QS40.484

DIMENSION

PULS

Q-Series

48V, 20A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The most outstanding features of the DIMENSION Q-Series DIN-rail power supplies are the extremely high efficiencies and the small sizes, which are achieved by a synchronous rectification and other technological designs.

The QS40.484 is a device for 200-240V mains voltages. Large power reserves of 150% support the starting of heavy loads such as DC-motors or capacitive loads. In many cases this allows the use of a unit from a lower wattage class which saves space and money.

High immunity to transients and power surges as well as low electromagnetic emission makes usage in nearly every environment possible.

The integrated output power manager and input fuses as well as the near zero input inrush current make installation and usage simple. Diagnostics are easy due to the DC-OK relay, a green DC-OK LED and the red overload LED.

A large international approval package for a variety of applications makes this unit suitable for nearly every application.

ORDER NUMBERS

Power Supply	QS40.484	48-54V Standard unit
Accessory	ZM2.WALL UF20.481 YR40.482	Wall mount bracket Buffer unit Redundancy module

POWER SUPPLY

- AC 200-240V Input
- Width only 125mm, Weight only 1.8kg
- 95.0% Full Load and Excellent Partial Load Efficiencies
- 50% BonusPower[®], 1440W for up to 4s
- 55A High Peak Current for 25ms for Easy Fuse Tripping
- Safe Hiccup^{PLUS} Overload Mode
- Active PFC (Power Factor Correction)
- Negligible Low Input Inrush Current Surge
- Full Power Between -25°C and +60°C
- Current Sharing Feature for Parallel Use
- Internal Data Logging for Troubleshooting Included.
- DC-OK Relay Contact
- Shut-down Input
- 3 Year Warranty

SHORT-FORM DATA

Output voltage	DC 48V	nominal
Adjustment range	48 - 54Vdc	
Output current	20 – 17.8A	continuous
	30 – 26.7A	short term (4s)
Output power	960W	continuous
	1440W	short term (4s)
Output ripple	< 150mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz
Input voltage	AC 200-240V	-15%/+10%
Mains frequency	50-60Hz	±6%
AC Input current	4.6A	at 230Vac
Power factor	0.96	at 230Vac
AC Inrush current	14A peak	at 230Vac
Efficiency	95.0%	at 230Vac
Losses	50.5W	at 230Vac
Temperature range	-25°C to +70°C	operational
Derating	24W/°C	+60 to +70°C
Hold-up time	30ms	at 230Vac
Dimensions	125x124x127mm	WxHxD
Weight	1800g / 3.97lb	



Marine

dnvgl.com/af



IEC 60950-1

CE

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All parameters are specified at 48V, 20A, 230Vac, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

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TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS

PE and 🕀 symbol	PE is the abbreviation for P rotective E arth and has the same meaning as the symbol \oplus .
Earth, Ground	This document uses the term "earth" which is the same as the U.S. term "ground".
T.b.d.	To be defined, value or description will follow later.
AC 230V	A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with standard tolerances (usually ±15%) included. E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V)
230Vac	A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional tolerances included.
50Hz vs. 60Hz	As long as not otherwise stated, AC 230V parameters are valid at 50Hz mains frequency.
may	A key word indicating flexibility of choice with no implied preference.
shall	A key word indicating a mandatory requirement.
should	A key word indicating flexibility of choice with a strongly preferred implementation.

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1. INTENDED USE

This device is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for commercial use, such as in industrial control, process control, monitoring and measurement equipment or the like.

Do not use this device in equipment, where malfunctioning may cause severe personal injury or threaten human life without additional appropriate safety devices, that are suited for the end application.

If this device is used in a manner outside of its specification, the protection provided by the device may be impaired.

2. INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

WARNING Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Turn power off before working on the device and protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Do not open, modify or repair the device.
- Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering into the housing.
- Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off. Hot surface may cause burns.

Obey the following installation instructions:

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect.

If damage or malfunction should occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.

Install device in an enclosure providing protection against electrical, mechanical and fire hazards.

Install the device onto a DIN-rail according to EN 60715 with the input terminals on the bottom of the device. Other mounting orientations require a reduction in output current.

Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes. Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for a minimum operating temperature of 60°C for ambient temperatures up to +45°C, 75°C for ambient temperatures up to +60°C and 90°C for ambient temperatures up to +70°C.

Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection. Unused screw terminals should be securely tightened. Use ferrules for wires on the input terminals.

The device is designed for pollution degree 2 areas in controlled environments. No condensation or frost is allowed. The enclosure of the device provides a degree of protection of IP20. The enclosure does not provide protection against spilled liquids.

The device is designed for overvoltage category II zones.

The device is designed as "Class of Protection I" equipment according to IEC 61140. Do not use without a proper PE (Protective Earth) connection.

The device is suitable to be supplied from TN, TT or IT mains networks. The continuous voltage between the input terminal and the PE potential must not exceed 276Vac.

A disconnecting means shall be provided for the input of the device.

The device is designed for convection cooling and does not require an external fan. Do not obstruct airflow and do not cover ventilation grid!

The device is designed for altitudes up to 4000m (13125ft). Above 2000m (6560ft) a reduction in output current is required.

Keep the following minimum installation clearances: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 5mm left and right side. Increase the 5mm to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source. When the device is permanently loaded with less than 50%, the 5mm can be reduced to zero.

The device is designed, tested and approved for branch circuits up to 30A (UL) and 32A (IEC) without additional protection device. If an external fuse is utilized, do not use circuit breakers smaller than 10A B- or 8A C-Characteristic to avoid a nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker.

The maximum surrounding air temperature is +70°C (+158°F). The operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding air temperature and is defined 2cm below the device.

The device is designed to operate in areas between 5% and 95% relative humidity.

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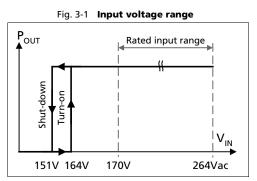
3. AC-INPUT

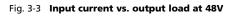
AC input	nom.	AC 200-240V	suitable for TN, TT and IT mains networks
AC input range		170-264Vac	continuous operation
		110-170Vac	full power for up to 200ms
		0-170Vac	no damage to the unit
		264-300Vac	< 500ms
Allowed voltage L or N to earth	max.	300Vac	continuous, IEC 62103
Input frequency	nom.	50–60Hz	±6%
Turn-on voltage	typ.	164Vac	steady-state value, load independent, see Fig. 3-1
Shut-down voltage	typ.	151Vac	steady-state value, load independent, see Fig. 3-1
Input current	typ.	4.6A	at 48V, 20A, see Fig. 3-3
Power factor ^{*)}	typ.	0.96	at 48V, 20A, see Fig. 3-4
Crest factor ^{**)}	typ.	1.65	at 48V, 20A
Start-up delay	typ.	750ms	see Fig. 3-2
Rise time	typ.	18ms	at 48V, 20A, resistive load, 0mF see Fig. 3-2
	typ.	35ms	at 48V, 20A, resistive load, 20mF see Fig. 3-2
Turn-on overshoot	max.	200mV	see Fig. 3-2
External input protection	See ree	commendations in	chapter 26.3.

