

Hanna Instruments S.R.L.

HI7041 - Electrolyte Fill Solution

Safety data sheet according to SOR/88-66	o U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012 and Canadian Regu	lation			
SECTION 1. Identification of the	e substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking].			
1.1. Product identifier.					
Code.	HI7041				
Product name.	Electrolyte Fill Solution				
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substar	nce or mixture and uses advised against.				
Intended use.	Electrolyte Fill Solution for Polarographic Dissolved Oxygen Pro	obes.			
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety dat	ta sheet.				
Name.	Hanna Instruments S.R.L.				
Full address.	str. Hanna Nr 1				
District and Country.	457260 loc. Nusfalau (Salaj)				
	Romania Tel. (+40) 260607700				
	Fax. (+40) 260607700				
e-mail address of the competent person.					
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet.	sds@hannainst.com				
Product distribution by:	Hanna Intruments, Inc - 584 Park East, Woonsochet, Rhode Island, USA 02895 - Technical Service Contact Information: +1-800-426-6287				
1.4. Emergency telephone number.					
For urgent inquiries refer to.	USA Emergency Contact Information: +1-800-424-9300 - CHEMT hours/365 days - International Emergency Contact Information: · CHEMTREC 24hours/365 days				

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is not classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). However, since the product contains hazardous substances in concentrations such as to be declared in section no. 3, it requires a safety data sheet with appropriate information.

Hazard pictograms: Signal words:	
Hazard statements:	
Precautionary statements Prevention: P273 Response:	S: Avoid release to the environment.
Storage:	
Disposal:	

2.2. Other hazards.

Environmental classification as for Reg. (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP):

The product is classified as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).

Classification and Hazard Statement. Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. ... / >>

SECTION 2. Hazarus iu		
Hazard statements: H412	 Harmful to aquatic l	ife with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement Prevention:	ts:	
Response:		
Storage:		
Disposal:		
Additional hazards. Information not available	9.	
SECTION 3. Comp	osition/informa	ation on ingredients.
3.1. Substances.		
Information not relevant.		
3.2. Mixtures.		
Contains:		
Identification.	x = Conc. %.	Classification:
SILVER NITRATE CAS. 7761-88-8 EC. 231-853-9 INDEX.	0.0025 ≤ x < 0.025	Oxidising solid, category 2 H272, Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 H290, Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute toxicity, category 1 H400 M=1000, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 1 H410 M=100
* There is a batch to bat	ch variation.	
The full wording of haza	rd (H) phrases is give	n in section 16 of the sheet.
SECTION 4. First a	id measures.	
4.1. Description of first ai Not specifically necessa		od industrial hygiene is recommended.
4.2. Most important symp No episodes of damage		oth acute and delayed. o the product have been reported.
permanent damage du	e to staining of the	of breath, Dizziness, Unconsciousness, Diarrhoea, gastric spasms, Vomiting, death, Risk of cornea. Risk of blindness! The following applies to soluble silver compounds: only slightly irritations after contact with eyes and skin.
4.3. Indication of any imm Information not available		ntion and special treatment needed.
SECTION 5. Firefig	hting measure	S.
	HING EQUIPMENT es are: carbon dioxi	de and chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray

can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water.

Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.



SECTION 5. Firefighting measures. ... / >>

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If large quantities of the product are involved in a fire, they can make it considerably worse. Do not breathe combustion products.

SILVER NITRATE

Not combustible. Has a fire-promoting effect due to release of oxygen. Ambient fire may liberate hazardous vapours. Fire may cause evolution of: nitrogen oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

In the case of fire, use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent the risk of explosions (product decomposition and excess pressure) and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Remove all containers containing the product from the fire, if it is safe to do so.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

EU	OEL EU	Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2016

				SILVER	NITRATE	
Threshold Limit V	/alue.					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	nin	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
OEL	EU	0.01				
TLV-ACGIH	-	0.01				

Legend:



SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection. ... / >>

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appeorance	,initiour p	•	
Appearance		liquid	
Colour		colourless	
Odour Odour		odourless	
Odour threshold.		Not available.	
pH.		4	
Melting point / freezing point.		Not available.	
Initial boiling point.		Not available.	
Boiling range.		Not available.	
Flash point.	>	93 °C.	(199,4 °F)
Evaporation rate		Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)		Not available.	
Lower inflammability limit.		Not available.	
Upper inflammability limit.		Not available.	
Lower explosive limit.		Not available.	
Upper explosive limit.		Not available.	
Vapour pressure.		Not available.	
Vapour density		Not available.	
Relative density.		1.04	
Solubility		soluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature.		Not available.	
Decomposition temperature.		Not available.	
Viscosity		Not available.	
Explosive properties		Not available.	
Oxidising properties		Not available.	
9.2. Other information.			
Total solids (250°C / 482°F)		7,16 %	
SECTION 40 Stability and road	41.14.7		

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity. ... / >>

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

SILVER NITRATE Has a corrosive effect.

10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

SILVER NITRATE Sensitivity to light.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

SILVER NITRATE

Exothermic reaction with: Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Alcohols, arsenic, halogen-halogen compounds, nonmetals, organic nitro compounds, Sodium hydroxide, magnesium, acetylidene, hydrazine and derivatives, carbides, azides, ammonium hydroxide, ethanol, Ammonia, Nitriles, Acetylene, Aldehydes, oxidisable substances, combustible substances.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

SILVER NITRATE Strong heating (decomposition). Exposure to light.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

SILVER NITRATE Aluminium, Mild steel.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

SILVER NITRATE

Symptoms: If ingested, severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach. Acute inhalation toxicity, Symptoms: mucosal irritations, Cough, Shortness of breath, Possible damages:, damage of respiratory tract. -Skin irritation, In vitro study, Result: Corrosive, Causes burns - Eye irritation rabbit, Result: Causes burns, Causes serious eye damage. Risk permanent damage due staining the cornea. Risk blindness! of to of of

ACUTE TOXICITY.

LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: LD50 (Oral) of the mixture: LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture: Not classified (no significant component). Not classified (no significant component). Not classified (no significant component). Not classified (no significant component).

SILVER NITRATE LD50 (Oral).

1173 mg/kg Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.



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SECTION 11. Toxicological information. ... / >>

CARCINOGENICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

ASPIRATION HAZARD. Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity.

SILVER NITRATE LC50 - for Fish. EC50 - for Crustacea. Chronic NOEC for Fish.

0.0067 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas 0.0006 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna 0.011 mg/l Leuciscus idus

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

SILVER NITRATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water.

12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment. Information not available.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

SILVER NITRATE

Forms corrosive mixtures with water even if diluted. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

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SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

14.1. UN number.

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

Not applicable.



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SECTION 14. Transport information. ... / >>

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group.

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards.

Not applicable.

14.6. Special precautions for user.

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

U.S. Federal Regulations.

TSCA: All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b): No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists: 313 Category Code: 7761-88-8 SILVER NITRATE

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ: 7761-88-8

8 SILVER NITRATE

EPCRA 313 TRI: 7761-88-8 SILVER NITRATE



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information. ... / >>

RCRA Code: No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.

State Regulations.

Massachussetts: No component(s) listed.

Minnesota: No component(s) listed.

New Jersey: No component(s) listed.

New York: No component(s) listed.

Pennsylvania: No component(s) listed.

California: No component(s) listed.

International Regulations. Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention: None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None.

Candadian WHMIS. Information not available.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H272	May intensify fire; oxidiser.
H290	May be corrosive to metals.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)



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SECTION 16. Other information. .../>>

- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 05 / 06 / 08 / 09 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 15 / 16.