

DIL	Diluent / Probenverdünnungspuffer / Diluyente / Diluente / Diluant /	PLATE	Solid phase / Mikrotiterplatte / Fase sólida / Fase sólida / Phase solide /
CONTROL X	Controll / Kontrolle / Control / Controlo / Contrôle /	CAL X	Calibrator / Kalibrator / Calibrador / Calibratore / Calibrateur /
STOP	Stop solution / Stopplösung / Solución de parada / Soluzione di arresto / Solution d'arrêt /	SUBS TMB	Substrate/Substrat/Substrat/Sustrato/Substrat /
CONJ	Conjugate Konjugat/Conjugado/Coniugato/Conjugué /	WASH X	Washing solution / Waschlösung / Solución de lavado / Soluzione di lavaggio / Solution de lavage /

IMTEC

Human
Diagnostics Worldwide

IMTEC-t-Transglutaminase Antibodies IgG

Composition of supplied reagents/materials

- 1. Solid phase**
12 strips of 8 wells coated with human recombinant antigen, polyethylene vacuum-sealed bag containing a desiccant.
- 2. Conjugate (anti-human IgG, goat)**
1 vial containing 15 µl horse-radish labelled anti-human IgG antibodies (goat) in a buffer solution with Proclin 300 as a preservative.
- 3. Calibrator**
5 vials containing 1.5 ml positive serum (human) in a buffer solution with Proclin 300 as a preservative. Calibrators values are reported in Units (U/ml) and printed on the vial label. Calibrators are ready to use.
- 4. Positive control**
1 vial containing 1.5 ml positive control serum (human) in a buffer solution with Proclin 300 as a preservative. Ready to use.
- 5. Negative control**
1 vial containing 1.5 ml negative control serum (human) in a buffer solution with Proclin 300 as a preservative. Ready to use.
- 6. Sample diluent**
2 vials containing 50 µl buffer solution with Proclin 300 as a preservative.
- 7. Substrate (TMB)**
One vial containing 15 ml chromogenic buffer solution.
- 8. Washing solution**
1 vial containing 50 µl concentrate solution (20x) with detergents and Proclin 300 as a preservative.
- 9. Stop solution**
One vial containing 15 ml H2SO4 0.5M.

Materials required but not provided

1. EIA reader (450 nm)
2. Precision pipettes (5, 10 and 1000 µl)
3. Distilled water

Materials provided with the kit
(quantity sufficient for 96 tests)

Solid phase (human recombinant antigen)	12x8 wells
Enzyme-antibody conjugate (anti-human IgG, goat)	1x15 ml
Calibrators (human)	5x1.5 ml
Positive Control (human)	1x1.5 ml
Negative control (human)	1x1.5 ml
Sample diluent	2x50 ml
Substrate	1x15 ml
Washing solution (20x)	1x50 ml
Stop solution	1x15 ml

TERGESTE Prüfplakette - COG 2014

IMTEC-t-Transglutaminase Antibodies IgG

rekombinantern Antigen, verpackt in einem unter Vakuum verschlossenen Polyethylenbeutel mit Trocknungsmittel.

Enzym-Immunoassay zur Bestimmung von spezifischen IgG-Antikörpern gegen Gewebetransglutaminase im Serum.

Nur zur in-vitro-Diagnostik

Verwendungszweck
Der IMTEC-t-Transglutaminase Antibodies IgG Kit wird zur quantitativen Bestimmung spezifischer IgG-Antikörper gegen Gewebe transglutaminase in Humanserum eingesetzt.

Testprinzip
Der IMTEC-t-Transglutaminase Antibodies IgG Testkit ist ein Sandwich-Enzym-Immunoassay. Die Oberfläche der Mikrotiter-Platten ist mit humander rekombinanter Gewebe transglutaminase beschichtet. Die antigenspezifischen Antikörper im Patientenserum binden an das Antigen, und die unspezifischen Antikörper werden durch einen Waschschritt entfernt. Daraufhin wird ein mit Meerrettichperoxidase markierter anti-human-IgG-Antikörper zugegeben, der die Antikörper innerhalb der Mikrotiter-Platte bindet. Das überschüssige Konjugat wird durch Waschen entfernt. Anschließend wird das Substrat zugegeben. Nach einer Inkubationszeit wird die optische Dichte (O.D.) der Lösung mit einem Mikrotiterplatten-Photometer bei einer Wellenlänge von 450 nm bestimmt.

