

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 as amended by (EC) No. 1272/2008

### Section 1. Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

- 1.1 Product Code:** C260, C261  
**Product Name:** 6XT Diesel Fuel Treatment
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
- 1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet:**
- |                          |   |                      |               |
|--------------------------|---|----------------------|---------------|
| <b>Company Name:</b>     | CYCLO INDUSTRIES, INC.<br>902 SOUTH US HIGHWAY 1<br>JUPITER, FL 33477 | <b>Phone Number:</b> | (800)843-7813 |
| <b>Web site address:</b> | www.cyclo.com   |                      |               |
| <b>Information:</b>      | First Aid Emergency (Outside U.S.)                                    |                      | (312)906-6194 |
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:**
- |                           |                         |               |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| <b>Emergency Contact:</b> | First Aid Emergency     | (800)752-7869 |
|                           | CHEMTREC (703) 527-3887 | (800)424-9300 |

### Section 2. Hazards Identification

- 2.1 Classification of the Substance or Mixture:**
- 2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]:**  
Flammable Liquids, Category 3  
Skin Corrosion/Irritation, Category 2  
Carcinogenicity, Category 2  
Aquatic Toxicity (Chronic), Category 1  
Aquatic Toxicity (Acute), Category 1  
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation, Category 2A  
Target Organ Systemic Toxicity (single exposure), Category 3  
Aspiration Toxicity, Category 1
- 2.1.2 Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC:**
- 2.2 Label Elements:**
- 2.2.1 Labeling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]:**



**GHS Signal Word:** Danger

**GHS Hazard Phrases:**

- H302: Harmful if swallowed.  
H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H312: Harmful in contact with skin.  
H315: Causes skin irritation.  
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.  
H332: Harmful if inhaled.  
H335: May cause respiratory irritation.  
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H351: Suspected of causing cancer.  
H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**GHS Precaution Phrases:**

- P261: Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264: Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273: Avoid release to the environment

### GHS Response Phrases:

P370+378: In case of fire, use CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical or foam to extinguish.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P302+352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P321: Specific treatment {see ... on this label}.

P301+330+331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P304+340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P303+361+353: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P363: Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P305+351+338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P309+311: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell.

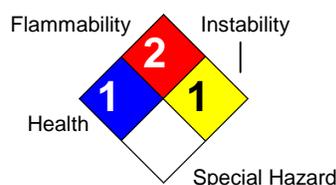
### GHS Storage and Disposal Phrases:

P501: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation.

P403+P233: Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## 2.2.2 Labeling according to Directive 1999/45/EC:

### Hazard Rating System:



## 2.3 Adverse Human Health

### Effects and Symptoms:

**Medical Conditions** Pre-existing skin conditions and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposures to **Generally Aggravated** components of this product.

### By Exposure:

## Section 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)/ REACH Registration No.	Concentration	EC No./ EC Index No.	Risk Phrases/ GHS Classification
68476-30-2	Fuel oil, no. 2	94.0 -100.0 %	270-671-4 649-225-00-1	Xn; R40 Carcinogen 2: H351
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy-	2.0 -4.0 %	203-905-0 603-014-00-0	Xn; R20/21/22-36/38 Acute Tox.(O) 4: H302 Acute Tox.(D) 4: H312 Skin Corr. 2: H315 Eye Damage 2A: H319 Acute Tox.(I) 4: H332
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Heavy arom.	< 0.22 %	265-198-5 649-424-00-3	Xn; R65 Asp. Toxic. 1: H304
84605-20-9	Polyisobuteneyl suddinimide and	< 0.66 %	NA NA	No phrases apply. Aquatic (C) 3: H412
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	< 0.5 %	202-436-9 601-043-00-3	Xn; N; R10-20-36/37/38-51/53 Flam. Liq. 3: H226 Skin Corr. 2: H315 Eye Damage 2A: H319



