

Material Safety Data Sheet

HFC-134a

1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: HFC-134a

DISTRIBUTOR: Aurora Chemicals Sdn Bhd

No.3, Jalan Meranti Jaya 14, Meranti Jaya Industrial Park, 47100 Puchong, Sclangor.

Tel: 603-8062 3110 Fax:603-80623118 Email: <u>auroral1@</u>streamyx.com

2. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

INGREDIENTS NAME

CAS NUMBER

WEIGHT

1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane

811-97-2

100%

Trace impurities and additional material names not listed above also appear in Section 15 toward the end of the MSDS.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Colorless, volatile liquid with ethereal and faint sweetish odor. Non-flammable material. Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher level, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result from exposure. Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces. At higher temperatures, (>250°C), decomposition products may include Hydrofluoric Acid (HF) and carbonyl halides.

POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS

Skin: Irritation would result from defatting action tissue. Liquid contact could cause frostbite.

Eyes: Liquid contact can cause severe irritation and frostbite. Mist may irritate.

Inhalation: HFC-134a is low in acute toxicity in animals. When oxygen levels in air are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. At high levels, cardiac arrhythmia may occur.

Ingestion: Ingestion is unlikely because of the low boiling point of the material. Should it occur, discomfort in the gastrointestinal tract from rapid evaporation of the material and consequent evolution of gas would result. Some effects of inhalation and skin exposure would be expected.

Delayed Effects: None Known.

Ingredients found on one of the OSHA designated carcinogen lists are listed below.

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INGREDIENTS NAME

NTP STATUS | IARC STATUS

No ingredients listed in this section

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Skin: Promptly flush skin with water until all chemical is removed. If there is evidence of frostbite, bathe (do not rub) with lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not available, cover with clean, soft cloth or similar covering. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Eyes: Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of water for at least 15minutes, (in case of frostbite, water should be lukewarm, not hot) lifting eyelids occasionally to facilitate irrigation. Get medical attention if symptoms persist.

Inhalation: Immediately remove patient to fresh air. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Use oxygen as required provided a qualified operator is available. Get medical attention immediately. DO NOT give epinephrine (adrenatine).

Ingestion: Ingestion is unlikely because of the physical properties and is not expected to be hazardous. Do NOT induce vomiting unless instructed to do so by a physician.

Advice To Physician: Because of the possible disturbances of cardiac rhythm, catecholamine drugs, such as epinephrine, should be used with special caution and only in situations of emergency life support. Treatment of overexposure should be directed at the control of symptoms and the clinical conditions.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES

Flash Point:

Gas, not applicable per DOT regulations

Flash Point Method:

Not applicable

Auto ignition Temperature:

> 750°C

Upper Flame Limit (volume% in air):

None*

Lower Flame Limit (Volume% in air):

None*

(Based on ASHRAE Standard 34 with match ignition)

Flame Propagation Rate (solids):

Not applicable

OSHA Flammability Class:

Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use any standard agent -choose the one most appropriate for type of surrounding fire (material itself is not flammable)

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

HFC-134a is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. However, this material will become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignitions sources. Contact with certain reactive metals may result in formation of explosive or exothermic reactions under specific conditions (e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures).

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SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PRECAUTIONS / INSTRUCTIONS:

Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for protection against suffocation and possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

IN CASE OF SPILL OR OTHER RELEASE: (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment) Evacuate unprotected personnel. Protected personnel should remove ignition sources and shut off leak, if without risk, and provide ventilation. Unprotected personnel should not return until air has been tested and determined safe, including low-lying areas.

Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities. See section 15 regarding reporting requirements.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

NORMAL HANDLING: (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment)

Avoid breathing vapors and liquid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not puncture or drop cylinders, expose them to open flame or excessive heat. Use authorized cylinders only. Follow standard safety precautions for handling and use of compressed gas cylinders.

HFC-134a should not be mixed with air above atmospheric pressure for leak testing or any other purpose.

STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS:

Store in a cool, well ventilated area of low fire risk and out of direct sunlight. Protect cylinder and its fittings from physical damage. Storage in subsurface locations should be avoided. Close valve tightly after use when empty.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide local ventilation at filling zones and areas where leakage is probable. Mechanical (general) ventilation may be adequate for other operating and storage areas.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Skin Protection:

Skin contact with refrigerant may cause frostbite. General work clothing and gloves (leather) should provide adequate protection. If prolonged contact with liquid or gas is anticipated, insulated gloves constructed of PVA, neoprene or butyl rubber should be used. Any contaminated clothing should be promptly removed and washed before reuse.

Eve Protection:

For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear chemical safety goggles.