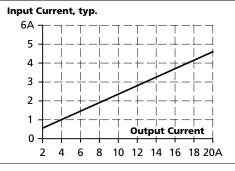
:xternal in See recommendations in chapter 26.3. *)

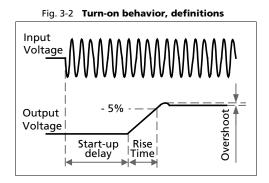
The power factor is the ratio of the true (or real) power to the apparent power in an AC circuit.

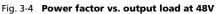
**) The crest factor is the mathematical ratio of the peak value to RMS value of the input current waveform.

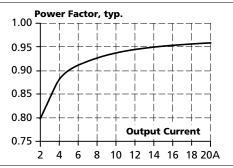












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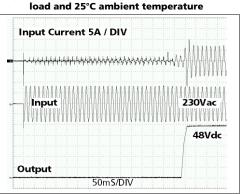
4. INPUT INRUSH CURRENT

The power supply is equipped with an active inrush current limitation circuit, which limits the input inrush current after turn-on to a negligible low value. The input current is usually smaller than the steady state input current.

Inrush current*)	max.	18A _{peak}	over entire temperature range
	typ.	14A _{peak}	over entire temperature range
Inrush energy	max.	4A ² s	over entire temperature range
Inrush delay	typ.	750ms	

*) The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first microseconds after switch-on.

Fig. 4-1 Typical turn-on behaviour at nominal



5. DC-INPUT

Do not operate this power supply with DC-input voltage. Check the CPS20.481-D1 unit instead. Two CPS20.481-D1 units in parallel might be necessary.

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6. OUTPUT

Output voltage	nom.	DC 48V	
Adjustment range		48-54Vdc	guaranteed
	max.	56Vdc****)	at clockwise end position of potentiometer
Factory setting	typ.	48.0Vdc	±0.2%, at full load, cold unit, in "single use" mode
	typ.	46.0Vdc	±0.5%, at full load, cold unit, in "parallel use" mode
	typ.	48.0Vdc	at no load, cold unit, in "parallel use" mode
Line regulation	max.	10mV	170-264Vac
Load regulation	max.	50mV	in "single use" mode: static value, $0A \rightarrow 20A$, see Fig. 6-1
	typ.	2000mV	in "parallel use" mode: static value, 0A→20A, see Fig. 6-2
Ripple and noise voltage	max.	150mVpp	20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm
Output current	nom.	20A	continuously available at 48V, see Fig. 6-1 and Fig. 6-2
	nom.	17.8A	continuously available at 54V, see Fig. 6-1 and Fig. 6-2
	nom.	30A	short term available BonusPower®* ⁾ , at 48V
			for typical 4s, see Fig. 6-1 and Fig. 6-2
	nom.	26.7A	short term available BonusPower®*), at 54V
			for typical 4s, see Fig. 6-1 and Fig. 6-2
	typ.	55A	up to 25ms, output voltage stays above 40V, see Fig. 6-4, This peak current is available once every second.
			See chapter 26.2 for more peak current measurements.
Output power	nom.	960W	continuously available at 48-54V
	nom.	1440W ^{*)}	short term available BonusPower®*) at 48-54V
BonusPower [®] time	typ.	4s	duration until the output voltage dips, see Fig. 6-5
BonusPower [®] recovery time	typ.	7s	overload free time to reset power manager, see Fig. 6-6
Overload behavior		cont. current	output voltage > 40Vdc, see Fig. 6-1
		Hiccup ^{PLUS} mode ^{**)}	output voltage < 40Vdc, see Fig. 6-1
Short-circuit current	min.	30A***)	load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-3
	max.	35A*** ⁾	load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-3
	max.	11.5A	average (R.M.S.) current, load impedance 50mOhm, see Fig. 6-3
	min.	55A	up to 25ms, load impedance <10mOhm, see Fig. 6-4
	typ.	63A	up to 25ms, load impedance <10mOhm, see Fig. 6-4

*) BonusPower[®], short term power capability (up to typ. 4s)

The power supply is designed to support loads with a higher short-term power requirement without damage or shutdown. The short-term duration is hardware controlled by an output power manager. This BonusPower® is repeatedly available. Detailed information can be found in chapter 26.1. If the power supply is loaded longer with the BonusPower® than shown in the Bonus-time diagram (see Fig. 6-5), the max. output power is automatically reduced to 960W. If the power requirement is continuously above 960W and the voltage falls below approx. 40V (due to the current regulating mode at overload), the unit shuts-off and makes periodical restart attempts. This behavior is called hiccup mode which is described below. If the voltage is above 40V, the unit continuously delivers current.

**) Hiccup^{PLUS} Mode

Up to 4s of overloading, the power supply delivers continuous output current. After this, the output power is reduced to nearly zero for approx. 17s before a new start attempt is automatically performed. If the overload has been cleared, the device will operate normally. If the overload still exists, the output current will be delivered for 2 to 4s (depending on the overload) again followed by a 17s rest time. This cycle is repeated as long as the overload exists. See Fig. 6-3. During the off-period a small rest voltage and rest current is present on the output.

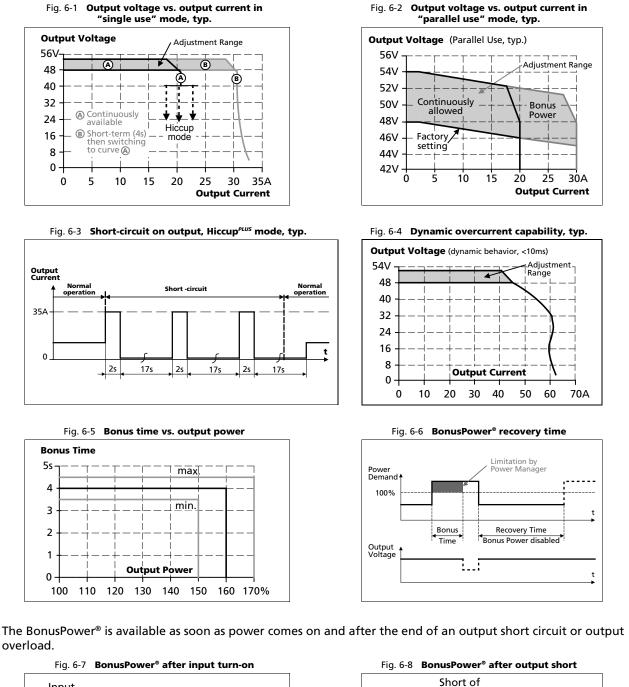
***) Discharge current of output capacitors is not included.