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 6XT Diesel Fuel Treatment

Revision: 10/10/2014  
Supersedes Revision: 01/27/2012

1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	< 0.05 %	215-535-7 601-022-00-9	Xn; R10-20/21-38 Acute Tox.(D) 4: H312 Skin Corr. 2: H315 Acute Tox.(I) 4: H332
91-20-3	Naphthalene	< 0.05 %	202-049-5 601-052-00-2	Xn; N; R22-40-50/53 Acute Tox.(O) 4: H302 Carcinogen 2: H351 Aquatic (A) 1: H400 Aquatic (C) 1: H410
64742-81-0	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	< 0.03 %	265-184-9 649-423-00-8	Xn; R65 Asp. Toxic. 1: H304

### Section 4. First Aid Measures

- 4.1 Description of First Aid Measures:** If swallowed, do not induce vomiting and do not give liquids. If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen. If not breathing or if not heartbeat, give artificial respiration or CPR. In case of skin contact, wash with soap and large amounts of water. Remove contaminated clothing. If in eyes, flush eyes with large amounts of tepid water for at least 15 minutes. Call physician immediately if adverse reaction occurs.
- 4.2 Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:** Exposure to high concentrations may produce headache, giddiness, vertigo and aesthetic stupor.
- Note for the Doctor:** Pre-existing skin conditions and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposures to components of this product.

### Section 5. Fire Fighting Measures

- 5.1 Suitable Extinguishing Media:** For small fires, Class B fire extinguishing media such as CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, foam (AFFF/ATC) or water spray can be used. For large fires, water spray, fog or foam (AFFF/ATC) can be used. Fire fighting should be attempted only by those who are adequately trained and equipped with proper protective equipment.
- 5.2 Flammable Properties and Hazards:** This product has been determined to be a combustible liquid per the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard and should be handled accordingly. For additional fire related information, see NFPA 30 or the North American Emergency Response Guide 128.
- Flash Pt:**  $\geq$  133.00 F (56.1 C) Method Used: Pensky-Marten Closed Cup
- Explosive Limits:** LEL: No data. UEL: No data.
- Autoignition Pt:** No data.
- 5.3 Fire Fighting Instructions:** Use NIOSH/MSHA approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment. Avoid using straight water streams. Water spray and foam (AFFF/ATC) must be applied carefully to avoid frothing and spray from as far a distance as possible. Avoid excessive water spray application. Keep surrounding area cool with water spray from a distance and prevent further ignition of combustible material. Keep run-off out of sewers and water sources.



## Section 6. Accidental Release Measures

**6.3 Methods and Material For Containment and Cleaning Up:** Keep public away. Isolate and evacuate area. Shut off source if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources. Advise authorities and National Response Center if substance has entered a watercourse or sewer. Notify local health and pollution control agencies, if appropriate. Contain liquid with sand or soil. Recover and return free product to proper containers. Use suitable absorbent materials such as vermiculite, sand, or clay to clean up residual liquids.

## Section 7. Handling and Storage

**7.1 Precautions To Be Taken in Handling:** Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Keep out of the reach of children.

**7.2 Precautions To Be Taken in Storing:** Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

## Section 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

**8.1 Exposure Parameters:**

CAS #	Partial Chemical Name	Britain EH40	France VL	Europe
68476-30-2	Fuel oil, no. 2	No data.	No data.	No data.
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy-	TWA: 123 mg/m3 (25 ppm) STEL: 246 mg/m3 (50 ppm)	TWA: 9.8 mg/m3 (2 ppm) STEL: 147.6 mg/m3 (30 ppm)	TWA: 98 mg/m3 STEL: 246 mg/m3
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Heavy arom.	No data.	No data.	No data.
84605-20-9	Polyisobuteneyl suddinimide and	No data.	No data.	No data.
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	No data.	TWA: 100 mg/m3 (20 ppm) STEL: 250 mg/m3 (50 ppm)	TWA: 100 mg/m3
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	TWA: 220 mg/m3 (50 ppm) STEL: 441 mg/m3 (100 ppm)	TWA: 221 mg/m3 (50 ppm) STEL: 442 mg/m3 (100 ppm)	TWA: 221 mg/m3 STEL: 442 mg/m3
91-20-3	Naphthalene	No data.	TWA: 50 mg/m3 (10 ppm)	TWA: 50 mg/m3
64742-81-0	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	No data.	No data.	No data.
CAS #	Partial Chemical Name	OSHA TWA	ACGIH TWA	Other Limits
68476-30-2	Fuel oil, no. 2	No data.	TLV: 100 mg/m3	No data.
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy-	PEL: 50 ppm	TLV: 20 ppm	No data.
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Heavy arom.	No data.	No data.	No data.
84605-20-9	Polyisobuteneyl suddinimide and	No data.	No data.	No data.
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	No data.	No data.	No data.
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	PEL: 100 ppm	TLV: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm	No data.
91-20-3	Naphthalene	PEL: 10 ppm	TLV: 10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm	No data.
64742-81-0	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	No data.	No data.	No data.



