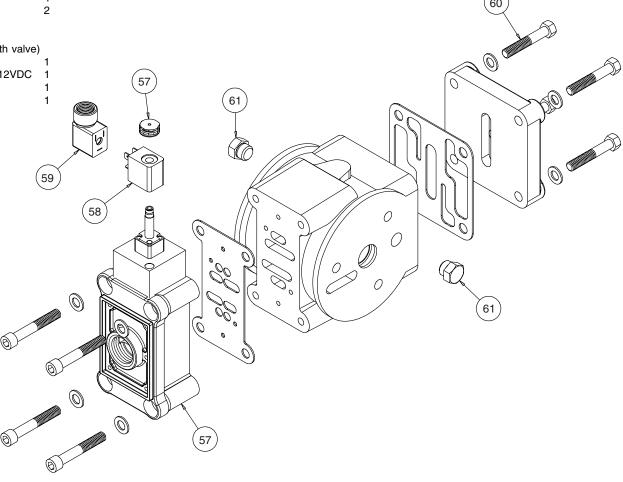
(Includes all items used on Composite Repair Parts List except as shown)

ITEM	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	QTY
57	893-097-000	Solenoid Valve, NEMA4	1
58	219-001-000	Solenoid Coil, 24VDC	1
	219-004-000	Solenoid Coil, 24VAC/12VDC	1
	219-002-000	Solenoid Coil, 120VAC	1
	219-003-000	Solenoid Coil, 240VAC	1
59	241-001-000	Connector, conduit	1
60	170-061-115	Capscrew, Hex HD 3/8-16 x 1.75	4
61	618-052-506	Plug	2

#### For Explosion Proof Solenoid Valve

(Connector not required for explosion proof coil; coil is integral with valve)

57 893-098-001 Solenoid Valve, NEMA 7/9, 24VDC 1 893-098-002 Solenoid Valve, NEMA 7/9, 24VAC/12VDC 1 893-098-003 Solenoid Valve, NEMA 7/9, 120VAC 1 893-098-004 Solenoid Valve, NEMA 7/9, 220VAC 1



# SOLENOID SHIFTED AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE OPTION

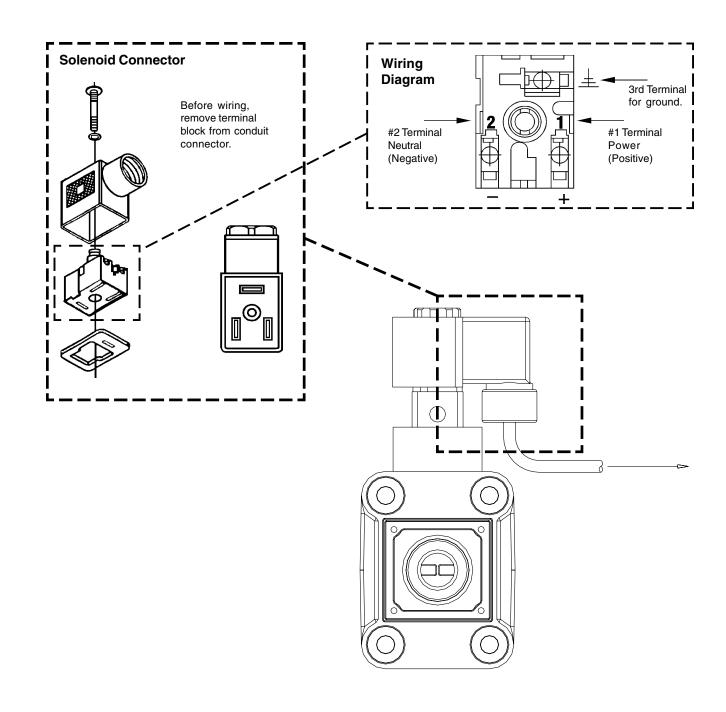
The solenoid shifted, air distribution valve option utilizes electrical signals to precisely control your pump's speed. The solenoid coil is connected to a customer - supplied control. Compressed air provides the pumping power, while electrical signals control pump speed (pumping rate).

