@emko



ESM-7750 72 x 72 DIN SIZE Universal Input PID Process Controller with Smart I/O Module System

- 4 digits process (PV) and 4 digits process set (SV) display
- Universal process input (TC, RTD, mV____, V____, mA____)
- Optional secondary sensor input
- Dual or multi point calibration for ____Voltage / Current input
- Configurable ON/OFF, P, PI, PD and PID control forms
- Adaptation of PID coefficients to the system with Auto-tune and Self-tune
- Manual/Automatic mode selection for control outputs
- Bumpless transfer
- Smart I/O module system
- Programmable heating, cooling and alarm functions for control outputs
- Motorized valve control function
- 8 steps profile control (Ramp & Soak) function and start-hold-
- stop by using logic input module
- Remote set point function by using analogue input modules
- Retransmission of process value or process control by using
- 0/4...20 mA____ Current Output Module
- Detection of heater failure by using 0...5 A \sim CT input module
- Hardware configuration by using input/output modules
- RS-232 (standard) or RS-485 (optional) serial communication with Modbus RTU protocol

ABOUT INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Instruction manual of ESM-7750 Process Controller consists of two main sections. Explanation of these sections are below. Also, there are other sections which include order information and technical specifications of the device. All titles and page numbers in instruction manual are in "**CONTENTS**" section. User can reach to any title with section number.

Installation:

In this section, physical dimensions of the device, panel mounting, electrical wiring, module mounting to the device, physical and electrical installation of the device to the system are explained.

Operation and Parameters:

In this section, user interface of the device, how to access to the parameters, description of the parameters are explained.

Also in these sections, there are warnings to prevent serious injury while doing the physical and electrical mounting or using the device.

Explanation of the symbols which are used in these sections are given below.



This symbol is used for safety warnings. User must pay attention to these warnings.



This symbol is used to determine the dangerous situations as a result of an electric shock. User must pay attention to these warnings definitely.



This symbol is used to determine the important notes about functions and usage of the device.



In parameters section, for making relevant parameters to be active, determined module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

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4

EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Manufacturer Company Name : Emko Elektronik A.S.

Manufacturer Company Address: DOSAB, Karanfil Sokak, No:6, 16369 Bursa, Turkiye

The manufacturer hereby declares that the product conforms to the following standards and conditions.

Product Name	: Process Controller
Model Number	: ESM-7750
Type Number	: ESM-7750
Product Category laboratory use	: Electrical equipment for measurement, control and

Conforms to the following directives :

- 2006 / 95 / EC The Low Voltage Directive
- 2004 / 108 / EC The Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive

has been designed and manufactured to the following specifications :

- EN 61000-6-4:2007 EMC Generic Emission Standard for the Industrial Environments
- EN 61000-6-2:2005 EMC Generic Immunity Standard for the Industrial Environments
- EN 61010-1:2001 Safety Requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control And laboratory use

When and Where Issued	Authorized Signature				
16 th October 2009	Name	: Serpil YAKIN			
Bursa-TURKEY	Position	: Quality Manager			

1.Preface

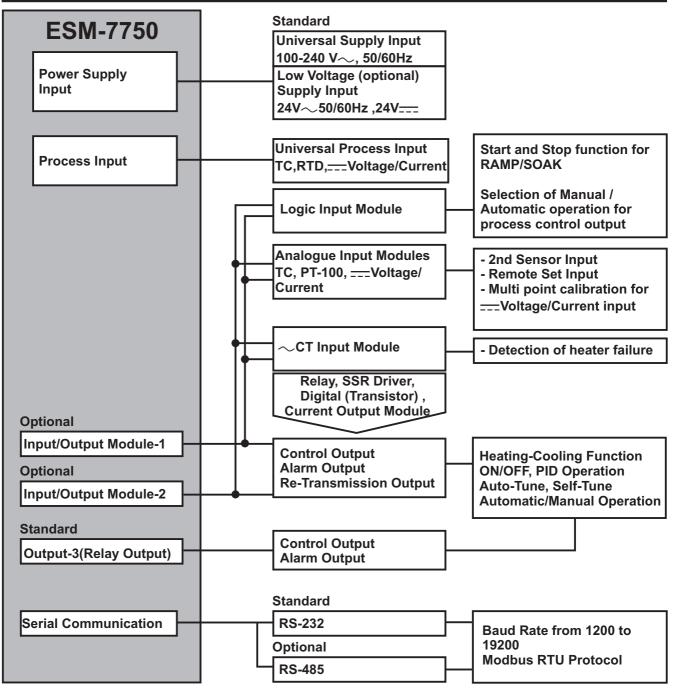
ESM series process controllers are designed for measuring and controlling temperature and any process value. They can be used in many applications with their universal process input, multifunction control outputs, selectable alarm functions, serial communication unit and input/output modules.

Some application fields and applications which they are used are below:

<u>Application Fields</u> Glass Plastic Petro-Chemistry Textile Automative Machine production industries

<u>Applications</u> Motorized valve control Profile Control PID Process Control Heater Failure detection

1.1 General Specifications



1.2 Ordering Information

ESM-7750(72x72 DIN SIZE)	A	вс	D	E	1	FG	н	1	U	v	w	z
				1	1			1				
A Supply Voltage												
1 100-240V~ (-15%;+10%) 5	50/6	60Hz										
2 24 V~ (-15%;+10%) 50/60				(-	15%	6;+1	0%)					
9 Customer (Maximum 240V~												
BC Input Type			6	cal	-							
20 Configurable (Table-1)				able								
			1		<u> </u>				_			
D Serial Communicatio	<u>on</u>							F	Proc	duc	t Co	<u>de</u>
0 None										70		
1 RS-232								_		-700		
2 RS-485								16	=МС	-710)	
E Output-1												
1 Relay Output (5A@ 250V~	_ a	t resi	istive	e loa	d)							
FG Module-1								F	Pro	duc	t Co	ode
00 None									-			
01 Relay Output Module								E	EMC)-700)	
02 SSR Driver Output Module)						
03 Digital (Transistor) Output M												
04 Current Output Module (0/4	• • • •											
07 Digital Input Module	Digital Input Module EMI-700											
	3 0/420 mACurrent Input Module EMI-710											
09 05A ~CT Input Module								E	EMI-	720		
	10 TC or 050mV== Input Module EMI-730											
11 PT-100 Input Module								_		740		
12 010 V=== Input Module								E	EMI-	750		
HI Module-2								F	Proc	duc	t Co	de
00 None									-			
01 Relay Output Module								E	ЕМС)-70)	
02 SSR Driver Output Module												
	Current Output Module (0/4 20 mA) EMO-730											
	5											
08 0/420 mA Current Inpu	t M	odule	Э					_		710		
09 05A ~CT Input Module								E	EMI-	720		
	TC or 050mV=== Input Module EMI-730											
11 PT-100 Input Module	11 PT-100 Input Module EMI-740											
12 010 V Input Module EMI-750												

All order information of ESM-7750 are given on the table at left. User may form appropriate device configuration from information and codes that at the table and convert it to the ordering codes.

Firstly, supply voltage then input/output modules and other specifications must be determined. Please fill the order code blanks according to your needs.

Please contact us, if your needs are out of the standards.