Respiratory Protection:

None generally required for adequately ventilated work situations. For accidental release or non-ventilated situations, or release into confined space, where the concentration may be above the PEL of 1,000 ppm, use a self-contained, NIOSH approved breathing apparatus or supplied air respirator. For escape: Use the former or a NIOSH approved gas mask with organic vapor canister.

Additional Recommendations:

Where contact with liquid is likely, such as in spill or leak, impervious boots and clothing should be worn. High dose-level warning signs are recommended for areas of principle exposure. Provide eyewash stations and quick-drench shower facilities at convenient locations. For tank operations, see OSHA regulations. 29 CFR 1910.132 and 29 CFR 1910.133.

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

NAME 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane None Nonc OTHER LIMIT 1000ppm TWA (8hr)

* = Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (AIHA)

** -- Biological Exposure Index (ACGIH)

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: Clear, colorless liquid and vapor

PHYSICAL: Gas at ambient temperatures MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 102

CHEMICAL FORMULA: F³ CCH² F

ODOR: Faint ethereal odor SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1.0): < 1.22

SOLUBILITY IN WATER (weight %) 0.15wt%

 pH:
 Neutral

 BOILING POINT:
 -26.2°C (-15.1°F)

 FREEZING POINT:
 -92.5°C (-141.9°F)

VAPOR PRESSURE: 85.8 psia @ 70°F 213.4 psia @ 130°F

 VAPOR DENSITY (air= 1.0):
 3.5

 EVAPORATION RATE:
 >1
 COMPARED TO: CC14 -1

% VOLATILES: 100

FLASH POINT Not applicable

(Flash point method and addition flammability data are found in section 5.



HFC-134A

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

NORMALLY STABLE? (CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

The product is stable.

Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric pressure. Any source of high temperatures, such as lighted cigarettes, flames, hot spots or welding may yield toxic and/or corrosive decomposition products.

INCOMPATIBILITIES:

(Under specific conditions: e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures) - Freshly abraded aluminum surfaces (may cause strong exothermic reaction). Chemically reactive metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, magnesium, and zinc.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Halogens, halogen acids and possibly carbonyl halides.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) EFFECTS:

LCso : 4 hr (rat) ≥ 500,000 ppm / cardiac sensitization threshold (dog) - 80,000 ppm. NOEL - 50,000 ppm

DELAYED (SUBCHRONIC AND CHRONIC)

Not mutagenic in four tests Teratogenic NOEL (rat and rabbit) - 40,000ppm Subchronic inhalation (rat) NOEL - 50,000ppm Chronic NOEL - 10,000ppm

OTHER DATA:

Metabolism < 0.5% as CO2 in tests at 50,000ppm, late developing benign tumors were found.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Degradability (BOD): IJFC-134a is a gas at room temperature; therefore, it is unlikely to remain in water. Octanol Water Partition Coefficient: Log $P_{\text{OW}} = 1.06$



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA

Is the unused product a RCRA hazardous waste if discarded? If yes, the RCRA ID number is:

Not a hazardous waste

Not applicable

OTHER DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Disposal must comply with the federal state and local disposal or discharge laws. HCFC-22 is subject to the Environment Protection Agency Clean Air Act regarding refrigerant recycling.

The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristic of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT HAZARD CLASS:

DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME: Chrolodifluoromethane

DOT HAZARD CLASS: 2.2

DOT PACKING GROUP: Not applicable

DOT ID NUMBER:

UN3159

For additional information on shipping regulations affecting this material, contact the information number found in section 1.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

TOXIC SUBTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: Listed on the TSCA inventory OTHER TSCA ISSUES: None

SARA TITLE III / CERLA

"Reportable Quantities" (RQs) and or :Threshold Planning Quantities" (TPQs) exist for the following ingredient.

INGREDIENT NAME SARA / CERLA RQ (lb.) SARA EHS TPQ (lb.)

No ingredients listed in this section

Spills or release resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ requires immediate notification to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

SECTION 311 HAZARDS CLASS:

IMMEDIATE

PRESSURE

SARA 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS:

The following ingredients are SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals", CAS numbers and weight percents are found in section 2.



INGREDIENT NAME

COMMENT

No Ingredients listed in this section

None

STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW

In addition to the ingredients found in section 2, the following are listed for state right-to-know purposes.

INGREDIENTS NAME

WEIGHT%

COMMENT

No ingredients listed in this section.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

CURRENT ISSUE DATE: October 2005

OTHER INFORMATION: HMIS classification: Health-1, Flammability-1, Reactivity-0

NFPA classification: Health-2, Flammability-1, Reactivity-0 ANSI / ASHRAE 34 Safety Group- A1 UL Classified

Regulatory Standards:

OSHA regulation for compressed gases: 29 CFR 1910.101

2. DOT classification per 49 CFR 172.101

Toxicity information per PAFT Testing

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