

HI93717A-0 - Phosphate High Range Reagent A

Safety data sheet SOR/88-66	according to U.S.A	A. Fe	deral Hazcon	n 2012 and Canadian Regulation
SECTION 1. Identif	fication of the subst	ance	/mixture and	of the company/undertaking.
1.1. Product identifier.				
Code. Product name.		193717 hosph	7A-0 ate High Range Re	agent A
1.2. Relevant identified us	ses of the substance or mix	ture a	nd uses advised aç	gainst.
Intended use.	D	eterm	ination of Phospha	te in Water Samples
1.3. Details of the supplie	er of the safety data sheet.			
Name. Full address. District and Country.	st 45 To	r. Har	Instruments S.R.L. Ina Nr 1 Ioc. Nusfalau Romania (+40) 260607700 (+40) 260607700	(Salaj)
e-mail address of the co responsible for the Safe		ds@ha	annainst.com	
Product distribution by:				4 Park East, Woonsochet, Rhode Island, USA 02895 - Information: +1-800-426-6287
1.4. Emergency telephone				
For urgent inquiries refe	h	ours/3		nformation: +1-800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC 24 onal Emergency Contact Information: +1-703-527-3887 - lays
SECTION 2. Hazard	ds identification.			
2.1. Classification of the	substance or mixture.			
1910.1200). The produc	t thus requires a safety datas	heet.		h in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR It are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.
Classification and Hazar Substance or mixture Skin corrosion, categ Serious eye damage	e corrosive to metals, category	y 1		May be corrosive to metals. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage.
Hazard pictograms:				
The second secon				
Signal words:	Danger			
Hazard statements: H290 H314	May be corrosive to metals Causes severe skin burns a		re damage.	
Precautionary statement Prevention:	ts:			
P280 Response:	Wear protective gloves, pro	otective	e clothing, eye prote	ction and face protection.
P303+P361+P353 P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautious			inated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower. inutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing.			@EDV 0.2.8 SDS 1003



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. ... />>

P310 P390	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
Storage:	-
Disposal:	

2.2. Other hazards.

Information not available.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains	5:		
Identifica	ation.	x = Conc. %.	Classification:
SULPHU	RIC ACID		
CAS.	7664-93-9	50 ≤ x < 100	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 H290, Skin corrosion, category 1A H314
EC.	231-639-5		
INDEX.	016-020-00-	-8	
Reg. no.	01-2119458	838-20	

* There is a batch to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown. For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

SULPHURIC ACID SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Irritation and corrosion, Cough, Shortness of breath, Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Pain, Risk of blindness.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture. HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

@EPY 9.2.8 - SDS 1003



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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures. ... / >>

SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Not combustible, Fire may cause evolution of Sulphur oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters. GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

USA USA	NIOSH-REL OSHA-PEL	NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007. Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.
USA		California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits
		(PELs).
EU	OEL EU TLV-ACGIH	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC. ACGIH 2016



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection./>>

SULPHURIC ACID Threshold Limit Value. Country TWA/8h STEL/15min Type mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm OEL EU 0.05 **TLV-ACGIH** 0.2 USA OSHA 1 CAL/OSHA USA 0.1 3 NIOSH USA 1

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

AMMONIUM HEPTAMOLYBDATE TETRAHYDRATE

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norms UNI EN 482 and UNI EN 689. SULPHURIC ACID

Methods for measurement of the workplace atmosphere have to correspond to the requirements of norm OSHA ID-113.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

••	1. Information on basic physical and chen	nicai p	roheinea		
	Appearance		dense lie	quid	
	Colour		colourle	SS	
	Odour		odourles	SS	
	Odour threshold.		Not avai	ilable.	
	pH.		<1		
	Melting point / freezing point.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Initial boiling point.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Boiling range.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Flash point.	>	93	°C.	(199,4 °F)
	Evaporation rate		Not avai	ilable.	
	Flammability (solid, gas)		Not avai	ilable.	
	Lower inflammability limit.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Upper inflammability limit.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Lower explosive limit.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Upper explosive limit.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Vapour pressure.		Not avai	ilable.	
	Vapour density		Not avai	ilable.	
	Relative density.		1.400		