 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} Symbol means Vac,$ Symbol means VdcSymbol means Vac and Vdc

Table-1

Tab						
BC	Input Type(TC)	Scale(°C))	Scale(°F)		
21	L ,Fe Const DIN43710	-100°C,850	°C	-148°F ,1562°F		
22	L ,Fe Const DIN43710	-100.0°C,850.0)°C			
23	J ,Fe CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,900)°C	-328°F,1652°F		
24	J ,Fe CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,900.0)°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F		
25	K ,NiCr Ni IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,1300)°C	-328°F,2372°F		
26	K ,NiCr Ni IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,999.9	°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F		
27	R ,Pt13%Rh Pt IEC584.1(ITS90)	0°C,1700)°C	32°F,3092°F		
28	R ,Pt13%Rh Pt IEC584.1(ITS90)	0.0°C,999.9)°C	32.0°F,999.9°F		
27	S ,Pt10%Rh Pt IEC584.1(ITS90)	0°C,1700)°C	32°F,3092°F		
28	S ,Pt10%Rh Pt IEC584.1(ITS90)	0.0°C,999.9)°C	32.0°F,999.9°F		
29	T ,Cu CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,400)°C	-328°F,752°F		
30	T ,Cu CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,400.0)°C	-199.9°F,752.0°F		
31	B ,Pt30%Rh Pt6%Rh IEC584.1(ITS90)	44°C,1800)°C	111°F,3272°F		
32	B ,Pt30%Rh Pt6%Rh IEC584.1(ITS90)	44.0°C,999.9	°C	111.0°F,999.9°F		
33	E ,NiCr CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-150°C,700)°C	-238°F,1292°F		
34	E ,NiCr CuNi IEC584.1(ITS90)	-150.0°C,700.0	°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F		
35	N, Nicrosil Nisil IEC584.1(ITS90)	-200°C,1300		-328°F,2372°F		
36	N,Nicrosil Nisil IEC584.1(ITS90)	-199.9°C,999.9	۱°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F		
37	C , (ITS90)					
38	C , (ITS90)	0.0°C,999.9	°C	32.0°F,999.9°F		
BC	Input Type(RTD)	Scale(°C))	Scale(°F)		
39	PT 100, IEC751(ITS90)	-200°C,650)°C	-328°F,1202°F		
40	PT 100, IEC751(ITS90)	-199.9°C,650.0)°C	-199.9°F,999.9°F		
BC	Input Type (Voltage and C	Current)	Sc	cale		
41	050 mV===		-1	999 9999		
42	05 V		-1	999 9999		
43	010 V===		-1	999 9999		
44	020 mA		-1	999 9999		
45	420 mA		-1	999 9999		

1.3 Warranty

EMKO Elektronik warrants that the equipment delivered is free from defects in material and workmanship. This warranty is provided for a period of two years. The warranty period starts from the delivery date. This warranty is in force if duty and responsibilities which are determined in warranty document and instruction manual performs by the customer completely.

1.4 Maintenance

Repairs should only be performed by trained and specialized personnel. Cut power to the device before accessing internal parts.

Do not clean the case with hydrocarbon-based solvents (Petrol, Trichlorethylene etc.). Use of these solvents can reduce the mechanical reliability of the device. Use a cloth dampened in ethyl alcohol or water to clean the external plastic case.

2.Installation



Before beginning installation of this product, please read the instruction manual and warnings below carefully.

In package,

- One piece unit
- Two pieces mounting clamps
- One piece instruction manual

A visual inspection of this product for possible damage occured during shipment is recommended before installation. It is your responsibility to ensure that qualified mechanical and electrical technicians install this product.

If there is danger of serious accident resulting from a failure or defect in this unit, power off the system and separate the electrical connection of the device from the system.

The unit is normally supplied without a power switch or a fuse. Use power switch and fuse as required.

Be sure to use the rated power supply voltage to protect the unit against damage and to prevent failure.

Keep the power off until all of the wiring is completed so that electric shock and trouble with the unit can be prevented.

Never attempt to disassemble, modify or repair this unit. Tampering with the unit may results in malfunction, electric shock or fire.

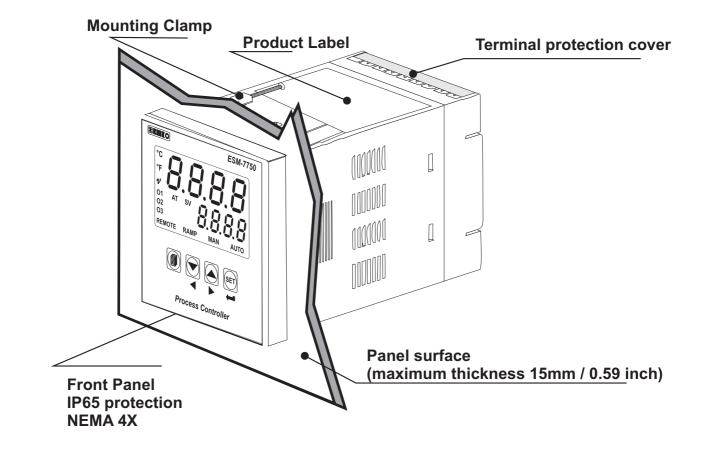
Do not use the unit in combustible or explosive gaseous atmospheres.

During the equipment is putted in hole on the metal panel while mechanical installation some metal burrs can cause injury on hands, you must be careful.

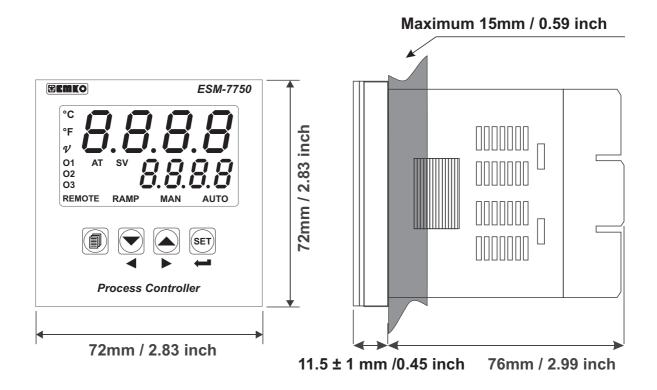
Montage of the product on a system must be done with it's fixing clamps. Do not do the montage of the device with inappropriate fixing clamp. Be sure that device will not fall while doing the montage.

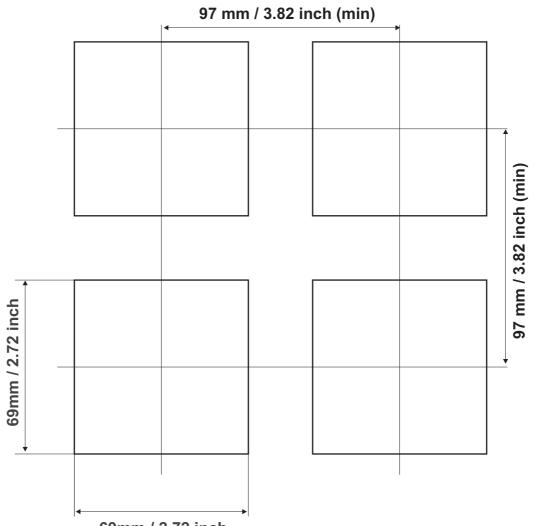
It is your responsibility if this equipment is used in a manner not specified in this instruction manual.

2.1 General Description



2.2 Dimensions







2.4 Environmental Ratings

Operating Conditions



Operating Temperature : 0 to 50 °C



Max. Operating Humidity: 90% Rh (non-condensing)



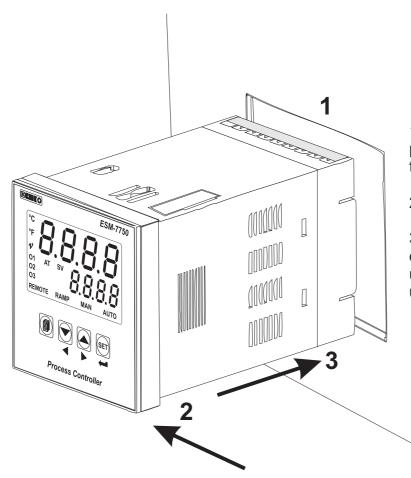
Altitude

: Up to 2000m.



Forbidden Conditions: Corrosive atmosphere Explosive atmosphere Home applications (The unit is only for industrial applications)

2.5 Panel Mounting



1-Before mounting the device in your panel, make sure that the cut-out is of the right size.

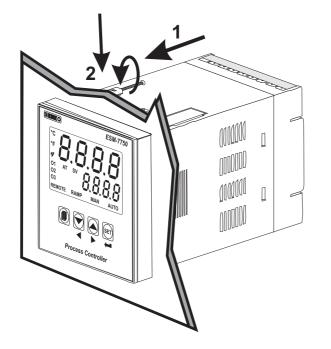
2-Check front panel gasket position

3-Insert the device through the cutout. If the mounting clamps are on the unit, put out them before inserting the unit to the panel.



During installation into a metal panel, care should be taken to avoid injury from metal burrs which might be present. The equipment can loosen from vibration and become dislodged if installation parts are not properly tightened. These precautions for the safety of the person who does the panel mounting.

2.6 Installation Fixing Clamp



The unit is designed for panel mounting.

1-Insert the unit in the panel cut-out from the front side.

