



# **MM870 Industrial TRMS Digital Multimeter**



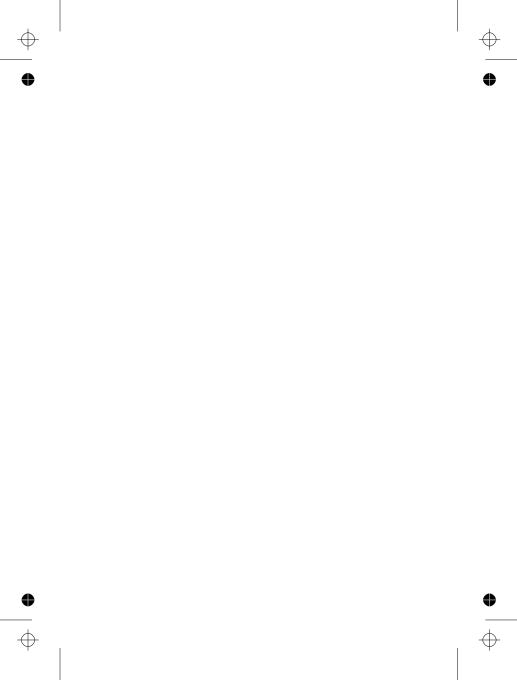














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Professional True RMS Industrial Digital Multimeter with Bluetooth and 6000/60000 count LCD display. This meter measures AC/DC Voltage, AC/DC Current, Resistance, Capacitance, Frequency(electrical & electronic), Duty Cycle, Diode Test, and Continuity plus Thermocouple Temperature. It features a waterproof, rugged design for heavy duty use. Proper use and care of this meter will provide many years of reliable service.

# 2-Safety



This symbol adjacent to another symbol, terminal or operating device indicates that the operator must refer to an explanation in the Operating Instructions to avoid personal injury or damage to the meter.

WARNING

This **WARNING** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

This **CAUTION** symbol indicates a potentially hazardous situation, which if not avoided, may result damage to the product.



This symbol advises the user that the terminal(s) so marked must not be connected to a circuit point at which the voltage with respect to earth ground exceeds(in this case)1000 VAC or VDC.



This symbol adjacent to one or more terminals identifies them as being associated with ranges that may, in normal use, be subjected to particularly hazardous voltages. For maximum safety, the meter and its test leads should not be handled when these terminals are energized.



This symbol indicates that a device is protected throughout by double insulation or reinforced insulation.

# PER IEC1010 OVERVOLTAGE INSTALLATION CATEGORY OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I

Equipment of **OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY I** is equipment for connection to circuits in which measures are taken to limit the transient overvoltages to an appropriate low level.

Note-Examples include protected electronic circuits.

### OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II

Equipment of **OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY II** is energy-consuming equipment to be supplied from the fixed installation.

Note-Examples include household, office, and laboratory appliances.

### **OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III**

Equipment of **OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY III** is equipment in fixed installations. **Note**-Examples include switches in the fixed installation and some equipment for industrial use with permanent connection to the fixed installation.

### **OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV**

Equipment of **OVERVOLTAGE CATEGORY IV** is for use at the origin of the installation. **Note**-Examples include electricity meters and primary over-current protection equipment



This meter has been designed for safe use, but must be operated with caution. The rules listed below must be carefully followed for safe operation.

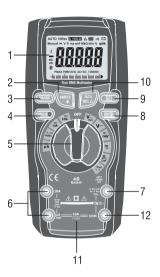
1-NEVER apply voltage or current to the meter that exceeds the specified maximum:

Input Protection Limits		
Function	Maximum Input	
V DC or V AC	1000V DC/AC rms	
mA AC/DC	800mA 1000V fast acting fuse	
A AC/DC	10A 1000V fast acting fuse(20A	
	for 30 seconds max every 15	
	minutes)	
Frequency, Resistance, Capacitance,	600V DC/AC rms	
Duty Cycle, Diode Test, Continuity		
Temperature		
Surge Protection: 8kV peak per IEC 61010		

- 2-USE EXTREME CAUTION when working with high voltages.
- 3-DO NOT measure voltage if the voltage on the "COM" input jack exceeds 1000V above earth ground.
- 4-NEVER connect the meter leads across a voltage source while the function switch is in the current, resistance, or diode mode. Doing so can damage the meter.
- 5-ALWAYS discharge filter capacitors in power supplies and disconnect the power when making resistance or diode tests.
- 6-ALWAYS turn off the power and disconnect the test leads before opening the covers to replace the fuse or batteries.
- 7-NEVER operate the meter unless the back cover and the battery and fuse covers are in place and fastened securely.
- 8-If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.