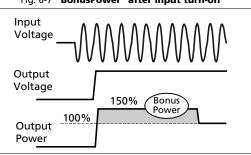
****) This is the maximum output voltage which can occur at the clockwise end position of the potentiometer due to tolerances. It is not guaranteed value which can be achieved. The typical value is about 55V.

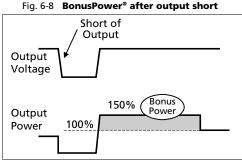
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7. HOLD-UP TIME

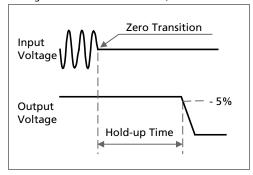
		AC 230V		
Hold-up Time	typ.	58ms	at 48V, 10A, see Fig. 7-1	
	min.	47ms	at 48V, 10A, see Fig. 7-1	
	typ.	30ms	at 48V, 20A, see Fig. 7-1	
	min.	24ms	at 48V, 20A, see Fig. 7-1	





60ms -		Ţ	48V,	10A, typ). ₁
50 -		 	48V,	10A, mir	ι. <u>1</u>
40 -		 +	 	 	
30 -			48V,	20A, ty	p.
20 -		 	48V,	20A, mi	n.
10 -		 	 	 	
0 -		Inp	ut Volta	age	_
17	, 70 19	90 2'	10 23	30 2	50Vac

Fig. 7-2 Shut-down behavior, definitions



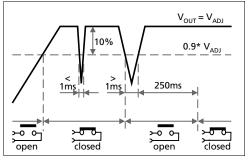
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8. DC-OK RELAY CONTACT

This feature monitors the output voltage, which is produced by the power supply itself. It is independent of a back-fed voltage from a unit connected in parallel to the power supply output.

Contact closes	As soo	As soon as the output voltage reaches 90% of the adjusted output voltage.			
Contact opens	As soon as the output voltage dips more than 10% below the adjusted output voltage. Short dips will be extended to a signal length of 250ms. Dips shorter than 1ms will be ignored.				
Contact re-closes	As soo	As soon as the output voltage exceeds 90% of the adjusted voltage.			
Contact ratings	max	max 60Vdc 0.3A, 30Vdc 1A, 30Vac 0.5A resistive load			
	min	1mA at 5Vdc	min. permissible load		
Isolation voltage	See dielectric strength table in section 21.				

Fig. 8-1 DC-ok relay contact behavior



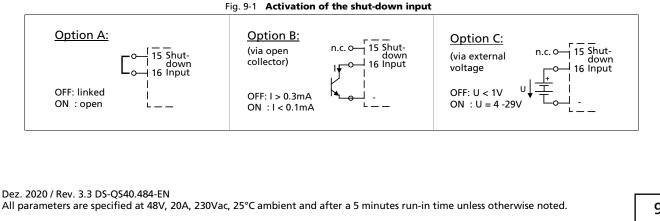
9. Shut-down Input

This feature allows a switch-off of the output of the power supply with a signal switch or an external voltage. The shut-down occurs immediately while the turn-on is delayed up to 350ms. In a shut-down condition, the output voltage is <4V and the output power is <0.5W.

The voltage between different minus pole output terminals must be below 1V when units are connected in parallel. In a series operation of multiple power supplies only wiring option "A" with individual signal switches is allowed. Please note:

- Option C requires a current sink capability of the voltage source. Do not use a blocking diode.

- The shut-down function has no safety feature included.



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10. REMOTE CONTROL OF OUTPUT VOLTAGE

This feature is not supported by the QS40.484 unit. Choose the QS40.481 when this feature is needed.

11. INTERNAL DATA LOGGING

A protected microcontroller inside the power supply acquires and stores operating data during the life of the unit. The data can be downloaded with a small tool and special software by the PULS service and repair personnel, even also many times when the unit is defect. The data allows for better troubleshooting. Analysis of what happened before a failure can be determined much more accurately.

Acquired data:

- Family name of unit (QS40), revision of firmware
- Operational hours
- Expired portion of lifetime (combination of temperature and period of time)
- Maximum ambient temperatures with timestamp (max. 47 values)
- Maximal input voltages with timestamp (max. 47 values) and type of input voltage (AC or DC)
- Failure report (various internal errors)
- Number and timestamp (max. 20 values) of input overvoltage transients
- Number and timestamp (max. 20 values) of over-temperature shut-downs
- Number of turn-on sequences

The data will be acquired with a fixed sampling rate unless the peak detectors do trigger due to an abnormal condition. In such cases, the abnormal condition will be captured. Furthermore, data will be acquired every time shortly before the unit switches off.

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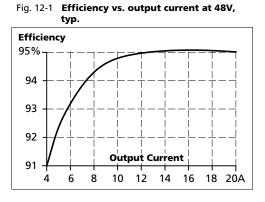
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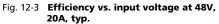
48V, 20A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

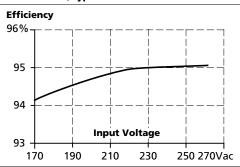
12. EFFICIENCY AND POWER LOSSES

		AC 230V	
Efficiency	typ.	95.0%	at 48V, 20A
Average efficiency*)	typ.	94.2%	25% at 5A, 25% at 10A, 25% at 15A. 25% at 20A
Power losses	typ.	3.2W	with activated shut-down
	typ.	12.0W	at 48V, 0A (no load)
	typ.	30.1W	at 48V, 10A (half load)
	typ.	50.5W	at 48V, 20A (full load)

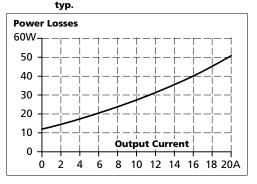
*) The average efficiency is an assumption for a typical application where the power supply is loaded with 25% of the nominal load for 25% of the time, 50% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time, 75% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time and with 100% of the nominal load for the rest of the time.