2- Insert the mounting clamps to the holes that located top and bottom sides of device and screw up the fixing screws until the unit completely immobile within the panel

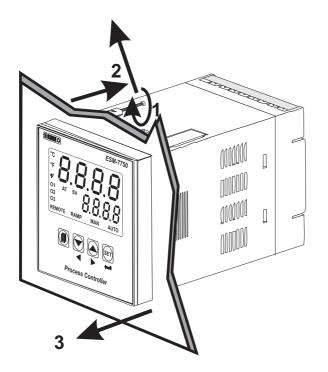


Montage of the unit to a system must be done with it's own fixing clamps. Do not do the montage of the device with inappropriate fixing clamps. Be sure that device will not fall while doing the montage.

2.7 Removing from the Panel



Before starting to remove the unit from panel, power off the unit and the related system.



1-Loosen the screws.

2-Pull mounting clamps from top and bottom fixing sockets.

3-Pull the unit through the front side of the panel

3.Electrical Wirings



You must ensure that the device is correctly configured for your application. Incorrect configuration could result in damage to the process being controlled, and/or personal injury. It is your responsibility, as the installer, to ensure that the configuration is correct.

Device parameters has factory default values. These parameters must be set according to the system's needs.



Only qualified personnel and technicians should work on this equipment. This equipment contains internal circuits with voltage dangerous to human life. There is severe danger for human life in the case of unauthorized intervention.

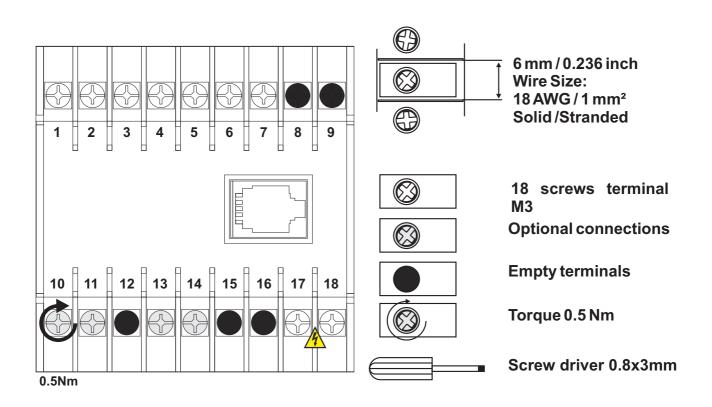


Be sure to use the rated power supply voltage to protect the unit against damage and to prevent failure.



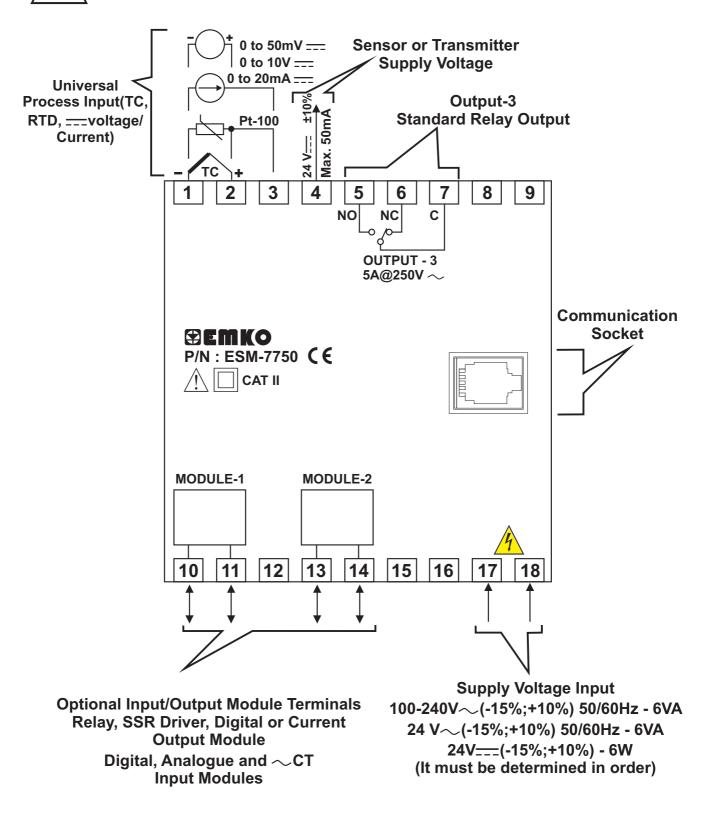
Keep the power off until all of the wiring is completed so that electric shock and trouble with the unit can be prevented.

3.1 Terminal Layout and Connection Instructions



3.2 Electrical Wiring Diagram

Electrical wiring of the device must be the same as 'Electrical Wiring Diagram' below to prevent damage to the process being controlled and personnel injury.



i

Process input, Analogue Module Inputs (EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740, EMI-750) and \sim CT Module Input (EMI-720) are in CAT II class.

Connection of Universal **Connection of Low Voltage** Supply Voltage Input 24 V Supply Voltage Input Note-2 1 \bigtriangleup A Ą \bigtriangleup External External Fuse Note-3 Note-3 Fuse (24V \sim : 1 A \sim T) $(1 A \sim T)$ (24V ____ : 1 A ____ T) Power Power Supply Supply Switch Switch Supply Voltage Supply Voltage 100 - 240 V \sim 24V ~ (-15%;+10%) 50/60Hz (-15%;+10%) 50/60 Hz or 24V ____ (-15%;+10%)

Note-1 :There is an internal $33R \Omega$ fusible flameproof resistor in $100-240 V \sim 50/60$ Hz There is an internal $4R7 \Omega$ fusible flameproof resistor in $24V \sim 50/60$ Hz, 24V**Note-2** : "L" is (+), "N" is (-) for 24V ---- Supply Voltage **Note-3** : External Fuse is recommended.



Make sure that the power supply voltage is the same indicated on the instrument.

Switch on the power supply only after that all the electrical connections have been completed.

Supply voltage range must be determined in order. While installing the unit, supply voltage range must be controlled and appropriate supply voltage must be applied to the unit. Controlling prevents damages in unit and system and possible accidents as a result of incorrect supply voltage.



There is no power supply switch on the device. So a power supply switch must be added to the supply voltage input. In accordance with the safety regulations, the power supply switch shall bring the identification of the relevant instrument.Power supply switch shall be easily accessible by the user.

Power switch must be two poled for seperating phase and neutral. On/Off condition of power switch is very important in electrical connection. On/Off condition of power switch must be signed for preventing the wrong connection.

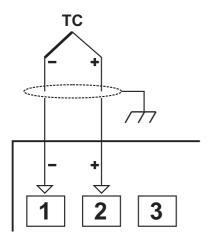
If an external fuse is used, it must be on phase connection in \sim supply input.

If an external fuse is used, it must be on (+) line connection in _____supply input.

The instrument is protected with an internal fuse (Please refer to Note1 for information). In case of failure it is suggested to return the instrument to the manufacturer for repair.

3.4 Process Input Connection

3.4.1 TC (Thermocouple) Connection

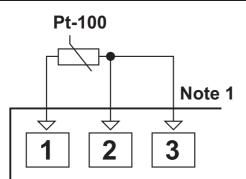


Connect the wires with the polarity as shown in the figure left.

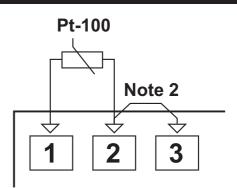
Always use compensation wire corresponding to the thermocouple used. If present, the shield must be connected to a proper ground.

Input resistance is greater than 10M $\Omega.$

3.4.2 RTD Connection



3-wire Pt-100 connection (with line compensation) (Max. Line impedance is 10 Ω)



2-wire Pt-100 connection (without line compensation)

Note 1: In 3-wire system, use always cables of the same diameter (min 1mm²) Always use wires of the same gauge and type whether a 2-wire or 3-wire system. **Note 2**: Install a jumper between terminals 2 and 3 when using a 2-wire RTD.

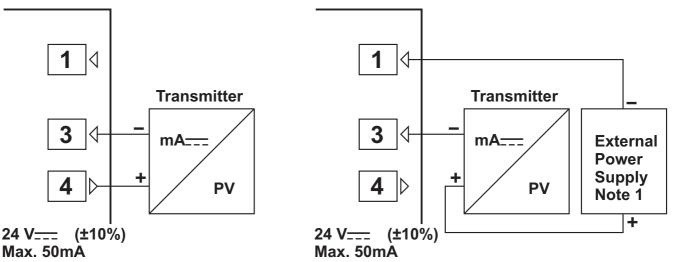
Note 3 : If the distance is longer than 10 meters, use 3-wire system



3.4.3 Process Input Connection of Serial Transmitters with Current Output (Loop Powered)

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.



Note 1: External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.