**8.2 Exposure Controls:**

- 8.2.1 Engineering Controls (Ventilation etc.):** Local or general exhaust required when using at elevated temperatures that generate vapors or mists.
- 8.2.2 Personal protection equipment:**
- Eye Protection:** No special eye protection is normally required. Where splashing is possible, wear safety glasses with side shields.
- Protective Gloves:** Neoprene, nitrile, PVA, polyvinyl chloride and polyurethane gloves to prevent skin contact.
- Other Protective Clothing:** No data available.
- Respiratory Equipment (Specify Type):** Use approved organic vapor chemical cartridge or supplied air respirators when material produces vapors that exceed permissible limits or excessive vapors are generated. Observe respirator protection factor criteria cited in ANSI Z88.2. Self-contained breathing apparatus should be used for fire fighting.
- Work/Hygienic/Maintenance Practices:** No special clothing is normally required. Select protective clothing depending on industrial operations. Use mechanical ventilation equipment that is explosion-proof.

**Section 9. Physical and Chemical Properties**

**9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties**

- Physical States:** [ ] Gas [ X ] Liquid [ ] Solid
- Appearance and Odor:** Transparent, reddish brown liquid with petroleum odor.
- Melting Point:** No data.
- Boiling Point:** 360.00 F (182.2 C) - 550.00 F (287.8 C)
- Flash Pt:** >= 133.00 F (56.1 C) Method Used: Pensky-Marten Closed Cup
- Evaporation Rate:** No data.
- Explosive Limits:** LEL: No data. UEL: No data.
- Vapor Pressure (vs. Air or mm Hg):** No data.
- Vapor Density (vs. Air = 1):** No data.
- Specific Gravity (Water = 1):** 0.836 - 0.856
- Density:** 6.972 - 7.139 at 70.0 F (21.1 C)
- Solubility in Water:** No data.
- Autoignition Pt:** No data.
- Viscosity:** water thin

**9.2 Other Information**

- Percent Volatile:** 10.0 % by weight.

**Section 10. Stability and Reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity:** No data available.
- 10.2 Stability:** Unstable [ ] Stable [ X ]
- 10.3 Conditions To Avoid - Hazardous Reactions:** No data available.
- Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Will occur [ ] Will not occur [ X ]
- 10.4 Conditions To Avoid - Instability:** This material is stable at 70F, 760 mm pressure.
- 10.5 Incompatibility - Materials To Avoid:** Strong oxidizers such as nitrates, perchlorates, chlorine, flourine.
- 10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Or** Combustion produces carbon monoxide, aldehydes, aromatic and other hydrocarbons.

**Byproducts:**

**Section 11. Toxicological Information**

**11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects:**

Lifetime skin painting studies in animals with similar distillate fuels have produced weak to moderate carcinogenic activity following prolonged and repeated exposure. Similar middle distillates, when tested at nonirritating dose levels, did not show any significant carcinogenic activity indicating that this tumorigenic response is likely related to chronic irritation and not to dose. Repeated dermal application has produced severe irritation and systemic toxicity in subacute toxicity studies. Some components of this product, have been shown to produce a species specific, sex hormonal dependent kidney lesion in male rats from repeated oral or inhalation exposure. Subsequent research has shown that the kidney damage develops via the formation of a alpha-2u-globulin, a mechanism unique to the male rat. Humans do not form alpha-2u-globulin, therefore, the kidney effects resulting from this mechanism are not relevant in humans. Some components of this product were found to be positive in a few mutagenicity tests while negative in the majority of others. The exact relationship between these results and human health is not known.

