

### Safety data sheet according to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012 and Canadian Regulation SOR/88-66

#### SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking.

##### 1.1. Product identifier.

Code. **HI84502-55**  
Product name. **Total Titratable Acidity Calibration Standard**  
Chemical name and synonym. **HYDROCHLORIC ACID 0.3%**

##### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Intended use. **Reagent for Measuring the Total Titratable Acidity in Wine.**

##### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Name. **Hanna Instruments S.R.L.**  
Full address. **str. Hanna Nr 1**  
District and Country. **457260 loc. Nusfalau (Salaj)**  
**Romania**  
Tel. **(+40) 260607700**  
Fax. **(+40) 260607700**

e-mail address of the competent person.  
responsible for the Safety Data Sheet. **sds@hannainst.com**

Product distribution by: **Hanna Instruments, Inc - 584 Park East, Woonsochet, Rhode Island, USA 02895 -  
Technical Service Contact Information: +1-800-426-6287**

##### 1.4. Emergency telephone number.

For urgent inquiries refer to. **USA Emergency Contact Information: +1-800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC 24  
hours/365 days - International Emergency Contact Information: +1-703-527-3887 -  
CHEMTREC 24hours/365 days**

#### SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

##### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

##### Classification and Hazard Statement.

Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1  
Skin corrosion, category 1B

May be corrosive to metals.  
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

##### Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: **Danger**

##### Hazard statements:

**H290** May be corrosive to metals.  
**H314** Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

##### Precautionary statements:

##### Prevention:

**P280** Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

##### Response:

**P303+P361+P353** IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.  
**P305+P351+P338** IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.  
Continue rinsing.

### SECTION 2. Hazards identification. ... / >>

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| <b>P310</b> | Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. |
| <b>P391</b> | Collect spillage.                           |
| Storage:    | --  |
| Disposal:   | --  |

#### 2.2. Other hazards.

Information not available.

### SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

#### 3.1. Substances.

The product does not contain substances classified as being hazardous to human health or the environment pursuant to the provisions Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements) in such quantities as to require the statement.

#### 3.2. Mixtures.

Information not relevant.

### SECTION 4. First aid measures.

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures.

Not specifically necessary. Observance of good industrial hygiene is recommended.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

No episodes of damage to health ascribable to the product have been reported.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

### SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

### SECTION 6. Accidental release measures. ... / >>

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. If the product is flammable, use explosion-proof equipment. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

### SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

#### 8.1. Control parameters.

Information not available.

#### 8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

##### HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

##### SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

##### EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

##### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its ofactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84 and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

##### ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

|            |           |
|------------|-----------|
| Appearance | liquid    |
| Colour     | yellow    |
| Odour      | odourless |

### SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties. ... / >>

|  |                     |
|--|---------------------|
| Odour threshold.                       | Not available.      |
| pH.                                    | 1.3                 |
| Melting point / freezing point.        | Not available.      |
| Initial boiling point.                 | Not available.      |
| Boiling range.                         | Not available.      |
| Flash point.                           | > 93 °C. (199.4 °F) |
| Evaporation rate                       | Not available.      |
| Flammability (solid, gas)              | Not available.      |
| Lower inflammability limit.            | Not available.      |
| Upper inflammability limit.            | Not available.      |
| Lower explosive limit.                 | Not available.      |
| Upper explosive limit.                 | Not available.      |
| Vapour pressure.                       | Not available.      |
| Vapour density                         | Not available.      |
| Relative density.                      | Not available.      |
| Solubility                             | soluble in water    |
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | Not available.      |
| Auto-ignition temperature.             | Not available.      |
| Decomposition temperature.             | Not available.      |
| Viscosity                              | Not available.      |
| Explosive properties                   | Not available.      |
| Oxidising properties                   | Not available.      |
| <b>9.2. Other information.</b>         |                     |
| Molecular weight.                      | 18.061              |
| Total solids (250°C / 482°F)           | 0.30 %              |

### SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

#### 10.1. Reactivity.

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Corrosive in contact with metals.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability.

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Exothermic reaction with: Amines, potassium permanganate, salts of oxyhalogenic acids, semimetallic oxides, semimetallic hydrogen compounds, Aldehydes, vinylmethyl ether, Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: carbides, lithium silicide, Fluorine, Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with: Aluminium, hydrides, formaldehyde, Metals, strong alkalis, Sulphides. Risk of explosion with: Alkali metals, conc. sulfuric acid.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid.

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Alkalis, organic substances, strong oxidants and metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 37%: Above decomposition temperature hydrochloric acid fumes may develop.

### SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

##### ACUTE TOXICITY.

|   |  |
|---|--|
| LC50 (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture:         | Not classified (no significant component). |
| LC50 (Inhalation - mists / powders) of the mixture: | Not classified (no significant component). |
| LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:                         | Not classified (no significant component). |
| LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:                       | Not classified (no significant component). |

##### Carcinogenicity Assessment:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID  
IARC:3

##### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION.

Corrosive for the skin.

##### SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

##### RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

##### GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

##### CARCINOGENICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

##### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

##### STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

##### STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

##### ASPIRATION HAZARD.

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class.

### SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability.

Information not available.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

Information not available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil.

Information not available.

### SECTION 12. Ecological information. ... / >>

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

### SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to dangerous goods transport regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

### SECTION 14. Transport information.

#### 14.1. UN number.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: 1789

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name.

ADR / RID: HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION

IMDG: HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION

IATA: HYDROCHLORIC ACID SOLUTION

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

ADR / RID: Class: 8 Label: 8



IMDG: Class: 8 Label: 8



IATA: Class: 8 Label: 8



#### 14.4. Packing group.

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards.

ADR / RID: NO

IMDG: NO

IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user.

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 80

Special Provision: -

Limited Quantities: 5 L

Tunnel restriction code: (E)

IMDG:

EMS: F-A, S-B

Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA:

Cargo:

Maximum quantity: 60 L

Packaging instructions: 856

Pass.:

Maximum quantity: 5 L

Packaging instructions: 852

Special Instructions:

A3, A803

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

U.S. Federal Regulations.

TSCA:

All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):

No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

EPCRA 313 TRI:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

RCRA Code:

No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

State Regulations.

Massachusetts:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Minnesota:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

New Jersey:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

New York:

### SECTION 15. Regulatory information. ... / >>

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Pennsylvania:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

California:

7647-01-0 HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.

International Regulations.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None.

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None.

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None.

Candadian WHMIS.

Information not available.

### SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

|                      |  |
|----------------------|--|
| <b>Met. Corr. 1</b>  | Substance or mixture corrosive to metals, category 1 |
| <b>Skin Corr. 1B</b> | Skin corrosion, category 1B                          |
| <b>H290</b>          | May be corrosive to metals.                          |
| <b>H314</b>          | Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.             |

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit



### SECTION 16. Other information. ... / >>

- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh - Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
  
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Communication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachusetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minnesota Chapter 5206 Department Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.