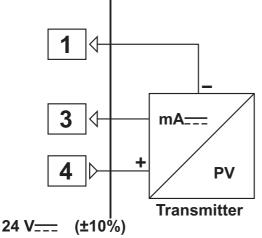


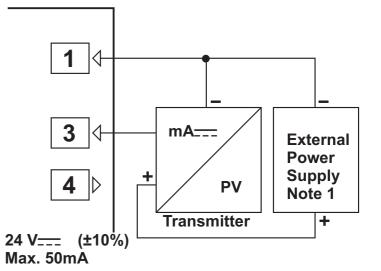
Input Resistance is $2R7 \Omega$.

3.4.4 Process Input Connection of 3-Wire Transmitters with Current Output

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.





Max. 50mA

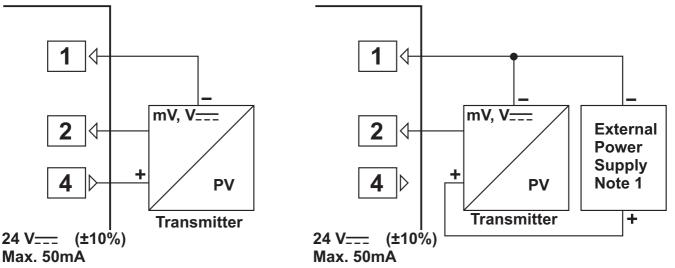
Note 1: External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.



3.4.5 Connection of Transmitters with Voltage Output to Process Input

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.

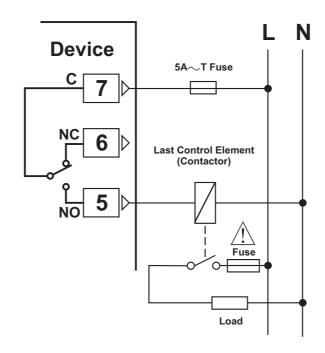


Note 1 : External power supply must be selected according to supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.



Input resistance is greater than 10M Ω for 0...50mV ____ Input resistance is 43K Ω for 0...10V ____

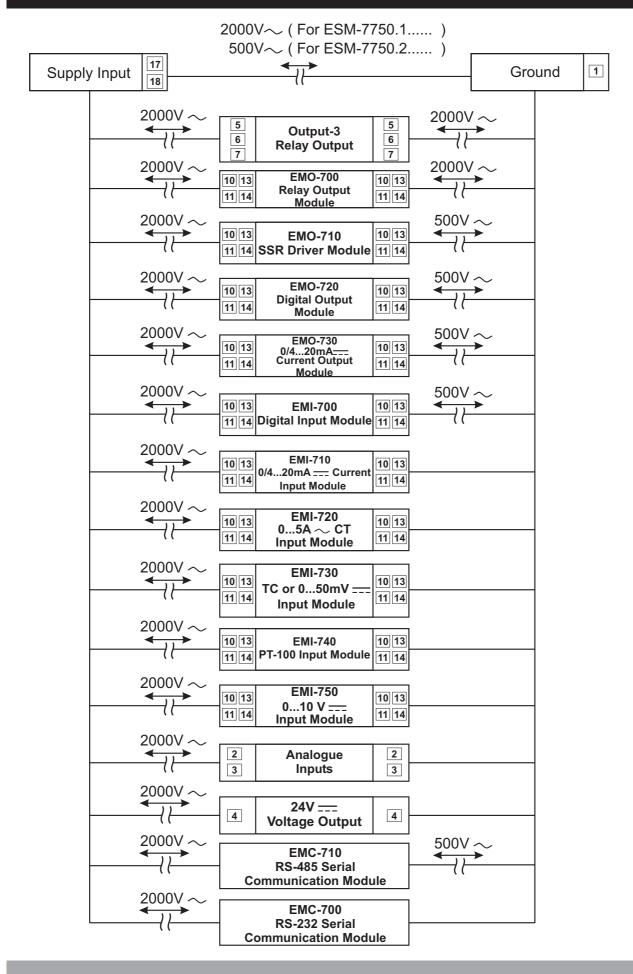
3.5 Relay Output Connection





Fuses must be selected according to the application.

3.6 Galvanic Isolation Test Values of ESM-7750 Process Controller and Input/Output Modules

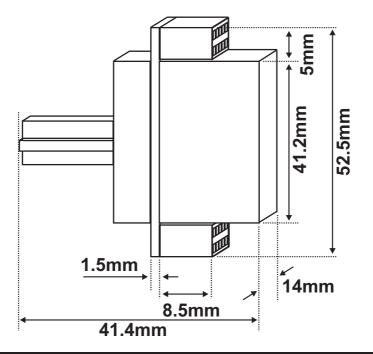


4. Definitions and Specifications of Modules

ESM-7750 process controller is a modular product which is designed to operate with additional analogue and digital input/output units which user may need.

Two input/output modules can be plugged in the device by the user. User may configure the product for different applications according to the system requirements with the input/output modules which are described in this section.

Dimensions of Input/Output Modules



4.1 Input Modules

4.1.1 EMI-700 Digital Input Module

EMI-700 Digital input module can be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket for using the digital input functions.

Specifications of EMI-700 Digital Input Module

Input Type:Normally Open Contact, NPN , PNP , Voltage Input (2 Volt and below 2 Voltis Logic "0", 4 Volt and above 4 Volt is Logic "1". Maximum 30V can be applied)Dimensions:14x52.5x41.4mmInput Resistance:2K2 Ω.

Applications of EMI-700 Digital Input Module

It is used to run, stop and pause ramp-soak functions in RAMP/SOAK applications. It can be used to operate the process control output as AUTOMATIC/MANUAL, start the PID tune operation and latch canceling.



Detailed information about functions of Digital Input Module functions are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMI-700 Digital Input Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

4.1.2 EMI-710 0/4...20mA---- Current Input Module

EMI-710 0/4...20mA____ current input module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use as 2nd sensor input, for measuring process value or for using alarm functions which are related to measured value.

Also, "remote set" function can be used by installing the module. Please refer to Section 8.2.3 or 8.2.4 for detailed information (r E 5 I, r E 5 I) parameters)



EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

Specifications of EMI-710 0/4...20mA____ Current Input Module

Input Type	: 0/420 mA Current Input
Accuracy	:0.3%
Dimensions	: 14x52.5x41.4mm
Input Resistance	:2R7Ω.

Applications of EMI-710 0/4...20mA____ Current Input Module

It can be used to measure any process value and use it with an alarm function in applications that 2nd sensor input is necessary.

The current value (0/4...20mA____) on the module input can be used as process set value when "remote set" function is activated and system can be controlled with analogue signal (0/4...20 mA ____) which is applied from remote point.



Detailed information about functions of EMI-710 0/4...20mA---- Current Input Module functions are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMI-710 0/4...20mA----- Current Input Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.



For using EMI-710 0/4...20mA____ current input module as 0...20mA____, UR5 | Or UR52 must be 0000

4.1.3 EMI-720 0...5A CT Input Module

EMI-720 0...5A CT Input Module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket for detecting heater failures in any applications.



Only one EMI-720 ~CT input module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

Specifications of EMI-720 0...5A CT Input Module

Input Type	: 05A~
Accuracy	: 2% FS
Dimensions	:14x52.5x41.4mm
Input Resistance	$:23m\Omega$.

Applications of EMI-720 0...5A ~CT Input Module

It can be used for observing heater current with current transformer and detecting heating failure.



Detailed information about functions of EMI-720 0...5A CT Input Module functions are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMI-720 EMI-720 0...5A CT Input Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

4.1.4 EMI-730 TC (Thermocouple) or 0...50mV---- Input Module

EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV₋₋₋ input module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use as 2nd sensor input, for measuring process value or for using alarm functions which are related to measured value.

Also "remote set" function can be used by plugging this module. Please refer to Section 8.2.3 or 8.2.4 for detailed information. (r E 5 I, r E 5 I) parameters)

EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

Specifications of EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV---- Input Module

Please refer to Section 8.2.3 or 8.2.4 for selection of input type and scale of TC input type (L, J, K, R, S, T, B, E, N,C)

Accuracy	: 0.3%
Dimensions	:14x52.5x41.4mm
Input Resistance	:Greater than 10M Ω

Applications of EMI-730 0...50mV____ Input Module

It can be used to measure any process value and use it with an alarm function in applications that 2nd sensor input is necessary.

The voltage value (0...50mV____)on the module input can be used as process set value when "remote set" function is activated and system can be controlled with analogue signal(0..50mV____) which is applied from remote point.