#### **OPERATION**

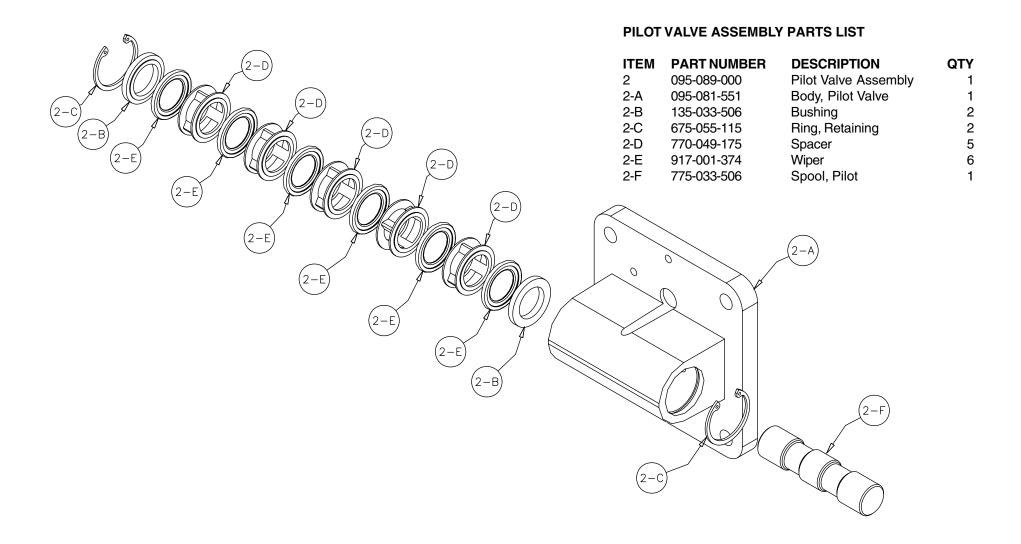
The Solenoid Shifted pump has a solenoid operated, air distribution valve in place of the standard pump's pilot operated, air distribution valve. Where a pilot valve is normally utilized to cycle the pump's air distribution valve, an electric solenoid is utilized. As the solenoid is powered, one of the pump's air chambers is pressurized while the other chamber is exhausted. When electric power is turned off, the solenoid shifts and the pressurized chamber is exhausted while the other chamber is pressurized. By alternately applying and removing power to the solenoid, the pump cycles much like a standard pump, with one exception. This option provides a way to precisely control and monitor pump speed.

#### **BEFORE INSTALLATION**

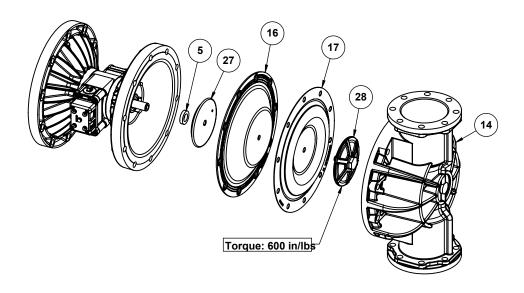
Before wiring the solenoid, make certain it is compatible with your system voltage.



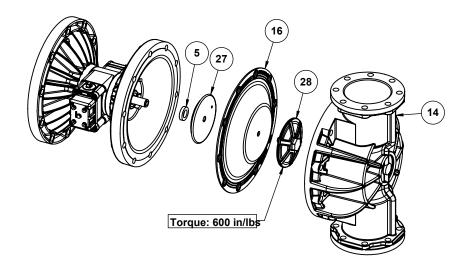
### **Pilot Valve Assembly Drawing**



# **Diaphragm Service Drawing, with Overlay**



# **Diaphragm Service Drawing, Non-Overlay**



#### DIAPHRAGM SERVICING

To service the diaphragms first shut off the suction, then shut off the discharge lines to the pump. Shut off the compressed air supply, bleed the pressure from the pump, and disconnect the air supply line from the pump. Drain any remaining liquid from the pump.