Summary of health effect data on distillate fuel components:

This products sub-components may contain >.01% naphthalene. Exposure to naphthalene at 30 pm for two years caused lung tumors in female mice. Male mice with the same exposure did not develop tumors. Exposure to 10-60 ppm naphthalene for 2 years caused tumors in the tissue lining of the nose and respiratory tract in male and female rats. Oral administration of 133-267 mg/kg/day of naphthalene in mice for up to 90 days did not produce mortality, systemic toxicity, adversely affect organ or body weight or produce changes in blood. Repeated oral administration of naphthalene produced an anemia in dogs. Repeated intraperitoneal doses of naphthalene produced lung damage in mice. Repeated high doses of naphthalene has caused the formation of cataracts and retinotoxicity in the eyes of rats and rabbits due to accumulation of 1,2-naphthoquinone, a toxic metabolite. Effects in human eyes is uncertain and not well documented. Pregnant rats administered intraperitoneal doses of naphthalene during gestation gave birth to offspring that had delayed heart and bone development. Pregnant mice given near lethal doses of naphthalene showed no significant maternal toxicity and a reduction in the number of pups per litter, but no gross abnormalities in offspring. Suppressed spermiogenesis and progeny development have been reported in mice, rats and guinea pigs after exposure to high concentrations of naphthalene in their drinking water. Certain groups or individuals, i.e., infants, Semites, Arabs, Asians and Blacks, with a certain blood enzyme deficiency (glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase) are particularly susceptible to hemolytic agents and can rapidly develop hemolytic anemia and systemic poisoning from ingestion or inhalation of naphthalene.

CAS# 68476-30-2:

Other Studies:, TDLo, Skin, Species: Rabbit, 100.0 ML/KG, 12 D.

Results:

Skin and Appendages: Skin: After systemic exposure: Dermatitis, irritative.

Nutritional and Gross Metabolic:Weight loss or decreased weight gain.

Related to Chronic Data - death.

- "Toxicology of Petroleum Hydrocarbons, Proceedings of the Symposium, 1st, 1982," MacFarland, H.N., et al., eds., Washington, DC, American Petroleum Institute, 1983  
Volume, Vol/p/yr: 1,1, 1983

Acute toxicity, LD50, Oral, Rat, 12.00 GM/KG.

Results:



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 6XT Diesel Fuel Treatment

Revision: 10/10/2014  
Supersedes Revision: 01/27/2012

Behavioral: Somnolence (general depressed activity).

- Advances in Modern Environmental Toxicology., Senate Press, Inc., P.O. Box 252, Princeton Junction, NJ 08550, Vol/p/yr: 6,1, 1984

Acute toxicity, LD (Lethal dose), Skin, Species: Rabbit, 5.000 GM/KG.

Results:

Behavioral: Tremor.

Behavioral: Convulsions or effect on seizure threshold.

- Advances in Modern Environmental Toxicology., Senate Press, Inc., P.O. Box 252, Princeton Junction, NJ 08550, Vol/p/yr: 6,1, 1984

Tumorigenic Effects:, TDLo, Skin, Mouse, 243.0 GM/KG, 97 W.

Results:

Tumorigenic: Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria.

Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors.

- Fundamental and Applied Toxicology., Academic Press, Inc., 1 E. First St., Duluth, MN 55802, Vol/p/yr: 9,297, 1987

Standard Draize Test, Skin, Species: Rabbit, 500.0 MG, 24 H, Moderate.

Results:

Brain and Coverings: Changes in surface EEG.

- "Toxicology of Petroleum Hydrocarbons, Proceedings of the Symposium, 1st, 1982," MacFarland, H.N., et al., eds., Washington, DC, American Petroleum Institute, 1983 Volume, Vol/p/yr: 1,1, 1983

Standard Draize Test, Eyes, Species: Rabbit, 100.0 MG, 30 S, Mild.

Results:

Behavioral: Somnolence (general depressed activity).