Detailed information about functions of EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV Input Module are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV Input Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

For using EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV input module as 0...50mV in a set or \Box R52 Must be \Box

4.1.5 EMI-740 Pt-100 Input Module

EMI-740 Pt-100 input module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use as 2nd sensor input, for measuring process value or for using alarm functions which are related to measured value.

Also "remote set" function can be used by plugging this module. Please refer to Section 8.2.3 or 8.2.4 for detailed information. (r E 5 1, r E 5 2 parameters)

EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

Applications of EMI-740 Pt-100 Input Module

It can be used to measure any process value and use it with an alarm function in applications that 2nd sensor input is necessary.

The Pt-100 value on the module input can be used as process set value when "remote set" function is activated and system can be controlled with analogue signal which is applied from remote point.



Detailed information about functions of EMI-740 Pt-100 input module are given in PARAMETERS section. For using these functions EMI-740 Pt-100 input module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

4.1.6 EMI-750 0...10V____ Input Module

EMI-750 0...10V₋₋₋ input module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use as 2nd sensor input, for measuring process value or for using alarm functions which are related to measured value.(In some sections it is defined as analogue input module)

Also "remote set" function can be used by plugging this module. Please refer to Section 8.2.3 or 8.2.4 for detailed information. (r E 5 1, r E 5 2 parameters)

EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

Specifications of EMI-750 0...10V____ Input Module

Accuracy	: 0.3%
Dimensions	:14x52.5x41.4mm
Input Resistance	:43KΩ.

Applications of EMI-750 0...10V____ Input Module

It can be used to measure any process value and use it with an alarm function in applications that 2nd sensor input is necessary.

 $(0...10V_{---})$ value on module input can be used as process set value when "remote set" function is activated and system can be controlled with analogue signal $(0...10V_{---})$ which is applied from remote point.



Detailed information about functions of EMI-750 0...10mV₋₋₋ Input Module are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMI-750 0...10mV₋₋₋ Input Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

4.2 Output Modules

4.2.1 EMO-700 Relay Output Module

EMO-700 Relay output module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use functions which are defined for relay output.

Specifications of EMO-700 Relay Output Module

Output	: 5A @ 250V \sim , Single Open or Close Contact
Dimensions	: 14x52.5x41.4mm
Electrical Life	: 100.000 Operation (Full Load)

Applications of EMO-700 Relay Output Module

It can be used with heating or cooling functions as process control output, as alarm output by programmable different alarm functions, as logic output to transfer some datas on the device to the system. These alternatives are explained in parameters section as logic output function.



Detailed information about functions of EMO-700 Relay Output Module are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMO-700 Relay Output Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

4.2.2 EMO-710 SSR Driver Output Module

EMO-710 SSR Driver Output Module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use functions which are defined for SSR driver output.

Specifications of EMO-710 SSR Driver Module

Output : Maximum 26 mA, 22V---- ±10%, isolated **Dimensions** : 14x52.5x41.4mm

Applications of EMO-710 SSR Driver Output Module

It can be used with heating or cooling functions as process control output, as alarm output by programmable different alarm functions, as logic output to transfer some datas on the device to the system.

Note 1 : If short output period is needed in a system, using SSR Driver output module is recommended. (Relay must not be used for short output periods because of limited life of their relay contact (open/close events))



Detailed information about functions of EMO-710 SSR Driver Output Module are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMO-710 SSR Driver Output Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

4.2.3 EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module

EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use functions which are defined for digital output.

Specifications of EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module

Output : Maximum 40 mA, 15-18V₋₋₋ ±10%, isolated **Dimensions** : 14x52.5x41.4mm

Applications of EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module

It can be used with heating or cooling functions as process control output, as alarm output by programmable different alarm functions, as logic output to transfer some datas on the device to the system. These alternatives are explained in parameters section as logic output function.



Detailed information about functions of EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

4.2.4 EMO-730 0 / 4 ...20mA---- Current Output Module

EMO-730 0/4...20mA---- Current Output Module can be plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket to use functions which are defined for current output.

Specifications of EMO-730 0/4...20mA____ Current Output Module

Output: 0/4...20mA--- current outputAccuracy: 1%Note : To get 0...10V--- , 500Ω resistor with 0.05% tolerance must be connected in parallelas a shunt resistor to module output (Please refer to Section 5.2.5 for detailed information)Maximum load impedance: 600Ω Dimensions: 14x52.5x41.4mm

Applications of EMO-730 0/4...20mA ... Current Output Module

It can be used in heating or cooling functions as process control output.

Process value, error between process and set value or set value can be retransmitted to the system as 0...20mA____ or 4...20mA____ output. Retransmission is explained in parameters section.



Detailed information about functions of EMO-730 Current Output Module are given in parameters section. For using these functions EMO-730 0/4...20mA____ current Output Module must be installed to Module-1 or Module-2 socket.

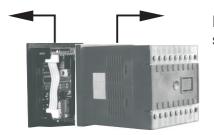
4.3 Installing and Pulling Out Input/Output Modules



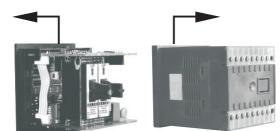
First, detach all cable connections from the device and uninstall it from the panel.



Suppress to the lock pins where top and bottom of the device



Pull the cover case with your other hand from front panel to rear side.



Pull out the cover case from the device



Slide input/output modules into socket. Pull out the module from it's socket, instead of this module install the new one or other module user wants to use.



Replace the cover case by taking care of the terminal numbers should be at right position.



After adding or changing modules to the unit, these changes must be taken into consideration while mounting of the unit to the system. If mounting is incorrect, it can cause accidents to harm system, operator or person who does the mounting. Responsibility of these kind of harmful events belongs to the user.

4.4 To Stick Input/Output Modules' Labels to the Device

Every module which is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket has labels' for showing the relation between connection terminal and the device. These labels are attached to empty boxes which are separated for Module-1 and Module-2 on the device. Labels for all modules and attachment places are shown below.

Label which is plugged in Module-2 socket, describes module termination connection is attached to this area.

17 10 to 240 V 50/60 Hz - 6VA Q 6 8 CAT W 99 9 2 S Ś ž o < പ്പ Þ 13 NODULE-2 12 I-BUULE-1 0 to 0 to ç F F 무

Label which is plugged in Module-1 socket, describes module termination connection is attached to this area.

LABELS FOR INPUT MODULES



Label for EMI-700 Digital Input Module



Label for EMI-720 0...5A \sim CT Input Module



Label for EMI-740 Pt-100 Input Module

LABELS FOR OUTPUT MODULES



Label for EMO-700 Relay Output Module



Label for EMO-720 Digital Output Module



Label for EMI-710 0/4...20mA



Label for EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV ____input Module



Label for EMI-750 0...10V ____ Input Module

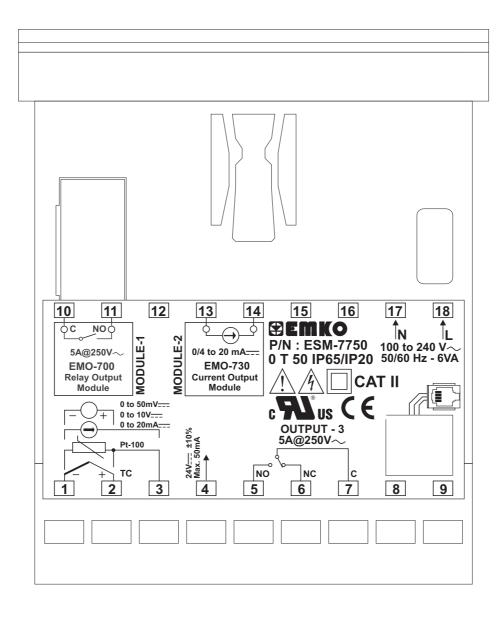


Label for EMO-710 SSR Driver Module



Label for EMO-730 0 / 4 ...20mA

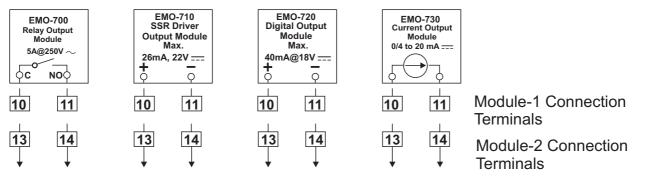
Example : If user installs EMO-700 Relay Output Module to Module-1 socket, EMO-730 0/4...20mA____ Current Output Module to Module-2 socket and attach the appropriate labels on the device view will be like below :