- 1-LCD display
- 2-Backlight and HIRES button
- 3-Rang button
- 4-MDOE and Bluetooth button
- 5-Rotary Function Switch
- 6-µA/mA and 10A input jack
- 7-V/Ω/Hz%/CAP/DIODE/TEMP input jack
- 8-MAX/MIN and PMAX/PMIN Button
- 9-HOLD and AUTO HOLD button
- 10-Hz% and Rel button
- 11-BATTERY cover
- 12-COM input jack



Note: Tilt stand and battery compartment are on rear of unit.







Continuity
Diode test
Battery status

n nano(10°) (capacitance)
μ micro(10°) (amps, cap)
m milli(10°) (volts, amps)

A Amps

k kilo(10³) (ohms)
F Farads (capacitance)
M mega(10⁵) (ohms)

Ω Ohms PEAK Peak Hold Hertz(frequency) Ηz V Volts % Percent(duty ratio) REL Relative Alternating current AC **OTUA** Autoranging DC Direct current HOLD Display hold °F Degrees Fahrenheit °C Degrees Centigrade

MAX Maximum
MIN Minimum
4.3 Bluetooth 4.0





**WARNING:** Risk of electrocution. High-voltage circuits, both AC and DC, are very dangerous and should be measured with great care.

- ALWAYS turn the function switch to the **OFF** position when the meter is not in use.
- If "OL" appears in the display during a measurement, the value exceeds the range you have selected. Change to a higher range.

## 6-1.DC Voltage Measurements

**CAUTION:** Do not measure DC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- Set the function switch to the **VDC** position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack.
  - Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive  ${\bf V}$  jack,
- Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit.
  - Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- · Read the voltage in the display.





## 6-2.AC Voltage(Frequency, Duty Cycle)Measurements

**WARNING:** Risk of Electrocution. The probe tips may not be long enough to contact the live parts inside some 240V outlets for appliances because the contacts are recessed deep in the outlets. As a result, the reading may show 0 volts when the outlet actually has voltage on it. Make sure the probe tips are touching the metal contacts inside the outlet before assuming that no voltage is present.

**CAUTION:** Do not measure AC voltages if a motor on the circuit is being switched ON or OFF. Large voltage surges may occur that can damage the meter.

- Set the function switch to the **VAC/Hz/%** position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative **COM** jack.

Insert red test lead banana plug into the positive  ${f V}$  iack.

 Touch the black test probe tip to the neutral side of the circuit.

Touch the red test probe tip to the "hot" side of the circuit.

- Read the voltage in the display.
- Press the Hz % button to indicate "Hz".
- Read the frequency in the display.
- Press the Hz % button again to indicate "%".
- · Read the % of duty cycle in the display.
- Press the MODE button again to indicate low pass " ...
- Read the low pass voltage in the display











**CAUTION:** Do not make 20A current measurements for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
- For current measurements up to 6000µA DC, set the function switch to the µA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the µA/mA jack.
- For current measurements up to 600mA DC, set the function switch to the mA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the µA/mA jack.
- For current measurements up to 10A DC, set the function switch to the 10A position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the 10A jack.
- Press the MODE button to indicate "DC" on the display.
- Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- Touch the black test probe tip to the negative side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the positive side of the circuit.
- · Apply power to the circuit.
- Read the current in the display.



## 6-4.AC Current(Frequency, Duty Cycle)Measurements

**CAUTION:** Do not make 20A current measurements for longer than 30 seconds. Exceeding 30 seconds may cause damage to the meter and/or the test leads.

- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
- For current measurements up to 6000µA AC, set the function switch to the yellow µA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the µA/mA jack.
- For current measurements up to 600mA AC, set the function switch to the yellow mA position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the µA/mA jack.
- For current measurements up to 10A AC, set the function switch to the yellow 10A position and insert the red test lead banana plug into the 10A jack.
- Press the MODE button to indicate "AC" on the display.
- Remove power from the circuit under test, then open up the circuit at the point where you wish to measure current.
- Touch the black test probe tip to the neutral side of the circuit. Touch the red test probe tip to the "hot" side of the circuit.
- · Apply power to the circuit.
- · Read the current in the display.
- Press the Hz % button to indicate "Hz".
- Read the frequency in the display.
- Press the Hz % button again to indicate "%".
- Read the % duty cycle in the display.
- Press and hold the MODE button to return to current measurement...







**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any resistance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords,

- Set the function switch to the  $\Omega$  CAP  $\longrightarrow$  ···) Position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
   Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω Jack.
- Press the **MODE** button to indicate " $\Omega$ " on the display.
- Touch the test probe tips across the circuit or part under test. It is best to disconnect one side of the part under test so the rest of the circuit will not interfere with the resistance reading.
- Read the resistance in the display.





# 6-6.Continuity Check

**WARNING:** To avoid electric shock, never measure continuity on circuits or wires that have voltage on them.

- Set the function switch to the Ω CAP → •)) position.
- Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
   Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive Ω jack.
- Press the MODE button to indicate "•)) and "Ω" on the display
- Touch the test probe tips to the circuit or wire you wish to check.
- If the resistance is less than approximately 30Ω, the audible signal will sound. If the circuit is open, the display will indicate "OL".







- Set the function switch to the  $\Omega$  CAP  $\rightarrow$  •)) position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- Press the MODE button to indicate "→ " and "V" on the display.
- Touch the test probes to the diode under test.
   Forward voltage will typically indicate 0.400 to 0.700V. Reverse voltage will indicate "OL".
   Shorted devices will indicate near 0V and an open device will indicate "OL" in both polarities.



## 6-8.Temperature Measurements

- Set the function switch to the **Temp** position.
- Insert the Temperature Probe into the input jacks, making sure to observe the correct polarity.
- Press the MODE button to indicate "°F" or "°C"
- Touch the Temperature Probe head to the part whose temperature you wish to measure. Keep the probe touching the part under test until the reading stabilizes (about 30 seconds).
- Read the temperature in the display.



**Note:** The temperature probe is fitted with a type K mini connector.

A mini connector to banana connector adaptor is supplied for connection to the input banana jacks.





WARNING: To avoid electric shock, disconnect power to the unit under test and discharge all capacitors before taking any capacitance measurements. Remove the batteries and unplug the line cords.

- Set the rotary function switch to the  $\Omega$  CAP  $\rightarrow$  •)) position.
- Insert the black test lead banana plug into the negative COM jack.
   Insert the red test lead banana plug into the positive V jack.
- . Press the MODE button to indicate "F"
- Touch the test leads to the capacitor to be tested.
- Read the capacitance value in the display



# 6-10.Frequency(Duty Cycle)Measurements (Electronic)

- Set the rotary function switch to the Hz/% position.
- Insert the black lead banana plug into the negative COM jack and the red test lead banana plug into the positive Hz jack.
- Touch the test probe tips to the circuit under test.
- Read the frequency on the display.
- Press the Hz % button to indicate "%".
- Read the % duty cycle in the display.







- 1-Set up and connect as described for DC mA measurements.
- 2-Set the rotary function switch to the **4-20mA**% position.
- 3-The meter will display loop current as a % with 0mA=-25%, 4mA=0%, 20mA= 100%, and 24mA=125%.

## MODE/Bluetooth ❷

Press MODE/Bluetooth button to select AC or Low Pass filter ,AC mV or DC mV, Resistance, Continuity, Diode Test, Temp °C and °F.

Press and hold the Mode/Bluetooth until the " \( \mathbb{S}\)" symbol appears on the LCD display. Bluetooth should be disable when not connected to a mobile device in order to conserve battery power, To turn off Bluetooth, press and hold the MODE/Bluetooth button unit the " \( \mathbb{S}\)" symbol no longer appears on the display.

## Autoraging/Manual Range Selection

When the meter is first turned on, it automatically goes into Auto Ranging. This automatically selects the best range for the measurements being made and is generally the best mode for most measurements. For measurement situations requiring that a range be manually selected, perform the following:

- 1-Press the **RANGE** key. The "AUTO" display indicator will turn off.
- 2-Press the RANGE key to step through the available ranges until you select the range you want.
- 3-To exit the Manual Ranging mode and return to Autoranging, press and hold the **RANG**E key for 2 seconds.