- "Toxicology of Petroleum Hydrocarbons, Proceedings of the Symposium, 1st, 1982," MacFarland, H.N., et al., eds., Washington, DC, American Petroleum Institute, 1983 Volume, Vol/p/yr: 1,1, 1983

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	NTP	IARC	ACGIH	OSHA
68476-30-2	Fuel oil, no. 2	n.a.	2B	A3	n.a.
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy-	n.a.	3	A3	n.a.
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Heavy arom.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
84605-20-9	Polyisobuteneyl suddinimide and	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	n.a.	3	A4	n.a.
91-20-3	Naphthalene	Possible	2B	A4	n.a.
64742-81-0	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.





# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 6XT Diesel Fuel Treatment

Revision: 10/10/2014  
Supersedes Revision: 01/27/2012

CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	Other US EPA or State Lists
68476-30-2	Fuel oil, no. 2	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NC TAP: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No; SC TAP: No; WI Air: No
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy-	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: TAC, Title 8; MA Oil/HazMat: Yes; MI CMR, Part 5: Part 5; NC TAP: Yes - Cat.; NJ EHS: Yes - 0275; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: Yes - 1; SC TAP: Yes - Cat.; WI Air: Yes
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Heavy arom.	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NC TAP: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No; SC TAP: No; WI Air: No
84605-20-9	Polyisobuteneyl succinimide and	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NC TAP: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No; SC TAP: No; WI Air: No
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Inventory, 4 Test; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: TAC; MA Oil/HazMat: Yes; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NC TAP: No; NJ EHS: Yes - 2716; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: Yes - E; SC TAP: No; WI Air: No
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP; CWA NPDES: Yes; TSCA: Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: TAC, Title 8; MA Oil/HazMat: Yes; MI CMR, Part 5: CMR, Part 5; NC TAP: Yes; NJ EHS: Yes - 2014; NY Part 597: Yes; PA HSL: Yes - E; SC TAP: Yes; WI Air: Yes
91-20-3	Naphthalene	CAA HAP,ODC: HAP; CWA NPDES: Yes; TSCA: Inventory, 4 Test, 8A PAIR; CA PROP.65: Yes; CA TAC, Title 8: TAC, Title 8; MA Oil/HazMat: Yes; MI CMR, Part 5: Part 5; NC TAP: Yes; NJ EHS: Yes - 1322; NY Part 597: Yes; PA HSL: Yes - E; SC TAP: Yes; WI Air: Yes
64742-81-0	Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized	CAA HAP,ODC: No; CWA NPDES: No; TSCA: Inventory; CA PROP.65: No; CA TAC, Title 8: No; MA Oil/HazMat: No; MI CMR, Part 5: No; NC TAP: No; NJ EHS: No; NY Part 597: No; PA HSL: No; SC TAP: No; WI Air: No
CAS #	Hazardous Components (Chemical Name)	International Regulatory Lists
68476-30-2	Fuel oil, no. 2	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA: Yes
111-76-2	Ethanol, 2-Butoxy-	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA: Yes
64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), Heavy arom.	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA: Yes
84605-20-9	Polyisobuteneyl succinimide and	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA: Yes
95-63-6	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA: Yes
1330-20-7	Xylene (mixed isomers)	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA: Yes
91-20-3	Naphthalene	Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA: Yes



# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 6XT Diesel Fuel Treatment

64742-81-0 Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

Revision: 10/10/2014  
Supersedes Revision: 01/27/2012  
Canadian DSL: Yes; Canadian NDSL: No; Taiwan TCSCA:  
Yes

**European Community Hazard Symbol codes:**

**European Community Risk and Safety Phrases:**

No data available.

### Section 16. Other Information

**Revision Date:** 10/10/2014

**Additional Information About This Product:** No data available.

**Company Policy or**

**Disclaimer:**

Cyclo Industries, Inc. provides the information contained herein in good faith but makes no representation as to its comprehensiveness or accuracy. Individuals receiving this information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose. Cyclo Industries, Inc. makes no representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose with respect to the information set forth herein or to the product to which the information refers. Accordingly, Cyclo Industries, Inc. will not be responsible for damages resulting from use of or reliance upon this information.