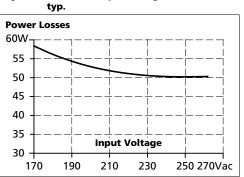












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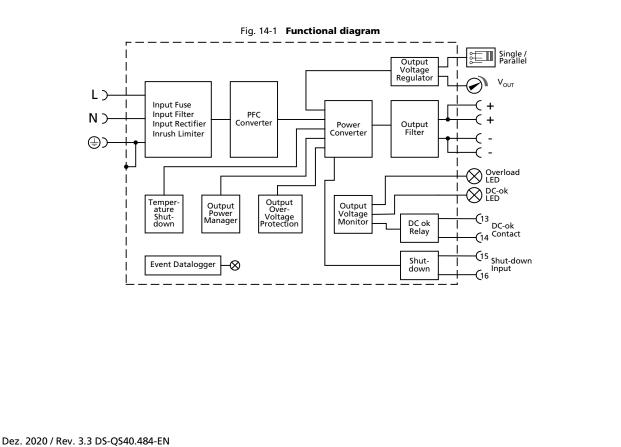
13. LIFETIME EXPECTANCY AND MTBF

	AC 230V	
Calculated lifetime expectancy*)	345 000h*)	at 48V, 10A and 25°C
	122 000h	at 48V, 10A and 40°C
	184 000h* ⁾	at 48V, 20A and 25°C
	65 000h	at 48V, 20A and 40°C
MTBF**) SN 29500, IEC 61709	392 000h	at 48V, 20A and 40°C
	693 000h	at 48V, 20A and 25°C
MTBF**) MIL HDBK 217F	158 000h	at 48V, 20A and 40°C; Ground Benign GB40
	214 000h	at 48V, 20A and 25°C; Ground Benign GB25

*) The **calculated lifetime expectancy** shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification. The manufacturer of the electrolytic capacitors only guarantees a maximum life of up to 15 years (131 400h). Any number exceeding this value is a calculated theoretical lifetime which can be used to compare devices.

**) MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product. The MTBF figure is a statistical representation of the likelihood of a device to fail. A MTBF figure of e.g. 1 000 000h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10 000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50 000h or only for 100h.

14. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



All parameters are specified at 48V, 20A, 230Vac, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

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15. TERMINALS AND WIRING

The terminals are IP20 Finger safe constructed and suitable for field and factory wiring.

	Input	Output	DC-OK, Shut-down
Туре	screw termination	screw termination	spring-clamp termination
Solid wire	0.5-6mm ²	0.5-16mm ²	0.15-1.5mm ²
Stranded wire	0.5-4mm ²	0.5-10mm ²	0.15-1.5mm ²
American Wire Gauge	AWG 20-10	AWG 22-8	AWG 26-14
Max. wire diameter	2.8mm (including ferrules)	5.2mm (including ferrules)	1.5mm (including ferrules)
Wire stripping length	7mm / 0.28inch	12mm / 0. 5inch	7mm / 0.28inch
Screwdriver	3.5mm slotted or cross- head No 2	3.5mm or 5mm slotted or cross-head No 2	3mm slotted (to open the spring)
Recommended tightening torque	1Nm, 9lb.in	2.3Nm, 20.5lb.in	Not applicable

Instructions:

a) Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for minimum operating temperatures of:

- 60°C for ambient up to 45°C and
- 75°C for ambient up to 60°C minimum
- 90°C for ambient up to 70°C minimum.
- b) Follow national installation codes and installation regulations!
- c) Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection!
- d) Do not use the unit without PE connection.
- e) Unused terminal compartments should be securely tightened.
- f) Ferrules are allowed.

Daisy chaining:

Daisy chaining (jumping from one power supply output to the next) is allowed as long as the average output current through one terminal pin does not exceed 54A. If the current is higher, use a separate distribution terminal block as shown in Fig. 15-2.



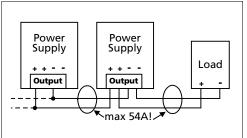
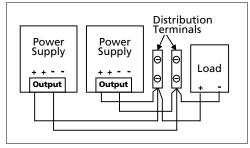


Fig. 15-2 Using distribution terminals

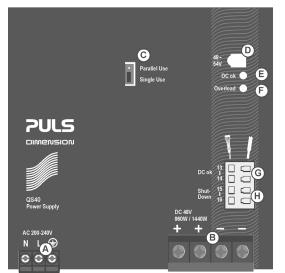


DIMENSION Q-Series

QS40.484 48V, 20A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

16. FRONT SIDE AND USER ELEMENTS

Fig. 16-1 Front side



<u>A</u> Input Terminals (Screw terminals) N, L Line input

- ⊕...PE (Protective Earth) input
- **<u>B</u>** Output Terminals (Screw terminals, two pins per pole)
 - + Positive output
 - Negative (return) output

<u>C</u> "Parallel Use" "Single Use" Selector

Set jumper to "Parallel Use" when power supplies are connected in parallel to increase the output power. In order to achieve a sharing of the load current between the individual power supplies, the "parallel use" regulates the output voltage in such a manner that the voltage at no load is approx. 4% higher than at nominal load. See also chapter 26.6. A missing jumper is equal to a "Single Use" mode.

<u>D</u> Output Voltage Potentiometer Multi turn potentiometer;

Open the flap to set the output voltage.

Factory set: 48.0V at full output current, "Single Use" mode. **DC-OK LED** (green)

On, when the voltage on the output terminals is >90% of the adjusted output voltage

F Overload LED (red)

E

- On, when the voltage on the output terminals is <90% of the adjusted output voltage, or in case of a short circuit in the output.

Flashing, when the shut-down has been activated or the unit has switched off due to over-temperature.
Input voltage is required

<u>G</u> DC-OK Relay Contact

The DC-OK relay contact is synchronized with the DC-OK LED. See chapter 8 for details.

H Shut-down Input

Allows the power supply to be shut down. Can be activated with a switch contact or an external voltage.

Indicators, LEDs

	Overload LED	DC-OK LED	DC-OK Contact
Normal mode	OFF	ON	Closed
During BonusPower®	OFF	ON	Closed
Overload (Hiccup mode)	flashing	OFF	Open
Output short circuit	flashing	OFF	Open
Temperature Shut-down	flashing	OFF	Open
Active Shut-down input	flashing	OFF	Open
No input power	OFF	OFF	Open

17. EMC

The power supply is suitable for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environment without any restrictions. A detailed EMC report is available on request.