Packungsinhalt
(Ausreichend für 96 Tests)

Mikrotiter-Platten (mit humander rekombinanter Gewebe transglutaminase als Beschichtungsantigen)	12x8 Streifen
Enzym-Antikörper-Konjugat (anti-human IgG, Ziege)	1x15 ml
Kalibratoren (human)	5x1.5 ml
Positivkontrolle (human)	1x1.5 ml
Negativkontrolle (human)	1x1.5 ml
Probenverdünnungspuffer	2x50 ml
Substrat	1x15 ml
Waschlösung (20x)	1x50 ml
Stoplösung	1x15 ml

Zusammensetzung der Reagenzien

- 1. Abweichung zwischen den einzelnen Proben (Intra-Assay-Abweichung)**
Ein Referenzserum wurde getestet, dass alle Reagenzien nach 96 Stunden Lagerung bei 37°C stabil waren.

IMTEC-t-Transglutaminase Antibodies IgG

Performance criteria and limits of the procedure

The test allows the detection of anti-tissue transglutaminase antibodies in human serum thus enabling to distinguish between coeliac patients and healthy subjects. The dynamic range of the system range between 0 and 100 Units (U/ml).

1. Intra-assay variation

5 reference sera were tested 6 times in the same run. The results are reported below:

Serum	1	2	3	4	5
Mean (U/ml)	12.60	42.98	8.32	12.01	11.0
S.D.	1.571	4.414	0.409	0.800	0.778
CV%	12.5	10.3	4.9	6.7	7.1

2. Inter-assay variation

5 reference sera were tested in duplicate 3 times in 3 different runs. The results are reported below:

Serum	1	2	3	4	5
Mean (U/ml)	13.73	46.23	8.93	13.47	11.73
S.D.	1.097	2.909	0.808	0.902	0.153
CV%	8.0	6.3	9.0	6.7	1.3

Sample collection

The IMTEC-t-Transglutaminase Antibodies IgG requires serum. It is important to preserve the integrity of the blood sample from its collection till the end of the test. Perform phlebotomy using a non-traumatic venipuncture technique. Allow blood to clot for at least 20-30 minutes, until the clot starts to retract. Before centrifugation, remove the clot from the collection tube walls. It is not necessary to add preservatives to the serum to keep integrity of the serum sample. Samples should be stored at 2-8°C and assayed within 24 hours after collection. If the test cannot be run within 24 hours, serum sample should be frozen (aliquots). Avoid repeated freezing and thawing of serum. Do not use automatic defrost-freezers, as samples might undergo to repeated freezing and thawing cycles which might denature class IgG antibodies and lead to wrong results. Avoid use of lipemic, hemolized or contaminated serum samples.

Sample dilution

Sample must be diluted 1:101 (10 µl serum in 1.0 ml sample diluent) before use. Diluted samples can be stored for 24 hours at 4°C or for a week at -20°C.

Procedure

Allow all the reagents to reach room temperature. Define the appropriate amount of patients sera needed to complete the test. Prepare the samples by diluting each serum 1:101 (10 µl serum in 1.0 ml sample diluent) and mix well. The calibrator and the controls provided with the kit are ready to use, are not to be diluted and must be included in each test run. Place the required number of strips into the plate-holder and make sure they are well fixed.

1. Pipette 100 µl of each calibrator in the first wells (A1-B1, ... A2-B2).
2. Pipette 100 µl of negative control, 100 µl of positive control and 100 µl of diluted samples (1:101) in the remaining wells.
3. Cover the wells in order to prevent evaporation and incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature (RT).
4. After incubation remove the liquid completely.
5. Pipette 300 µl/well of washing solution and then remove the liquid from the wells.
6. Repeat this step 3 times.
7. Pipette 100 µl anti-IgG conjugate in each well.
8. Cover the wells in order to prevent evaporation and incubate for 30 minutes at RT.
9. Repeat washing steps as above.
10. Pipette 100 µl substrate in each well.
11. Cover the wells in order to prevent evaporation and incubate for 15 minutes at RT.
12. Stop the reaction by adding 100 µl Stop Solution.
13. Read the results by means of an EIA reader at 450 nm.