**Note:** Manual ranging does not apply for the Temperature functions.

#### MAX/MIN

- 1-Press the MAX/MIN key to activate the MAX/MIN recording mode. The display icon "MAX" will appear. The meter will display and hold the maximum reading and will update only when a new "MAX" occurs.
- 2-Press the MAX/MIN key again and the display icon "MIN" will appear. The meter will display and hold the minimum reading and will update only when a new "MIN" occurs.
- 3-Press the MAX/MIN key again and the display icon "AVG" will appear. The meter will display the average reading.
- 4-To exit MAX/MIN mode press and hold the MAX/MIN key for 2 seconds.





The relative measurement feature allows you to make measurements relative to a stored reference value. A reference voltage, current, etc. can be stored and measurements made in comparison to that value. The displayed value is the difference between the reference value and the measured value.

**Note:** Relative mode does not operate in the 4-20mA function.

- 1-Perform the measurement as described in the operating instructions.
- 2-press and hold the **REL** key for 2 seconds to store the reading in the display and the "**REL**" indicator will appear on the display.
- 3-The display will now indicate the difference between the stored value and the measured value.
- 4-press and hold the **REL** key for 2 seconds to exit the relative mode.

## · Display Backlight

Press the 🐞 key to turn the backlight off. Again Press the 🐞 key to turn the backlight on. Change function switch will turn the backlight on.

### HIRES

Pressing HIRES for 2 second causes the Meter to enter the high-resolution(HiRes), 4-1/2 digit mode. Readings are displayed at 10 times the normal resolution with a maximum display of 59,999 counts. The HiRes mode works in all modes except capacitance, frequency counter functions, temperature, and the(peak)MIN/MAX modes.

To return to the 3-1/2 digit mode, press H again for 2 second,

# • Bar Graph

The analog bar graph functions like the needle on ananalog meter, but without the overshoot. The graph is not shown for capacitance, frequency counter functions, temperature, or peak min max, or REL funcions.range 6000.

#### • HOLD

The hold function freezes the reading in the display. Press the HOLD key momentarily to activate or to exit the HOLD function.

#### AUTOHOLD

The Auto HOLD mode captures the present reading on the display. When a new, stable reading is detected, the Meter beeps and displays the new reading. pressing **AHOLD** for 2 second To enter or exit Auto HOLD mode.



The Peak Hold function captures the peak AC voltage or current. The meter can capture negative or positive peaks as fast as 1 millisecond in duration. Momentarily press the **PEAK** button, "**PEAK**" and "**MAX**" will display. The meter will update the dispay each time a higher positive peak occurs. Press the **PEAK** button again, "**MIN**" will display. The meter will update the dispay each time a lower negative peak occurs. Press and hold the **PEAK** button for more than 1 second to exit PEAK Hold mode. Auto Power Off feature will be disabled automatically in this mode.

LOW Battery Indication

With a fresh battery installed, the battery icon with four lines above it will be displayed in the lower right corner of the LCD. The lines will disappear as the battery is used. When the con appears alone in the display, the battery should be replaced.

#### AUTO Power OFF

The auto off feature will turn the meter off after 15 minutes. To disable the auto power off feature, hold down the **MODE** button and turn the meter on. "**10FF**" will appear in the display. Turn the meter off and then on again to re-enable the auto power off feature.

# 7-Replacing the Batteries

Refer to Figure and replace the batteries as follows:

- Turn the Meter off and remove the test leads from the terminals.
- Remove the battery door assembly by using a standardblade screwdriver to turn the battery door screw one-half turn counterclockwise.
- Replace the batteries with 4\*1.5V "AAA"
- Reinstall the battery door assembly and secure it by turning the screw one-half turn clockwise.

# 8-Replacing the Fuses

Referring to Figure, examine or replace the Meter's fuses as follows:

- Turn the Meter off and remove the test leads from the terminals.
- Remove the battery door assembly by using a standardblade screwdriver to turn the battery door screw one-half turn counterclockwise.
- Remove the fuse by gently prying one end loose, then sliding the fuse out of its bracket.
- Install only specified replacement fuses.
- Reinstall the battery door assembly and secure it by turning the screw one-half turn clockwise.