EN 61000-4-2			
LIN 01000-4-2	contact discharge	8kV	Criterion A
	air discharge	15kV	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-3	80MHz-2.7GHz	10V/m	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-4	input lines	4kV	Criterion A
	output lines	2kV	Criterion A
	DC-OK signal (coupling clamp)	2kV	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-5	$L \rightarrow N$	2kV	Criterion A
	$L \rightarrow PE, N \rightarrow PE$	4kV	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-5	+ → -	1kV	Criterion A
	+ / - → PE	1kV	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-5	DC-OK signal \rightarrow PE	1kV	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-6	0.15-80MHz	10V	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-11	0% of 200Vac	0Vac for 20ms	Criterion A
	40% of 200Vac	80Vac for 200ms	Criterion C
	70% of 200Vac	140Vac for 500ms	Criterion A
EN 61000-4-11	0% of 200Vac (=0V)	5000ms	Criterion C
SEMI F47 dips on the input voltage according to SEMI F47 standar		ď	
	80% of 200Vac	160Vac for 1000ms	Criterion A
	70% of 200Vac	140Vac for 500ms	Criterion A
	50% of 200Vac	100Vac for 200ms	Criterion A
VDE 0160	over entire load range	750V, 1.3ms	Criterion A
	EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-5 EN 61000-4-6 EN 61000-4-11 EN 61000-4-11 SEMI F47	air dischargeEN 61000-4-380MHz-2.7GHzEN 61000-4-4input lines output lines DC-OK signal (coupling clamp)EN 61000-4-5L \rightarrow N L \rightarrow PE, N \rightarrow PEEN 61000-4-5+ \rightarrow - + /- \rightarrow PEEN 61000-4-5DC-OK signal \rightarrow PEEN 61000-4-5DC-OK signal \rightarrow PEEN 61000-4-60.15-80MHzEN 61000-4-110% of 200Vac 40% of 200Vac 70% of 200VacEN 61000-4-110% of 200Vac 70% of 200Vac 50% of 200Vac 50% of 200Vac 50% of 200Vac	air discharge15kVEN 61000-4-380MHz-2.7GHz10V/mEN 61000-4-4input lines4kVoutput lines2kVDC-OK signal (coupling clamp)2kVEN 61000-4-5L → N2kVL → PE, N → PE4kVEN 61000-4-5+ → -1kV+ / - → PE1kVEN 61000-4-5DC-OK signal → PE1kVEN 61000-4-5DC-OK signal → PE1kVEN 61000-4-5DC-OK signal → PE1kVEN 61000-4-60.15-80MHz10VEN 61000-4-110% of 200Vac0Vac for 20ms40% of 200Vac80Vac for 200ms70% of 200Vac140Vac for 500msEN 61000-4-110% of 200Vac (=0V)5000msSEMI F47dips on the input voltage according to SEMI F47 standar80% of 200Vac160Vac for 1000ms70% of 200Vac140Vac for 500ms50% of 200Vac100Vac for 200ms

Criterions:

A: Power supply shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.

C: Temporary loss of function is possible. Power supply may shut-down and restarts by itself. No damage or hazards for the power supply will occur.

EMC Emission	According generic standards: EN 61000-6-3 and EN 61000-6-4				
Conducted emission input lines	EN 55011, EN 55032, FCC Part 15, CISPR 11, CISPR 32	Class B			
Conducted emission output lines	IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1	5dB higher than average limits for DC power port according EN 61000-6-3***)			
Radiated emission	EN 55011, EN 55032	Class B			
Harmonic input current	EN 61000-3-2	fulfilled for class A equipment			
Voltage fluctuations, flicker	EN 61000-3-3	fulfilled ^{**)}			

This device complies with FCC Part 15 rules.

Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

**) Tested with constant current loads, non pulsing

***) Restrictions apply for applications in residential, commercial and light-industrial environments, where local DC power networks according to EN 61000-6-3 are involved. No restrictions for all kinds of industrial applications.

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Switching Frequencies	The power supply has four converters with four different switching frequencies included.	
Switching frequency 1	105kHz	Resonant converter, nearly constant
Switching frequency 2	35kHz to 150kHz	PFC converter, input voltage and load dependent
Switching frequency 3	10kHz to 300kHz	Boost converter, output voltage and load dependent
Switching frequency 4	28kHz to 40kHz	Aux. converter, input voltage and load dependent

18. ENVIRONMENT

Operational temperature*)	-25°C to +70°C (-13°F to 158°F)	reduce output power according Fig. 18-1
Storage temperature	-40 to +85°C (-40°F to 185°F)	for storage and transportation
Output de-rating	24W/°C	60-70°C (140°F to 158°F)
Humidity ^{**)}	5 to 95% r.H.	IEC 60068-2-30
Vibration sinusoidal	2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm; 17.8-500Hz: 1g ***) 2 hours / axis	IEC 60068-2-6
Shock	15g 6ms, 10g 11ms ^{***)} 3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total	IEC 60068-2-27
Altitude	0 to 2000m (0 to 6 560ft)	without any restrictions
	2000 to 6000m (6 560 to 20 000ft)	reduce output power or ambient temperature, see Fig. 18-2 IEC 62103, EN 50178, overvoltage category II
Altitude de-rating	60W/1000m or 5°C/1000m	> 2000m (6500ft), see Fig. 18-2
Over-voltage category	III	IEC 62103, EN 50178, altitudes up to 2000m
	II	altitudes from 2000m to 6000m
Degree of pollution	2	IEC 62103, EN 50178, not conductive

*) Operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the unit.

**) Do not energize while condensation is present.

***) Higher levels allowed when using the wall mounting bracket ZM2.WALL

Fig. 18-1 Output current vs. ambient temp.

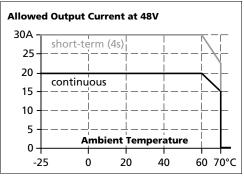
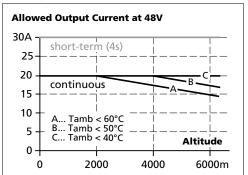


Fig. 18-2 Output current vs. altitude



Dez. 2020 / Rev. 3.3 DS-QS40.484-EN All parameters are specified at 48V, 20A, 230Vac, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.

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19. PROTECTION FEATURES

Output protection	Electronically protected against overload, no-load and short-circuits ^{*)}		
Output over-voltage protection	typ. 58.8Vdc max. 60Vdc	In case of an internal power supply defect, a redundant circuit limits the maximum output voltage. The output shuts down and automatically attempts to restart.	
Degree of protection	IP 20	EN/IEC 60529 Caution: For use in a controlled environment according to CSA 22.2 No 107.1-01.	
Penetration protection	> 5mm	e.g. screws, small parts	
Over-temperature protection	yes	Output shut-down with automatic restart	
Input transient protection	MOV (Metal Oxide Varistor)		
Internal input fuse	included	not user replaceable	

20. SAFETY FEATURES

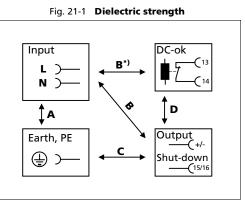
Input / output separation*)	SELV	IEC/EN 60950-1
	PELV	IEC/EN 60204-1, EN 50178, IEC 62103, IEC 60364-4-41
	double or reinforced insul	ation
Class of protection	I	PE (Protective Earth) connection required
Isolation resistance	> 100MOhm	input to output, 500Vdc
PE resistance	< 0.10hm	
Touch current (leakage current)	typ. 0.59mA / 1.38mA	230Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	max. 0.75mA / 1.74mA	264Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains

*) double or reinforced insulation

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21. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

The output voltage is floating and has no ohmic connection to the ground. Type and factory tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect all input-terminals together as well as all output poles before conducting the test. When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.