**Step #1:** See the pump composite repair parts drawing, and the diaphragm servicing illustration.

Using a 9/16" wrench or socket, remove the 16 capscrews (items 11), hex nuts and washers that fasten the elbows (items 19) to the outer chambers (items 15). Remove the elbows with the manifolds and spacers attached.

**Step #2:** Removing the outer chambers.

Using a  $^{9}/_{16}$ " wrench or socket, remove the 20 capscrews (items 9 & 12), hex nuts and washers that fasten the outer chambers, diaphragms, and inner chambers (items 16) together.

**Step #3:** Removing the diaphragm assemblies.

Use a 13/8" (35mm) wrench or six pointed socket to remove the diaphragm assemblies (outer plate, diaphragm, and inner plate) from the diaphragm rod (item 33) by turning counterclockwise.

Insert a 1/4-20 capscrew or set screw into the smaller tapped hole in the inner diaphragm plate (item 30). Insert the protruding stud and the 1/4-20 fastener loosely into a vise. Use a 13/8" wrench or socket to remove the outer diaphragm

plate (item 29) by turning counterclockwise. Inspect the diaphragm (item 17) for cuts, punctures, abrasive wear or chemical attack. Replace the diaphragms if necessary.

**Step #4:** Installing the diaphragms.

Push the threaded stud of the outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm. Thread the inner plate clockwise onto the stud. Use a torque wrench to tighten the diaphragm assembly together to 480 in Lbs. (54.23 Newton meters). Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

**Step #5:** Installing the diaphragm assemblies to the pump.

Make sure the bumper (item 6) is installed over the diaphragm rod.

Thread the stud of the one diaphragm assembly clockwise into the tapped hole at the end of the diaphragm rod (item 33) until the inner diaphragm plate is flush to the end of the rod. Insert rod into pump.

Align the bolt holes in the diaphragm with the bolt pattern in the inner chamber (item 16). Make sure the molded directional arrows on the diaphragm point vertically.

Fasten the outer chamber (item 15) to the pump, using the capscrews (items 9 & 12), hex nuts and flat washers.

On the opposite side of the pump, pull the diaphragm rod out as far as possible. Make sure the bumper (item 6) is installed over the diaphragm rod.

Thread the stud of the remaining diaphragm assembly clockwise into the tapped hole at the end of the diaphragm rod (item 33) as far as possible and still allow for alignment of the bolt holes in the diaphragm with the bolt pattern in the inner chamber. The molded directional arrows on the diaphragm must point vertically.

Fasten the remaining outer chamber (item 15) to the pump, using the capscrews (items 9 & 12), hex nuts and flat washers.

**Step #6:** Re-install the elbow/spacer/manifold assemblies to the pump, using the capscrews (items 11), hex nuts and flat washers.

The pump is now ready to be re-installed, connected and returned to operation.

#### **OVERLAY DIAPHRAGM SERVICING**

The PTFE overlay diaphragm (item 18) is designed to fit snugly over the exterior of the standard TPE diaphragm (item 17).

The molded directional arrows on the overlay diaphragm must point vertically.

Follow the same procedures described for the standard diaphragm for removal and installation.



#### **A** IMPORTANT

Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain

this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

#### PUMPING HAZARDOUS LIQUIDS

When a diaphragm fails, the pumped liquid or fumes enter the air end of the pump. Fumes are exhausted into the surrounding environment. When pumping hazardous or toxic materials, the exhaust air must be piped to an appropriate area for safe disposal. See illustration #1 at right.

This pump can be submerged if the pump materials of construction are compatible with the liquid being pumped. The air exhaust must be piped above the liquid level. See illustration #2 at right. Piping used for the air exhaust must not be smaller than 1" (2.54 cm) diameter. Reducing the pipe size will restrict air flow and reduce pump performance. When the pumped product source is at a higher level than the pump (flooded suction condition), pipe the exhaust higher than the product source to prevent siphoning spills. See illustration #3 at right.

# CONVERTING THE PUMP FOR PIPINGTHE EXHAUST AIR

The following steps are necessary to convert the pump to pipe the exhaust air away from the pump.