# 9-Specifications

6000counts:

Accuracy calculated as [%reading+(num, digits\*resolution)] at 18°C+28°C<75%HR 60000 counts:

Accuracy calculated as[%reading+(10\*num. digits\*resolution)] at 18°C÷28°C<75%HR

Range	Resolution	Accuracy	
600mV	0.1mV	$\pm$ (0.1% reading + 2 d	igits)
6V	0.001V		
60V	0.01V	+ (0.05% reading 1.2 di	igite)
600V	0.1V	1 ± (0.00 %) teauling + 2 ui	igits)
1000V	1V		
		50 to 1000Hz	1K-5KHz
600mV	0.1mV	±(1.0% reading	±(2.0% reading
6V	0.001V	+ 4 digits)	+ 5digits)
60V	0.01V		, ,
600V	0.1V		
1000V	1V		Unspecified
All AC vol	tage ranges a	re specified from 5% of	f range to 100%
of range L	ow pass fiter:F		
600µA	0.1µA	$\pm$ (0.2% reading + 5d	igits)
6000µA	1µA	$\pm (0.2\% \text{ reading} + 3 \text{ d})$	ligits)
60mA	0.01mA	$\pm$ (0.2% reading + 5d	ligits)
600mA	0.1mA	$\pm (0.2\% \text{ reading} + 30)$	ligits)
10A	0.01A		
(10A: 30	sec max with		
			1K to 5KHz
600µA	0.1µA		±(3.0 % reading
6000µA	1μA	+ 3 digits)	+ 5digits)
60mA	0.01mA		
600mA	0.1mA		
10A	0.01A		Unspecified
(10A: 30 sec max with reduced accuracy)			
All AC voltage ranges are specified from 5% of range to 100%			
of range			
	600mV 6V 60V 600V 1000V 600mV 6V 600V 600V 600V 600V 600V All AC vol of range L 600µA 600mA 10A (10A: 30 600µA 600mA 10A (10A: 30 All AC vol of range	600mV         0.1mV           6V         0.001V           60V         0.01V           600V         0.1V           1000V         1V           600mV         0.1mV           6V         0.001V           60V         0.1V           1000V         1V           All AC voltage ranges a of range Low pass fiter:         600μA           600μA         0.1μA           600μA         0.1μA           600mA         0.01mA           10A         0.01A           (10A: 30 sec max with           600μA         0.1μA           600μA         0.1μA           600μA         0.01mA           600mA         0.01mA           600mA         0.01mA           10A         0.01A           (10A: 30 sec max with           All AC voltage ranges a of range	600mV         0.1mV         ± (0.1% reading + 2 dough           6V         0.001V         ± (0.05% reading + 2 dough           60V         0.01V         ± (0.05% reading + 2 dough           1000V         1V         50 to 1000Hz           600mV         0.1mV         ± (1.0% reading           6V         0.001V         + 4 digits)           60V         0.01V         + 4 digits)           60V         0.1V         - 4 digits)           60V         0.01V         - 4 digits)           60V         0.1V         - 4 digits)           600µA         0.1µA         ± (0.2% reading + 5 dough           600µA         0.1mA         ± (0.2% reading + 3 dough           600mA         0.01mA         ± (0.2% reading + 3 dough           10A         0.01A         ± (1.0% reading + 3 dough           600µA         0.1µA         ± (1.0% reading + 3 dough           600µA         0.1µA         ± (1.0% reading + 3 dough           600µA         0.01mA