Preparation of reagents

Washing solution
Prepare the washing solution by diluting the content of the whole vial with distilled or deionised water to a final volume of 1000 ml.

Calculation of results

Analyse results by means of a point-to-point linear regression. In case of manual calculation, define the average O.D. value for both Calibrator and samples tested in duplicate.. Plot the average OD values of calibrators on the Y axis and the concentration of calibrators on the X axis on a lin-lin graph paper. The obtained calibration curve will be used to calculate the U/ml values of each sample.

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9. Repeat washing steps as above.
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11. Cover the wells in order to prevent evaporation and incubate for 15 minutes at RT.
12. Stop the reaction by adding 100 µl Stop Solution.
13. Read the results by means of an EIA reader at 450 nm.

Preparation of reagents

Washing solution
Prepare the washing solution by diluting the content of the whole vial with distilled or deionised water to a final volume of 1000 ml.

Calculation of results

Analyse results by means of a point-to-point linear regression. In case of manual calculation, define the average O.D. value for both Calibrator and samples tested in duplicate.. Plot the average OD values of calibrators on the Y axis and the concentration of calibrators on the X axis on a lin-lin graph paper. The obtained calibration curve will be used to calculate the U/ml values of each sample.

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3. Cover the wells in order to prevent evaporation and incubate for 45 minutes at room temperature (RT).
4. After incubation remove the liquid completely.
5. Pipette 300 µl/well of washing solution and then remove the liquid from the wells.
6. Repeat this step 3 times.
7. Pipette 100 µl anti-IgG conjugate in each well.
- 8.

IMTEC-t-Transglutaminase Antibodies IgG

Matériel fourni

1. Phase solide
12 barrettes de 8 puits contenant un antigène humain recombinant, scellées sous vide et emballées dans un sachet de polyéthylène avec un agent de dessiccation.

2. Conjugué (anti-IgG humaine, chèvre)
1 flacon de 15 ml d'anticorps de chèvre anti-IgG humaine, marqués à la peroxydase du raffort, dans une solution tamponnée avec du Proclin 300 comme conservateur.

3. Calibrateurs
5 flacons contenant 1,5 ml de sérum positif (humain) dans une solution tamponnée avec du Proclin 300 comme conservateur. Les valeurs des calibrateurs en U/ml sont inscrites sur les étiquettes. Les calibrateurs sont prêts à l'emploi.

4. Contrôle positif
1 flacon contenant 1,5 ml de sérum positif (humain) en solution tamponnée avec du Proclin 300 comme conservateur. Prêt à l'emploi.

5. Contrôle négatif
1 flacon contenant 1,5 ml de sérum négatif (humain) en solution tamponnée avec du Proclin 300 comme conservateur. Prêt à l'emploi.

6. Diluant d'échantillon
2 flacons contenant 50 ml de solution tamponnée.

7. Substrat (TMB)
1 flacon de 15 ml de substrat chromogène avec du Proclin 300 comme conservateur.

8. Solution de lavage
1 flacon de 50 ml de solution concentrée (20x) avec détergent et du Proclin 300 comme conservateur.

9. Solution d'arrêt
1 flacon de 15 ml de solution d'acide sulfurique (H₂SO₄) 0,5M.

Composition du coffret
(quantité suffisante pour 96 tests)

Phase solide (antigène humain recombinant) 12x8 puits

Conjugué (anti-IgG humaine, chèvre) 1x15 ml

Calibrateurs (humain) 5x1,5 ml

Contrôle positif (humain) 1x1,5 ml

Contrôle négatif (humain) 1x1,5 ml

Diluant d'échantillon 2x50 ml

Substrat 1x15 ml

Solution de lavage (20x) 1x50 ml

Solution d'arrêt 1x15 ml

Critères de performance et limites de la méthode

La méthode permet le dosage des anticorps anti-transglutaminase tissulaire pour différencier la population de malades coeliaques de la population saine. La gamme de tirage va de 0 à 100 unités (U/ml).

1. Variabilité intra-essai

Pour 5 séums différents testés 6 fois chacun en une seule série, les résultats sont les suivants:

Sérum	1	2	3	4	5
Moyenne (U/ml)	12.60	42.98	8.32	12.01	11.0
D.S.	1.571	4.414	0.409	0.800	0.778
CV%	12.5	10.3	4.9	6.7	7.1