Use a #8 Torx or flat screwdriver to remove the six self-tapping screws (item 1-J).

Remove the muffler cap and muffler (items 1-D and 1-F). The 1" NPT molded threads in the air distribution valve body (item 1-B).

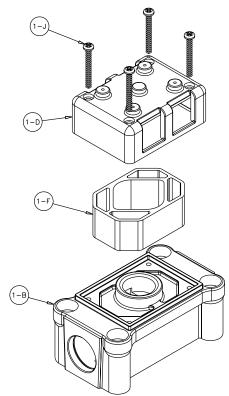
Piping or hose may now be installed.

#### IMPORTANT INSTALLATION

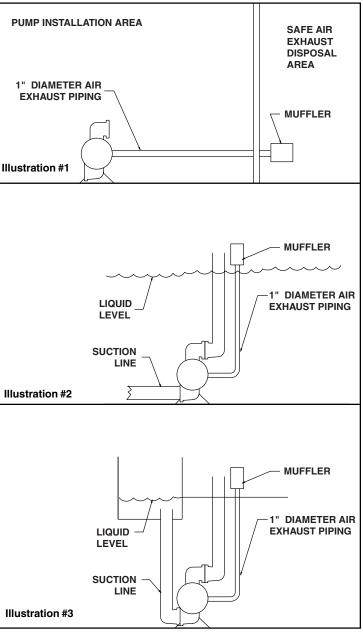
**NOTE:** The manufacturer recommends installing a flexible hose or connection between the pump and any rigid plumbing. This reduces stresses on the molded plastic threads of the air exhaust port. Failure to do so may result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

Any piping or hose connected to the pump's air exhaust port must be physically supported. Failure to support these connections could also result in damage to the air distribution valve body.

### **Exhaust Conversion Drawing**



#### **CONVERTED EXHAUST ILLUSTRATION**



#### **DUAL PORTING OPTIONS**

Several dual porting options are possible. The pump can be converted to a dual port arrangement on both the suction and the discharge ends. The porting can be configured to a single suction and a dual discharge. The porting can be changed to a dual suction and a single discharge.

The above changes are possible because the porting flange of the elbows (items 19) are designed to mate with standard 125# ANSI style 4-bolt, 3" pipe flanges.

# Dual porting of both suction and discharge ends of the pump

Converting the pump from the standard single suction and discharge porting configuration to dual porting at each end is easy. Simply remove the manifold seals, spacers, and manifolds (items 36, 39, and 24 from pump assembly drawing) from the pump.

The discharge and suction elbows can be rotated at 90° increments (see arrows and optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing.

# Single porting of the suction and dual porting of the pump discharge

To convert the pump from the standard single suction and single discharge porting configuration to a dual discharge porting arrangement remove the only the discharge manifolds, spacers, and manifold seals. Position the discharge elbows in the desired direction at 90° increments. (See arrows and optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing.)

# Dual porting of the suction and single porting of the pump discharge

To convert the pump from the standard single suction and single discharge porting configuration to a dual suction porting arrangement remove the only the suction (bottom) manifolds, spacers, and manifold seals.

Position the suction elbows in the desired direction at 90° increments. (See arrows and optional positioning in the Dual Porting Drawing.)

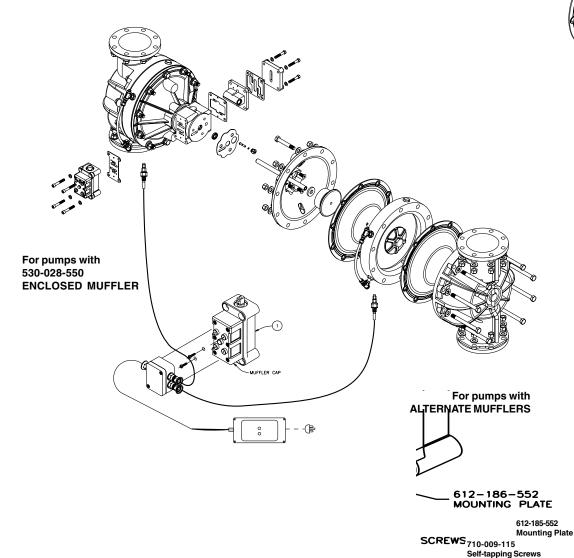


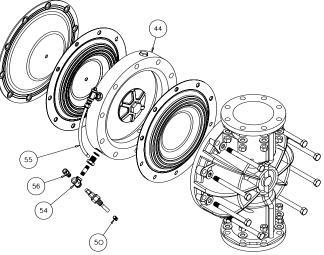
#### **A** IMPORTANT

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this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