**NOTE:** Accuracy is stated at 18°C to 28°C(65°F to 83°F) and less than 75% RH.



Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Resistance	600Ω	0.1Ω	$\pm (0.2\% \text{ reading } + 5 \text{ digits})$
	6kΩ	0.001kΩ	$\pm$ (0.2 % reading + 3 digits)
	60kΩ	0.01kΩ	
	600kΩ	0.1kΩ	
	6ΜΩ	0.01ΜΩ	$\pm$ (1.0% reading + 8 digits)
	60ΜΩ	0.01ΜΩ	$\pm$ (2.0% reading + 8 digits)
Capacitance	60nF	0.01nF	$\pm (3.5\% \text{ reading } + 10 \text{ digits})$
	600nF	0.1nF	
	6µF	0.001µF	$\pm (2.5\% \text{ reading } + 10 \text{ digits})$
	60µF	0.01µF	
	600µF	0.1µF	
	6000µF	1μF	$\pm (3.5\% \text{ reading } + 10 \text{ digits})$
Frequency	60Hz	0.001Hz	$\pm$ (0.5% reading + 2digits)
(electronic)	600Hz	0.01Hz	
	6kHz	0.0001kHz	
	60kHz	0.001kHz	
	600kHz	0.01kHz	
	6MHz	0.0001MHz	
	10MHz	0.001MHz	
	Sensitivity: 0.8'	V rms min. @	20% to 80% duty cycle and
	<100kHz; 5Vrms min @ 20% to 80% duty cycle and >100kHz.		
Frequency	40.00-10KHz	0.01Hz	$\pm$ (0.5% reading)
(electrical)	Sensitivity: 15Vrms		
Duty Cycle	0.1 to 99.90%	0.1%	$\pm (1.2\% \text{ reading } + 2 \text{ digits})$
	Pulse width: 100µs-100ms, Frequency: 5Hz to 100kHz		
Temp	-58 to1832 °F	0.1°F	$\pm$ (1.2% reading + 5 °F)
(type-K)	-50 to 000°C	0.1°C	$\pm$ (1.2 % reading + 3°C)
			(probe accuracy not included)
4-20mA%	-25 to 125%	0.1%	±20 digits
	0mA=-25%, 4mA=0%, 20mA=100%, 24mA=125%		

Note: Accuracy specifications consist of two elements:

- (% reading)-This is the accuracy of the measurement circuit.
- (+ digits)-This is the accuracy of the analog to digital converter.

Enclosure	Double molded, waterproof
Shock (Drop Test)	6.5 feet(2 meters)
Diode Test	Test current of 1.5 mA maximum, open circuit voltage
	3.0 V DC typical
Continuity Check	Audible signal will sound if the resistance is less than
	$35\Omega$ (approx.), test current < 0.35mA
PEAK	Captures peaks >1ms
Temperature Sensor	Requires type K thermocouple
Input Impedance	>10MΩ VDC
AC Response	True rms
AC True RMS	The term stands for "Root-Mean-Square" which
	represents the method of calculation of the voltage
	or current value. Average responding multimeters
	are calibrated to read correctly only on sine waves
	and they will read inaccurately on non-sine wave or
	distorted signals. True rms meters read accurately
	on either type of signal.
ACV Bandwidth	50Hz to 5000Hz
Display	6000/60,000 count backlit liquid crystal with bargraph
Overrange indication	"OL" is displayed
Auto Power Off	15 minutes(approximately)with disable feature
Polarity	Automatic(no indication for positive); Minus(-)sign for
	negative
Measurement Rate	3 times per second, nominal
Low Battery Indication	" 🔋 " is displayed if battery voltage drops below
	operating voltage
Battery	4*1.5 volt(NEDA 1604)battery

True RMS Digital Multimeter	User Manua
Trao Ilino Digital malaniotol	ooor manaa

Fuses	mA, μA ranges; 0.8A/1000V ceramic fast blow A
	range; 10A/1000V ceramic fast blow
Operating Temperature	5°C to 40°C(41°F to 104°F)
Storage Temperature	-20°C to 60°C(-4°F to 140°F)
Operating Humidity	Max 80% up to 87°F(31°C)decreasing linearly to
Storage Humidity	50% at 40°C(104°F)
Operating Altitude	<80% 7000ft. (2000meters)maximum.
Safety	Complies with EN61010-1:2010 , EN61010-031:2015 and EN61010-2-033:2012 for measurement
	Category IV 600V and Category III 1000V , Polution Degree 2



Triplett / Jewell Instruments extends the following warranty to the original purchaser of these goods for use. Triplett warrants to the original purchaser for use that the products sold by it will be free from defects in workmanship and material for a period of (2) two years from the date of purchase. This warranty does not apply to any of our products which have been repaired or altered by unauthorized persons in any way or purchased from unauthorized distributors so as, in our sole judgment, to injure their stability or reliability, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, misapplication, negligence, accident or which have had the serial numbers altered, defaced, or removed. Accessories, including batteries are not covered by this warranty.

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