

HI93712B-0 - Aluminum Reagent B

Safety data sheet SOR/88-66	t according to U.S	6.A. F	ederal Hazcom 2	2012 and Canadian Regulation		
SECTION 1. Identit	fication of the sub	stanc	e/mixture and of	the company/undertaking.		
1.1. Product identifier.						
Code. Product name.		HI93712B-0 Aluminum Reagent B				
1.2. Relevant identified us	ses of the substance or n	nixture	and uses advised agai	nst.		
Intended use. Determination of Aluminum in Water Samples.						
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.						
Name. Full address. District and Country.		str. Ha	n Instruments S.R.L. Inna Nr 1 0 Ioc. Nusfalau Romania (+40) 260607700	(Salaj)		
e-mail address of the competent person. responsible for the Safety Data Sheet.		Fax. sds@l	(+40) 260607700 hannainst.com			
Product distribution by:		Hanna Intruments, Inc - 584 Park East, Woonsochet, Rhode Island, USA 02895 - Technical Service Contact Information: +1-800-426-6287				
1.4. Emergency telephon	e number.					
For urgent inquiries refer to.		USA Emergency Contact Information: +1-800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC 24 hours/365 days - International Emergency Contact Information: +1-703-527-3887 - CHEMTREC 24hours/365 days				
SECTION 2. Hazards identification.						
2.1. Classification of the	substance or mixture.					
The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.						
Classification and Haza						
Serious eye damage, category 1			C	auses serious eye damage.		
Hazard pictograms:						
Signal words:	Danger					
Hazard statements: H318	nents: Causes serious eye damage.					
Precautionary statemen Prevention: <b>P280</b>	ts: Wear protective gloves /	/ eye pro	otection / face protection			
Response: P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.					
P310 Storage:	Immediately call a POIS		NIER OF COCTOF.			



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. />>

Disposal:

#### 2.2. Other hazards.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 3.** Composition/information on ingredients.

#### 3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

#### 3.2. Mixtures.

#### Contains:

Identification. x = Conc. %. Classification:

## SUCCINIC ACID

CAS. 110-15-6  $50 \le x < 100$  Serious eye damage, category 1 H318 EC. 203-740-4 INDEX.

\* There is a batch to batch variation.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures.**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown. For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

SUCCINIC ACID Irritant effects, Diarrhoea, Nausea, Vomiting.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products. The product is combustible and, when the powder is released into the air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of a source of ignition, it can create explosive mixtures with air. Fires may start or get worse by leakage of the solid product from the container, when it reaches high temperatures or through contact with sources of ignition.

#### SUCCINIC ACID

Combustible. Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire.



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## SECTION 5. Firefighting measures. ... / >>

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6.** Accidental release measures.

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

If there are no contraindications, spray powder with water to prevent the formation of dust.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product and place it in containers for recovery or disposal. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. If there are no contraindications, use jets of water to eliminate product residues.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

## **SECTION 7. Handling and storage.**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

### **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.**

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Information not available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations. HAND PROTECTION

In the case of prolonged contact with the product, protect the hands with penetration-resistant work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138). Work glove material must be chosen according to the use process and the products that may form. Latex gloves may cause sensitivity reactions.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a NIOSH certified filtering facemask (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134) or equivalent device, whose class and effective need, must be defined according to the outcome of risk assessment.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

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The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

## **SECTION 9.** Physical and chemical properties.

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

s. 1. Information on basic physical and chemical	properties.			
Appearance	solid powder			
Colour	red			
Odour	odourless			
Odour threshold.	Not available.			
pH.	3.6 - 3.9 pH, 50 g/L			
Melting point / freezing point.	Not available.			
Initial boiling point.	Not applicable.			
Boiling range.	Not available.			
Flash point.	Not applicable.			
Evaporation rate	Not available.			
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.			
Lower inflammability limit.	Not available.			
Upper inflammability limit.	Not available.			
Lower explosive limit.	Not available.			
Upper explosive limit.	Not available.			
Vapour pressure.	Not available.			
Vapour density	Not available.			
Relative density.	2.200			
Solubility	soluble in water			
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not available.			
Auto-ignition temperature.	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature.	Not available.			
Viscosity	Not available.			
Explosive properties	Not available.			
Oxidising properties	Not available.			
9.2. Other information.				
Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	100,00 %			

## **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.**

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

#### SUCCINIC ACID

Forms explosive mixtures with air on intense heating. The following applies in general to flammable organic substances and mixtures: in correspondingly fine distribution, when whirled up a dust explosion potential may generally be assumed.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The powders are potentially explosive when mixed with air.

SUCCINIC ACID Violent reactions possible with: strong oxidising agents, bases.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid environmental dust build-up.

SUCCINIC ACID

Strong heating. A range from approx. 15 Kelvin below the flash point is to be rated as critical.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

Information not available.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity. ... />>

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

## **SECTION 11. Toxicological information.**

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

SUCCINIC ACID

Acute oral toxicity, Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Irritations of mucous membranes in the mouth, pharynx, oesophagus and gastrointestinal tract - Acute inhalation toxicity, Symptoms: Possible damages:, mucosal irritations - Skin irritation, slight irritation - Eye irritation rabbit, Result: Severe irritations, Causes serious eye irritation.

#### ACUTE TOXICITY.

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:

SUCCINIC ACID LD50 (Oral). LC50 (Inhalation). Not classified (no significant component). Not classified (no significant component). Not classified (no significant component). Not classified (no significant component).

2260 mg/kg Rat 1.284 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION. Causes serious eye damage.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

CARCINOGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

ASPIRATION HAZARD. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

## **SECTION 12. Ecological information.**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity.

SUCCINIC ACID LC50 - for Fish. EC50 - for Crustacea.

> 100 mg/l/96h Danio rerio

> 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

@EPY 9.2.8 - SDS 1003

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SECTION 12. Ecological information. .../>>

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 SUCCINIC ACID
 > 10000 mg/l

 Solubility in water.
 > 10000 mg/l

 Rapidly biodegradable.
 >

 **12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.** >

 SUCCINIC ACID
 >

 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water.
 -0.59

 **12.4. Mobility in soil.** -0.59

Information not available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

SUCCINIC ACID

Biological effects: Harmful effect due to pH shift. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

## **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## **SECTION 14. Transport information.**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations. **14.1. UN number.** 

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

Not applicable.

#### 14.4. Packing group.

Not applicable.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards.

Not applicable.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user.

Not applicable.

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.



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## **SECTION 15. Regulatory information.**

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

U.S. Federal Regulations.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b): No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists: 313 Category Code: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 313 TRI: No component(s) listed.

RCRA Code: No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.

State Regulations.

Massachussetts: No component(s) listed.

Minnesota: No component(s) listed.

New Jersey: No component(s) listed.

New York: No component(s) listed.

Pennsylvania:



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. .../>>

No component(s) listed.

California: No component(s) listed.

Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.

International Regulations.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None.

Candadian WHMIS. Information not available.

## **SECTION 16. Other information.**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Eye Dam. 1Serious eye damage, category 1H318Causes serious eye damage.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:



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### SECTION 16. Other information. ... / >>

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 13 / 14. Revision nr.1 Dated 9/29/2016

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