5. Connection Terminals of Input/Output Modules and Connection Wirings

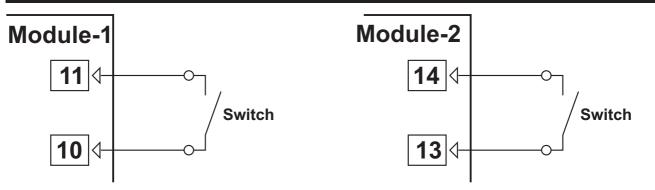
Module-1 / Module-2 Optional Input Modules EMI-710 EMI-720 EMI-730 EMI-740 EMI-750 EMI-700 Current Input CT Input TC or Pt-100 Input 0 to 10V = Digital Input Module Module Module 0 to 5A \sim 0 to 50mV ____ Module Input Module 0/4 to 20 mA Input Module Pt-100 -**+** c ÷ ट्र þ 2 Q Q Ċ Ċ Q Ċ Ŷ Module-1 T Connection 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 **Terminals** 13 14 13 14 13 14 13 14 13 14 13 14 Module-2 Connection Terminals

Module-1 / Module-2 Optional Output Modules



5.1 Connection Wirings for Input Modules

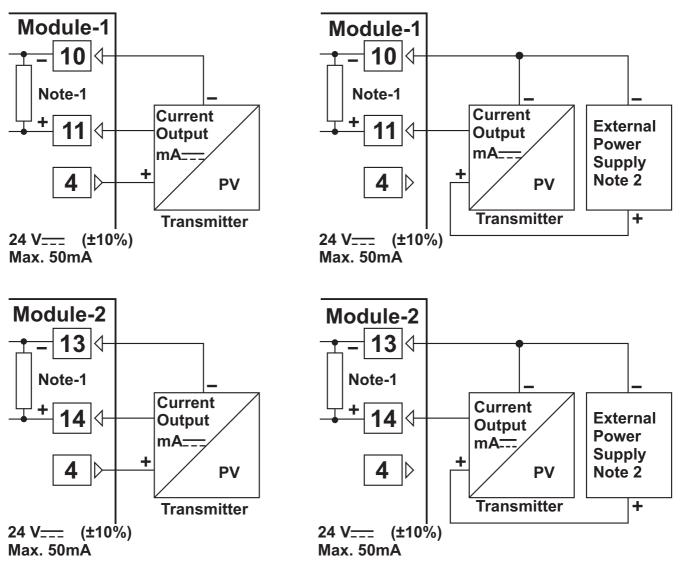
5.1.1 Connection of EMI-700 Digital Input Module



5.1.2 Connection of 3-Wire Transmitter to EMI-710 0/4...20 mA____ Current Input Module

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.



Note-1 : There is internal $2R7 \Omega$ shunt

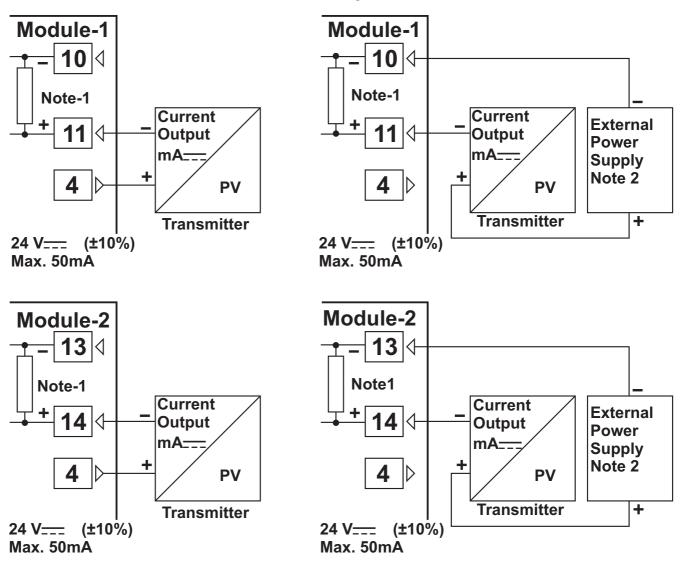
Note 2 : External power supply must be selected according to power supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.

i EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

5.1.3 Connection of Serial Transmitter(Loop Powered) to EMI-710 0/4...20 mA____ Current Input Module

Transmitter connection by using supply voltage on the device

Transmitter connection by using external supply voltage source.



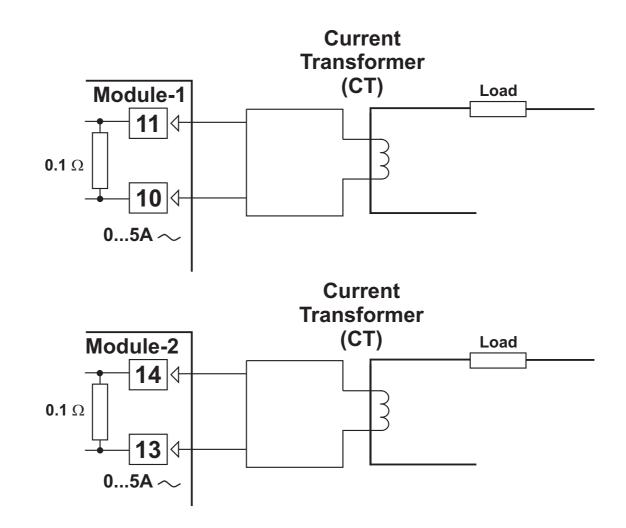
Note-1 : There is internal 2R7 Ω shunt

Note 2 : External power supply must be selected according to power supply voltage range and required current for transmitter.

 \mathbf{i}

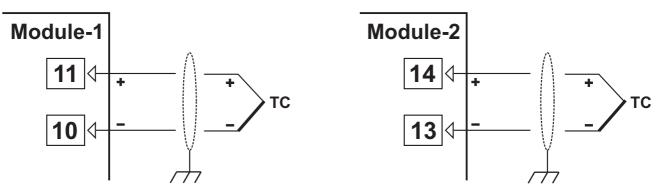
EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

5.1.4 Current Transformer Connection to EMI-720 0...5 A ~CT Input Module



Two EMI-720 \sim CT input modules can not be plugged in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

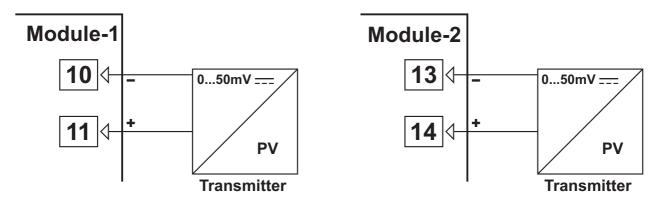
5.1.5 Connection of EMI-730 TC (Thermocouple) or 0...50mV---- Input Module



Connect the wires with the polarity as shown above. Always use compensation wire corresponding to the thermocouple used. If present, the shield must be connected to a proper ground.

EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

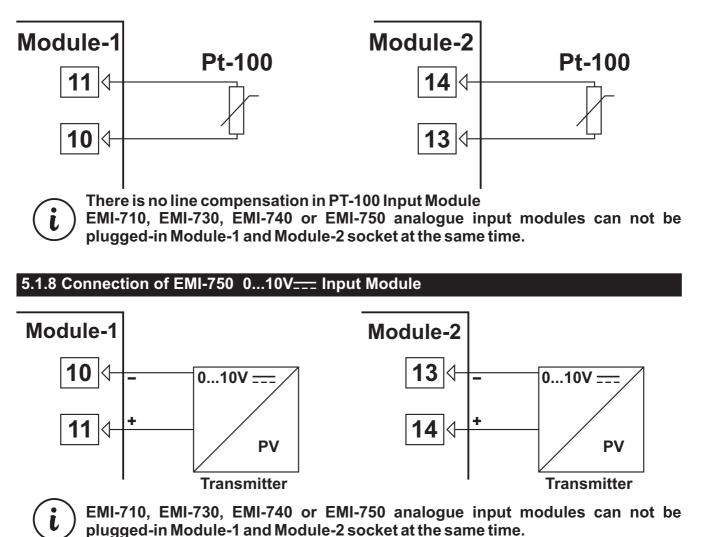
5.1.6 Using EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV---- Input Module as 0...50mV---- Input



By selecting Module-1 or Module-2 analogue input configuration parameter 5L or 5L2 or 5L2 and defining calibration points with dual point calibration property, EMI-730 TC or 0...50mV---- module can be used as 0...50mV---- input.