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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties./>>

Solubility	soluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature.	Not available.
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Explosive properties	Not available.
Oxidising properties	Not available.
9.2. Other information.	
Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	55,74 %

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

SULPHURIC ACID SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Decomposes at 450°C/842°F, has a corrosive effect, strong oxidising agent.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

SULPHURIC ACID SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Stable under standard ambient condition.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Violent reactions possible with: Water, Alkali metals, alkali compounds, Ammonia, Aldehydes, acetonitrile, Alkaline earth metals, alkalines, Acids, alkaline earth compounds, Metals, metal alloys, Oxides of phosphorus, phosphorus, hydrides, halogen-halogen compounds, oxyhalogenic compounds, permanganates, nitrates, carbides, combustible substances, organic solvent, acetylidene, Nitriles, organic nitro compounds, anilines, Peroxides, picrates, nitrides, lithium silicide, iron(III) compounds, bromates, chlorates, Amines, perchlorates, hydrogen peroxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

SULPHURIC ACID SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Animal/vegetable tissues, Metals. Contact with metals liberates hydrogen gas.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

SULPHURIC ACID SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Sulphur oxide.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

SULPHURIC ACID SULPHURIC ACID 98% - Skin irritation: causes severe burns - Eye irritation: causes seriuos eye damage, risk of blindness!

ACUTE TOXICITY.

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component). Revision nr.1 Dated 11/29/2016 Printed on 11/29/2016 Page n. 5 / 10



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information. />>

SULPHURIC ACID LD50 (Oral).	2140 mg/kg Rat			
SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION. Corrosive for the skin.				
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION. Causes serious eye damage.				
RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	S.			
GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	S.			
CARCINOGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	s.			
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	s.			
STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	S.			
STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	S.			
ASPIRATION HAZARD. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class	ASPIRATION HAZARD. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.			
SECTION 12. Ecological information.				
Use this product according to good working practices waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.	s. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach			
12.1. Toxicity.				
EC50 - for Crustacea. 42.5 m	/l/96h Gambusia affinis ıg/l/48h mg/l/72h			
12.2. Persistence and degradability.				
SULPHURIC ACID Solubility in water. 1000 - Biodegradability: Information not available.	10000 mg/l			
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential. Information not available.				

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects. SULPHURIC ACID

SULPHURIC ACID 98%: Biological effect: Forms corrosive mixture with water even if diluted, Harmful effect due to pH shift, Endangers drinking-water supplies if allowed to enter soil or water, Discharge into the environment must to be avoid.



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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to dangerous goods transport regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 3264

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SULPHURIC ACID) MIXTURE
IMDG:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SULPHURIC ACID) MIXTURE
IATA:	CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SULPHURIC ACID) MIXTURE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID:	Class: 8	Label: 8	8
IMDG:	Class: 8	Label: 8	8
IATA:	Class: 8	Label: 8	

14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: II

14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 80	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 30 L	Packaging instructions: 855
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 1 L	Packaging instructions: 851
	Special Instructions:	A3, A803	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. ... / >>

U.S. Federal Regulations.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b): No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists: 313 Category Code: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

CERCLA RQ: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

EPCRA 313 TRI: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

RCRA Code: No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.

State Regulations.

Massachussetts: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

Minnesota: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

New Jersey: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

New York: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

Pennsylvania: 7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

California:

7664-93-9 SULPHURIC ACID

Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. ... / >>

International Regulations.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None.

Candadian WHMIS. Information not available.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Met. Corr. 1 Skin Corr. 1A	Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 Skin corrosion, category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, category 1
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14. Changed TLVs in section 8.1 for following countries: EU,