### **Leak Detection Options Drawing**





#### LEAK DETECTION OPTION (ELECTRONIC)

Follow instructions found elsewhere in this manual, "Filling the Spill Prevention Chambers" when installing leak detectors.

#### **Electronic Leak Detector Installation**

Kit 032-037-000	100VAC	50Hz
	or 110-120VAC	50/60Hz
	or 220-240VAC	50/60Hz
14		

Kit 032-045-000 12-32VDC

To install electronic leak detectors, remove the bottom  $\frac{1}{4}$ " NPT pipe plug on the visual sight tube (item 52). Insert leak detector into the  $\frac{1}{4}$ " pipe tee (item 56).

#### LEAK DETECTION OPTION (MECHANICAL)

Follow instructions found elsewhere in this manual, "Filling the Spill Prevention Chambers" when installing leak detectors.

#### **Mechanical Leak Detector Installation**

Kit 031-023-110

(Qty of 4)

To install mechanical leak detectors, remove the bottom  $\frac{1}{4}$ " NPT pipe plug on the visual sight tube (item 52). Insert leak detector into the  $\frac{1}{4}$ " pipe tee (item 56).

### **Pulse Output Kit Drawing**

#### **PULSE OUTPUT KIT OPTION**

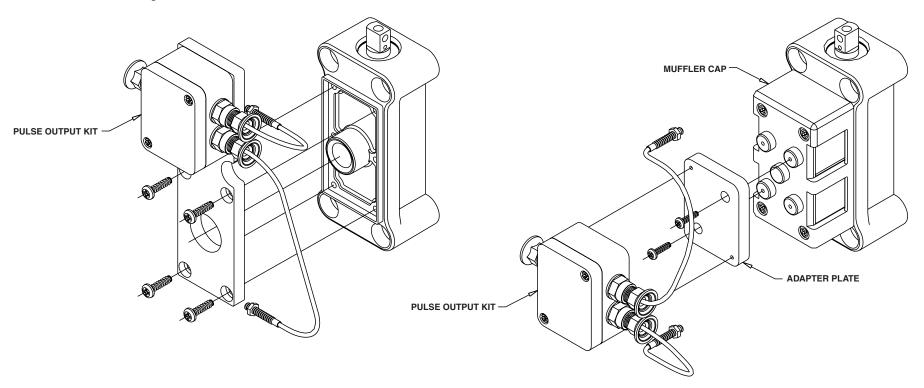
This pump can be fitted with a Pulse Output Kit. This converts the mechanical strokes of the pump to an electrical signal which interfaces with the Stroke Counter/ Batch Controller or user control devices such as a PLC.

The Pulse Output Kits mount directly onto the Muffler Cap on the Air Distribution Valve Assembly or onto the Air Distribution Valve Assembly when the threaded exhaust port or an auxiliary muffler is being used.

See the individual kits listed on the Pump Repair Parts List for further information.

# **Exhaust Port or Auxiliary Muffler Setup**

### **Integral Muffler Setup**



# **BLAGDON PUMP**Declaration of Conformity

**Manufacturer:** IDEX Pump Technologies (Ireland) Ltd., A Unit of IDEX Corporation, R79, Shannon, Co Clare, IRELAND.

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump B and X Series, comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII. This product has used Harmonized Standard EN 809, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

Signature of authorized person

Des Monaghan

Printed name of authorized person

Revision Level: E

October 20, 2005

Date of issue

Production & Tech Manager

Title

May 27, 2010

Date of revision