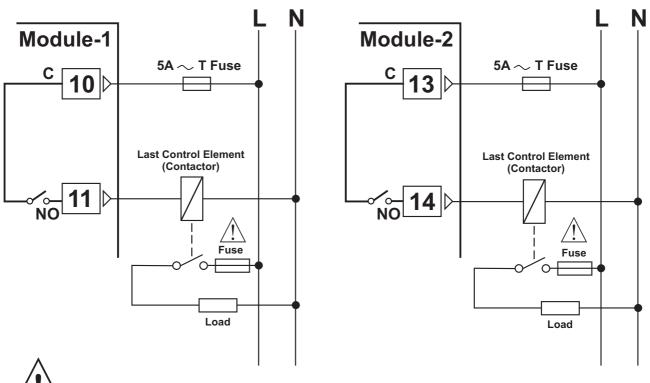
EMI-710, EMI-730, EMI-740 or EMI-750 analogue input modules can not be plugged-in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

5.1.7 Connection of EMI-740 PT-100 Input Module



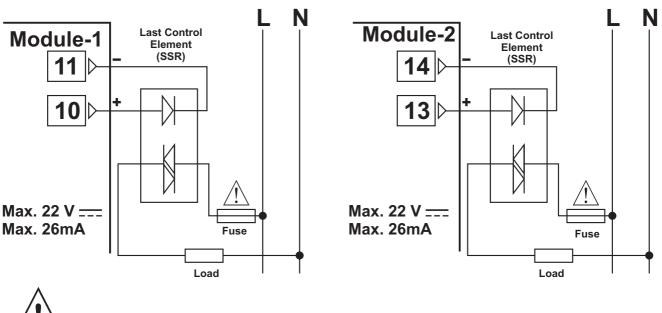
5.2 Connection Wirings for Output Modules

5.2.1 EMO-700 Relay Output Module Connection



Fuses must be selected according to the applications.

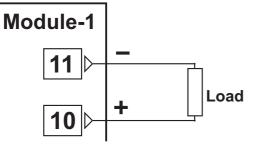
5.2.2 EMO-710 SSR Driver Module Connection

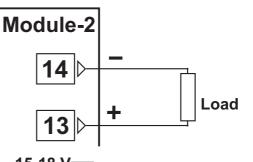




Fuses must be selected according to the applications.

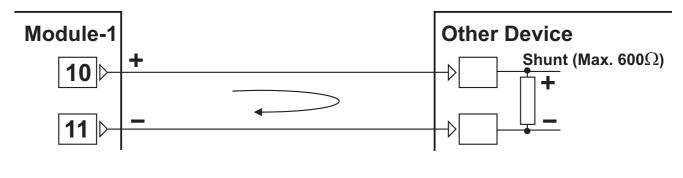
5.2.3 EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module Connection

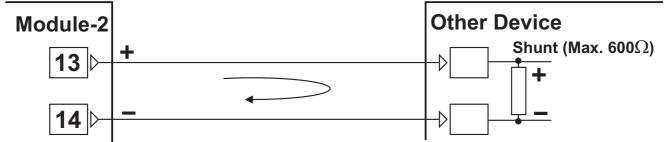




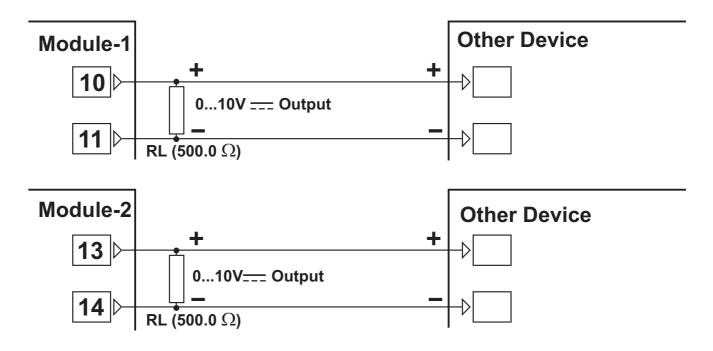
15-18 V---- Maximum 40mA 15-18 V--- Maximum 40mA

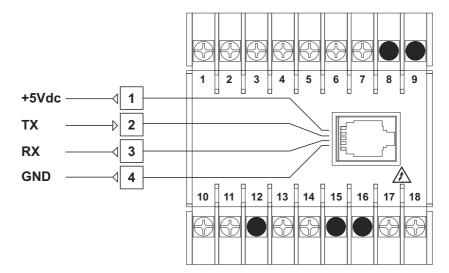
5.2.4 EMO-730 0/4... 20 mA____ Current Output Module Connection





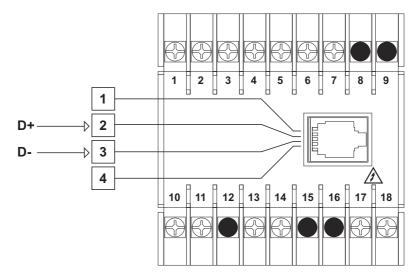
5.2.5 To Get 0...10V---- with EMO-730 0/4...20 mA---- Current Output Module



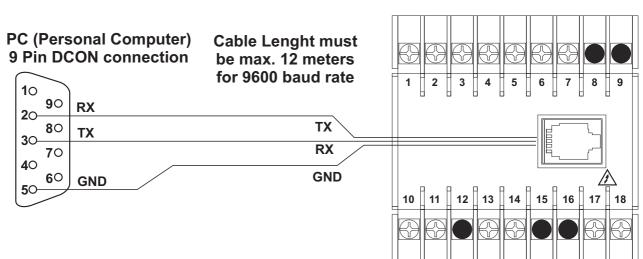


RS-232 Terminal Definitions

RS-485 Terminal Definitions



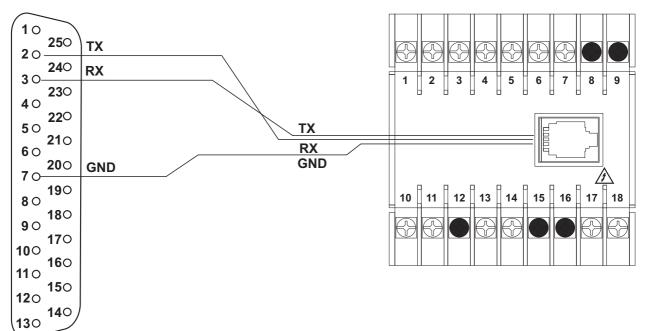
6.1 Cable Connection Between RS-232 Terminal of the Device and PC



PC (Personal Computer) Cable Le 25 Pin DCON connection be max.

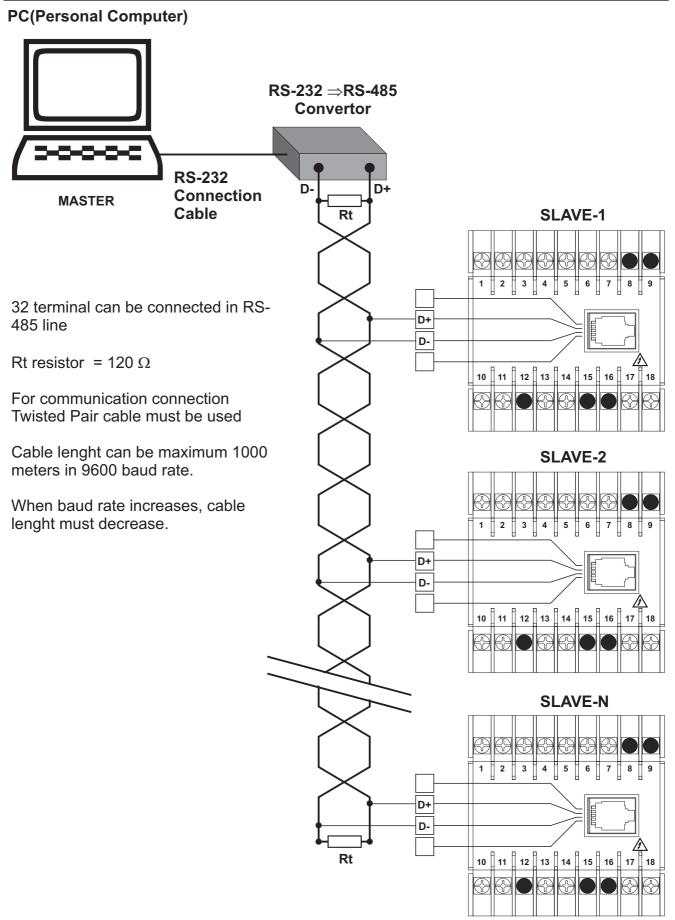
Cable Lenght must be max. 12 meters for 9600 baud rate