		Α	В	С	D
Type test	60s	2500Vac	3000Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Factory test	5s	2500Vac	2500Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Field test	5s	2000Vac	2000Vac	500Vac	500Vac
Cut-off current setting		> 20mA	> 20mA	> 40mA	> 1mA

To fulfil the PELV requirements according to EN60204-1 § 6.4.1, we recommend that either the + pole, the – pole or any other part of the output circuit shall be connected to the protective earth system. This helps to avoid situations in which a load starts unexpectedly or can not be switched off when unnoticed earth faults occur.

B*) When testing input to DC-OK ensure that the max. voltage between DC-OK and the output is not exceeded (column D). We recommend connecting DC-OK pins and the output pins together when performing the test.

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22. APPROVALS AND FULFILLED STANDARD

	UL Certificate
	Listed equipment for category NMTR - Industrial Control
C (VL) US LISTED	Equipment
V	Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E198865
IECEE	CB Scheme Certificate
	General safety requirements for Information Technology
CB SCHEME	Equipment (ITE)
	UL Certificate
ē	Recognized component for category QQGQ - Information
c 7 h us	Technology Equipment (ITE)
	Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E137006
	DNV-GL Certificate
	DNV-GL Certificate DNV-GL Type approved product
	Certificate: TAA00002JT
	Temperature: Class D
dnvgl.com/af	Humidity: Class B
	Vibration: Class C
	EMC: Class A
	Enclosure: Class A
	ABS Design Assessment Certificate
ARS	ABS (American Bureau of Shipment) assessed product
ADU	Certificate: 17-HG1599236-PDA
	Manufacturer's Declaration (Online Document)
	Environmental Tests, Flowing Mixed Gas Corrosion Test
	Test Ke - Method 4
Corrosion 🍡	H2S: 10ppb
IEC 60068-2-60	NO2: 200ppb Cl2: 10ppb
Metrioa 4	SO2: 200ppb
	Test Duration: 3 weeks, which simulates a service life of at least 10
	years
	Manufacturer's Declaration (Online Document)
	Airborne Contaminants Corrosion Test
	Severity Level: G3 Harsh
Corrosion	H2S: 100ppb
	NOx: 1250ppb
G3-I3A-7 1.04 ▼	Cl2: 20ppb
	SO2: 300ppb
	Test Duration: 3 weeks, which simulates a service life of at least 10 years.
	Paint Wetting Impairment Substances Test (or LABS-Test)
LABS	Tested for Zone 2 and test class C1 according to VDMA 24364-
VDMA 24364-C1-L/W	C1-L/W for solvents and water-based paints
	IECEOUS CONSUS CONSUS CONSUS CORREC CORREC CORREC CONSUS CONSUS Method 4

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23. REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

EU Declaration of Conformity	CE	The CE mark indicates conformance with the - EMC directive - Low-voltage directive (LVD) - RoHS directive
REACH Directive	REACH 🗸	Manufacturer's Statement EU-Directive regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
EAC TR Registration	EAC	Registration for the Eurasian Customs Union market (Russia, Kazakhstan, Belarus)

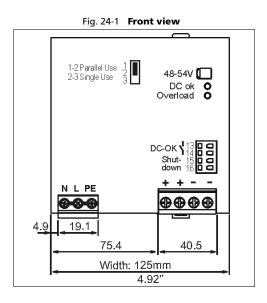
DIMENSION Q-Series

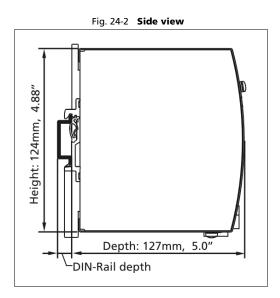
QS40.484

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24. PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

Width	125mm 4.92"			
Height	124mm 4.88''			
Depth	127mm 5.0" The DIN-rail height must be added to the unit depth to calculate the total required installation depth.			
Weight	1800g / 3.97lb			
DIN-Rail	Use 35mm DIN-rails according to EN 60715 or EN 50022 with a height of 7.5 or 15mm.			
Housing material	Aluminium body, steel cover			
Installation clearances	See chapter 2			





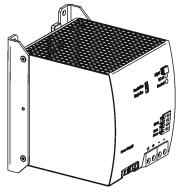
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25. ACCESSORIES

25.1. ZM2.WALL - WALL MOUNTING BRACKET

This bracket is used to mount specific DIMENSION units onto a flat surface without utilizing a DIN-Rail.



Buffer

Unit(s)

Load

Power

Supply

AC

DC

25.2. UF20.481 - BUFFER MODULE



This buffer unit is a supplementary device for DC 48V power supplies. It delivers power to bridge typical mains failures or extends the hold-up time after turn-off of the AC power. In times when the power supply provides sufficient voltages, the buffer unit stores energy in integrated electrolytic capacitors. In case of mains voltage fault, this energy is

output ampacity or the hold-up time.

released again in a regulated process. The buffer unit does not require any control wiring. It can be added in parallel to the load circuit at any given point. Buffer units can be added in parallel to increase the

DIMENSION Q-Series

25.3. YR40.482 - REDUNDANCY MODULE



The YR40.482 is equipped with two input channels (20A each), which are individually decoupled by utilizing mosfet technology. The output current can go as high as 40A. Using mosfets instead of diodes reduces the heat generation and the voltage drop between input and output.

The YR40.482 does not require an additional auxiliary voltage and is self-powered even in case of a short circuit across the output.

Due to the low power losses, the unit is very slender and only requires 46mm width on the DIN-rail.

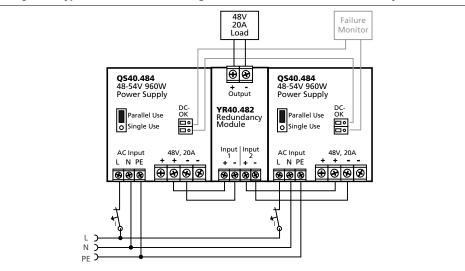


Fig. 25-1 Typical 1+1 Redundant configuration for 20A with a dual redundancy module

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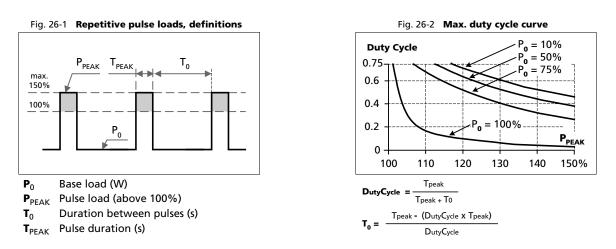
26. APPLICATION NOTES

26.1. REPETITIVE PULSE LOADING

Typically, a load current is not constant and varies over time. This power supply is designed to support loads with a higher short-term power demand (=BonusPower[®]). The short-term duration is hardware controlled by an output power manager and is available on a repeated basis. If the BonusPower[®] load lasts longer than the hardware controller allows it, the output voltage will dip and the next BonusPower[®] is available after the BonusPower[®] recovery time (see chapter 6) has elapsed.

To avoid this, the following rules must be met:

- a) The power demand of the pulse must be below 150% of the nominal output power.
- b) The duration of the pulse power must be shorter than the allowed BonusPower® time. (see output section)
- c) The average (R.M.S.) output current must be below the specified continuous output current. If the R.M.S. current is higher, the unit will respond with a thermal shut-down after a period of time. Use the maximum duty cycle curve (Fig. 26-2) to check if the average output current is below the nominal current.
- d) The duty cycle must be below 0.75.



Example: A load is powered continuously with 480W (= 50% of the rated output load). From time to time a peak power of 1440W (= 150% of the rated output load) is needed for 1 second.

The question is: How often can this pulse be supplied without overloading the power supply?

- Make a vertical line at P_{PEAK} = 150% and a horizontal line where the vertical line crosses the P_0 = 50% curve. Read the max. duty cycle from the duty cycle-axis (= 0.37)
- Calculate the required pause (base load) length T₀:
- Result: The required pause length = 1.7s
- Max. repetition rate = pulse +pause length = 2.7s

$$T_{0} = \frac{T_{peak} - (D_{uty}C_{ycle} \times T_{peak})}{D_{uty}C_{ycle}} = \frac{1s - (0.37 \times 1s)}{0.37} = \frac{1.7s}{0.37}$$

More examples for pulse load compatibility:

PPEAK	Po	Треак	To		PPEAK	Po	Треак	Τo
1440W	960W	1s	>25s	_	1440W	480W	0.1s	>0.16s
1440W	0W	1s	>1.3s	_	1440W	480W	1s	>1.6s
1200W	480W	1s	> 0.75s	_	1440W	480W	3s	>4.9s

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26.2. PEAK CURRENT CAPABILITY

The power supply can deliver peak currents (up to several milliseconds) which are higher than the specified short term currents.

This helps to start current demanding loads. Solenoids, contactors and pneumatic modules often have a steady state coil and a pick-up coil. The inrush current demand of the pick-up coil is several times higher than the steady-state current and usually exceeds the nominal output current (including the BonusPower®). The same situation applies when starting a capacitive load.

The peak current capability also ensures the safe operation of subsequent circuit breakers of load circuits. The load branches are often individually protected with circuit breakers or fuses. In case of a short or an overload in one branch circuit, the fuse or circuit breaker need a certain amount of over-current to open in a timely manner. This avoids voltage loss in adjacent circuits.

The extra current (peak current) is supplied by the power converter and the built-in large sized output capacitors of the power supply. The capacitors get discharged during such an event, which causes a voltage dip on the output. The following two examples show typical voltage dips:

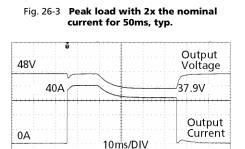
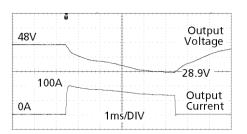


Fig. 26-4 Peak load with 5x the nominal current for 5ms, typ.



40A Peak load (resistive) for 50ms Output voltage dips from 48V to 37.9V. 100A Peak load (resistive) for 5ms Output voltage dips from 48V to 28.9V.

Please note: The DC-OK relay triggers when the voltage dips more than 10% for longer than 1ms.

Peak current voltage dips	typ.	from 48V to 37.9V	at 40A for 50ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 48V to 34.9V	at 100A for 2ms, resistive load
	typ.	from 48V to 28.9V	at 100A for 5ms, resistive load

26.3. EXTERNAL INPUT PROTECTION

The unit is tested and approved for branch circuits up to 30A (U.S.A.) and 32A (IEC). An external protection is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than this. Check also local codes and local requirements. In some countries local regulations might apply.

If an external fuse is necessary or utilized, minimum requirements need to be considered to avoid nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker. A minimum value of 10A B- or 8A C-Characteristic breaker should be used.

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26.4. CHARGING OF BATTERIES

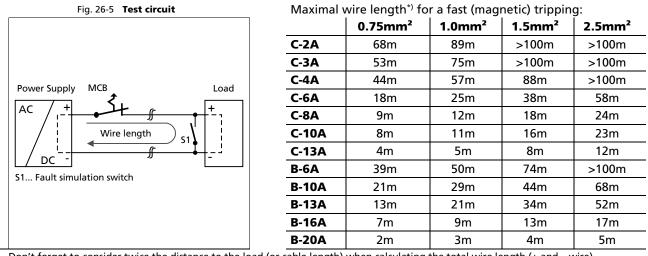
This power supply is not recommended to charge lead-acid or maintenance free batteries. The recommended end-ofcharge voltage of 55.0V (at 20°C) for four 12V VRLA lead-acid batteries in series can not be supplied from the QS40.484 unit.

26.5. OUTPUT CIRCUIT BREAKERS

Standard miniature circuit breakers (MCB's or UL1077 circuit breakers) are commonly used for AC-supply systems and may also be used on DC branches.

MCB's are designed to protect wires and circuits. If the ampere value and the characteristics of the MCB are adapted to the wire size that is used, the wiring is considered as thermally safe regardless of whether the MCB opens or not.

To avoid voltage dips and under-voltage situations in adjacent 48V branches which are supplied by the same source, a fast (magnetic) tripping of the MCB is desired. A quick shutdown within 10ms is necessary corresponding roughly to the ride-through time of PLC's. This requires power supplies with high current reserves and large output capacitors. Furthermore, the impedance of the faulty branch must be sufficiently small in order for the current to actually flow. The best current reserve in the power supply does not help if Ohm's law does not permit current flow. The following table has typical test results showing which B- and C-Characteristic MCBs magnetically trip depending on the wire cross section and wire length.



Don't forget to consider twice the distance to the load (or cable length) when calculating the total wire length (+ and - wire). *)

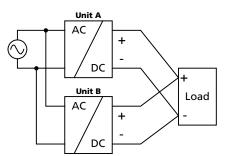
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26.6. PARALLEL USE TO INCREASE OUTPUT POWER

Power supplies from the same series (Q-Series) can be paralleled to increase the output power. The output voltage shall be adjusted to the same value (±100mV) in "Single use" mode with the same load conditions on all units, or the units can be left with the factory settings. After the adjustments, the jumper on the front of the unit shall be moved from "Single use" to "Parallel use", in order to achieve load sharing. The "Parallel use" mode regulates the output voltage in such a manner that the voltage at no load is approx. 4% higher than at nominal load. See also chapter 6. If no jumper is plugged in, the unit is in "Single use" mode. Factory setting is also "Single use" mode.



If more than three units are connected in parallel, a fuse or circuit breaker with a rating of 30A or 32A is required on each output. Alternatively, a diode or redundancy module can also be utilized.

Energize all units at the same time to avoid the overload Hiccup^{*PLUS*} mode. It also might be necessary to cycle the input power (turn-off for at least five seconds), if the output was in Hiccup^{*PLUS*} mode due to overload or short circuits and the required output current is higher than the current of one unit.

Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left / right) between two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other. Do not use power supplies in parallel in mounting orientations other than the standard mounting orientation (terminals on the bottom of the unit) or in any other condition where a derating of the output current is required (e.g. altitude, above 60°C, ...).

Pay attention that leakage current, EMI, inrush current, harmonics will increase when using multiple power supplies.

26.7. PARALLEL USE FOR REDUNDANCY

Power supplies can be paralleled for redundancy to gain higher system availability. Redundant systems require a certain amount of extra power to support the load in case one power supply unit fails. The simplest way is to put two power supplies in parallel. This is called a 1+1 redundancy. In case one power supply unit fails, the other one is automatically able to support the load current without any interruption. Redundant systems for a higher power demand are usually built in a N+1 method. E.g. five power supplies, each rated for 20A are paralleled to build a 80A redundant system. For N+1 redundancy the same restrictions apply as for increasing the output power, see also chapter 26.6.

Please note: This simple way to build a redundant system does not cover failures such as an internal short circuit in the secondary side of the power supply. In such a case, the defective unit becomes a load for the other power supplies and the output voltage can not be maintained any more. This can be avoided by utilizing redundancy modules, which have decoupling devices (diodes or mosfets) included. Further information and wiring configurations can be found in chapter 25.3.

Recommendations for building redundant power systems:

- a) Use separate input fuses for each power supply. A separate source for each supply when possible increases the reliability of the redundant system.
- b) Set the power supply into "Parallel Use" mode.
- c) Monitor the individual power supply units. Therefore, use the DC-OK relay contact of the QS40 power supply.
- d) It is desirable to set the output voltages of all units to the same value (± 100mV) or leave it at the factory setting.

DIMENSION **Q-Series**

PULS

48V, 20A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

26.8. SERIES OPERATION

Power supplies of the same type can be connected in series for higher output voltages. It is possible to connect as many units in series as needed, providing the sum of the output voltage does not exceed 150Vdc. Voltages with a potential above 60Vdc are not SELV any more and can be dangerous. Such voltages must be installed with a protection against touching.

Earthing of the output is required when the sum of the output voltage is above 60Vdc.

Avoid return voltage (e.g. from a decelerating motor or battery) which is applied to the output terminals.

Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left / right) between two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other. Do not use power supplies in series in mounting orientations other than the standard mounting orientation (terminals on the bottom of the unit).

Pay attention that leakage current, EMI, inrush current, harmonics will increase when using multiple power supplies.

26.9. INDUCTIVE AND CAPACITIVE LOADS

The unit is designed to supply any kind of loads, including capacitive and inductive loads. If extreme large capacitors, such as EDLCs (electric double layer capacitors or "UltraCaps") with a capacitance > 1F are connected to the output, the unit might charge the capacitor in the Hiccup^{PLUS} mode (see chapter 6).

26.10. BACK-FEEDING LOADS

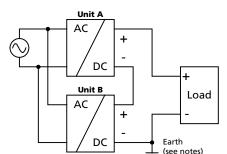
Loads such as decelerating motors and inductors can feed voltage back to the power supply. This feature is also called return voltage immunity or resistance against Back- E.M.F. (Electro Magnetic Force).

This power supply is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the power supply. It does not matter whether the power supply is on or off.

The maximum allowed feed-back-voltage is 63Vdc. The absorbing energy can be calculated according to the built-in large sized output capacitor which is specified in chapter 6.



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DIMENSION Q-Series

Power Supply

terna

DC

N PE

48V, 20A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

max.

240V +10%

26.11. OPERATION ON TWO PHASES

The power supply can also be used on two-phases of a three-phase-system. Such a phase to phase connection is allowed as long as the supplying voltage is below $240V^{+10\%}$.

26.12. Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure

When the power supply is installed in a tightly sealed enclosure, the temperature inside the enclosure will be higher than outside. In such situations, the inside temperature defines the ambient temperature for the power supply.

The following measurement results can be used as a reference to estimate the temperature rise inside the enclosure.

The power supply is placed in the middle of the box, no other heat producing items are inside the box

Enclosure:	Rittal Typ IP66 Box PK 9522 100, plastic, 254x180x165mm
Load:	48V, 16A; (=80%) load is placed outside the box
Input:	230Vac
Temperature inside enclosure:	60.1°C (in the middle of the right side of the power supply with a distance of 2cm)
Temperature outside enclosure:	23.1°C
Temperature rise:	37К

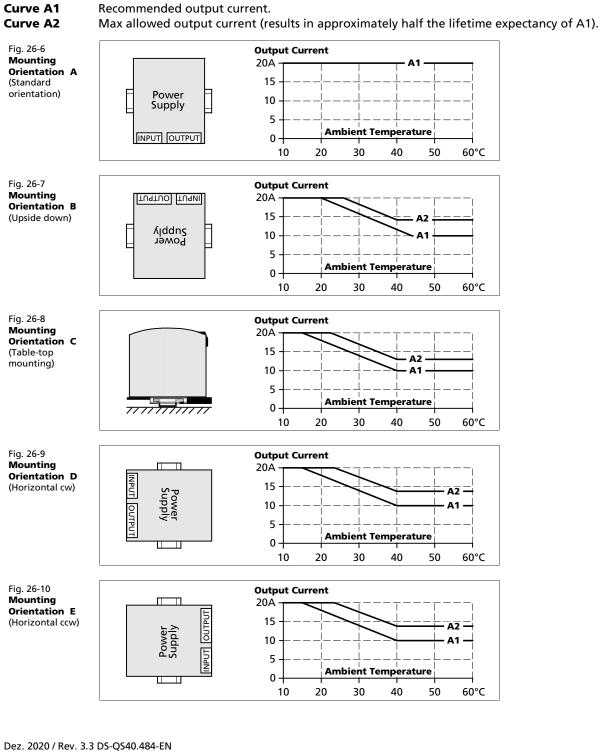
DIMENSION Q-Series

PULS

48V, 20A, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

26.13. MOUNTING ORIENTATIONS

Mounting orientations other than all terminals on the bottom require a reduction in continuous output power or a limitation in the maximum allowed ambient temperature. The amount of reduction influences the lifetime expectancy of the power supply. Therefore, two different derating curves for continuous operation can be found below:



All parameters are specified at 48V, 20A, 230Vac, 25°C ambient and after a 5 minutes run-in time unless otherwise noted.