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ESM-7750

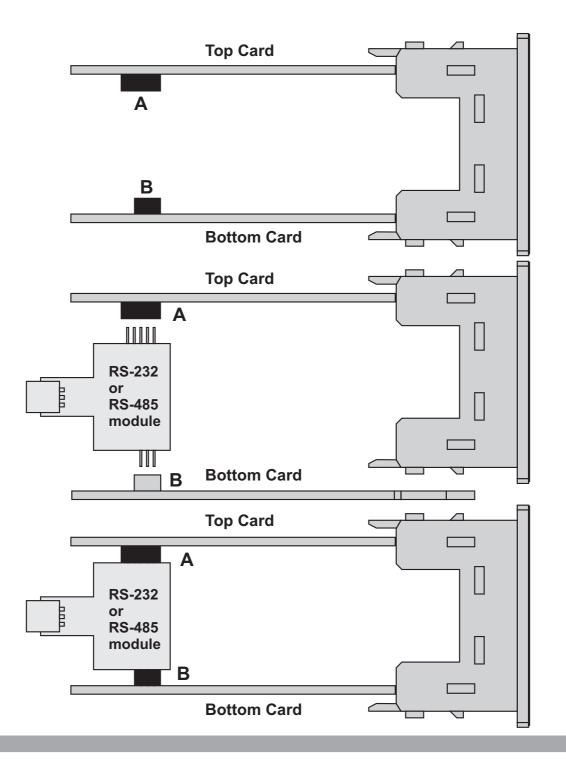
6.2 Connection for RS-485 Serial Communication

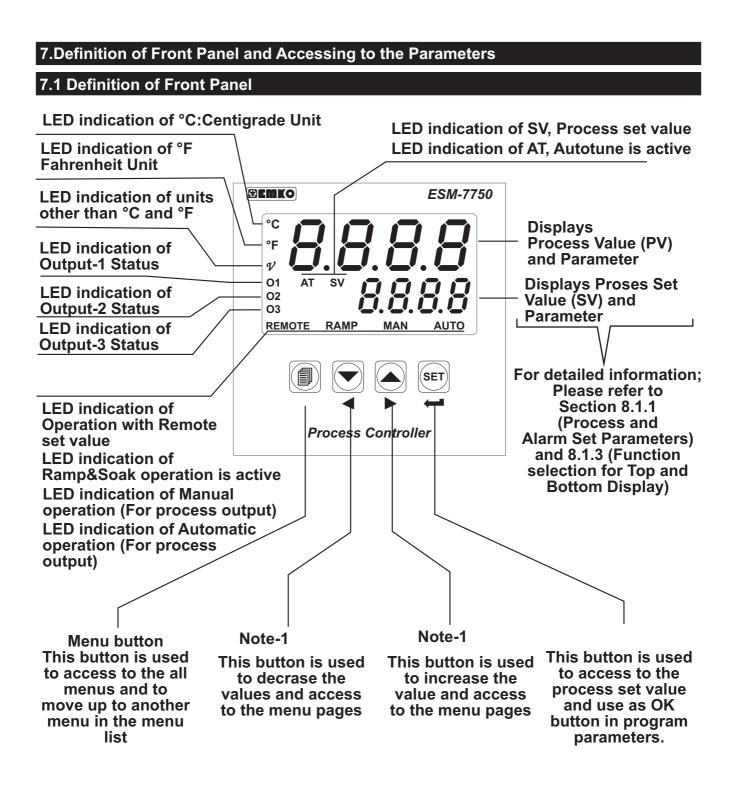


6.3 Installing RS-232 / RS-485 Serial Communication Modules to the Device

Pull the cover case with your hand through rear side as explained in "Installing and Pulling Out Input/Output Modules" section. Pull the modules in Module-1 and Module-2 socket through rear side. Separate supply card which is at the bottom of the equipment by lifting the locking tabs located on front panel. Pay attention to cable connection between top and bottom cards. Damages in this cable makes the equipment not to work.

RS-232 or RS-485 module is plugged into socket signed as A and B. Hold the equipment to be it's front panel is on your right, communication socket is on your left and module connection socket with 5 terminals on above. Plug in module connection socket with 5 terminals to the socket on Top Card. Do the same things for terminal socket in bottom card and connection socket with 3 terminals. Plug in bottom card to the place in front panel. Install the modules which are pulled out to Module-1 and Module-2 socket. Replace the cover case by taking care of the terminal numbers should be at right position.

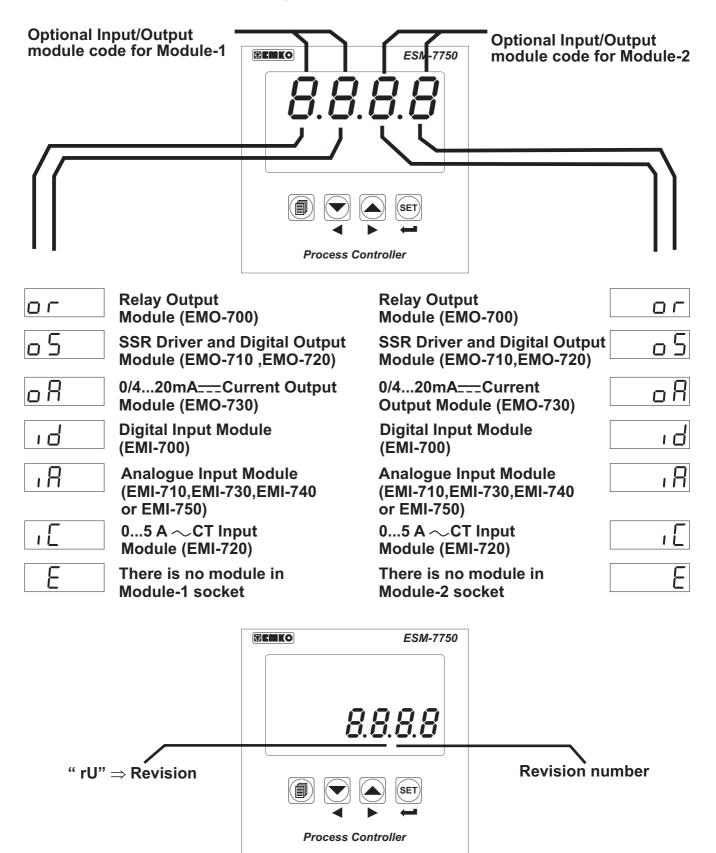




Note-1: If increment or decrement button is pressed for 5 seconds continuously, increment and decrement number become 10, if increment or decrement button is pressed for 10 seconds continuously, increment and decrement number become 100.

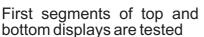
7.2 Observation of Optional Modules and Software Revision on the Displays

There are two sockets for plugging optional modules to the device. These modules are recognized by the device automatically. When the power is applied to the device all led indicators and display segments are momentarily illuminated for testing. Software revision number of the controller on the bottom display and module definition codes on the top display are momentarily illuminated. Module definiton codes and how to observe these codes of optional modules in Module-1 and Module-2 socket are explained below :



When power on, display of the device is like below:







Second segments of top and bottom displays are tested.



Third segments of top and bottom displays are tested.



Fourth segments of top and bottom displays are tested.

ESM-7750

AUTO

°C

°F V 01

02 03 REMOTE

AT

RAMF

Process Controller

On top display which modules

are plugged in Module-1 and

Module-2 socket and on bottom display revision number are shown. All leds are energised. Above, there is EMO-710 SSR Driver Output module in Module-1 socket and EMO-700 Relay Output Module in Module-2 socket. Revision number is "13".

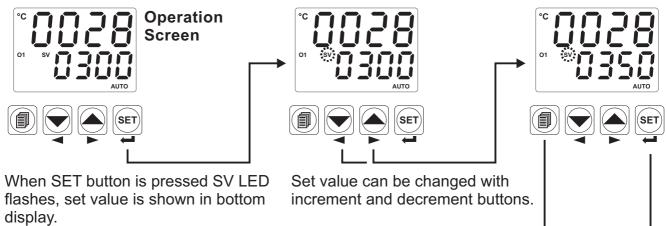


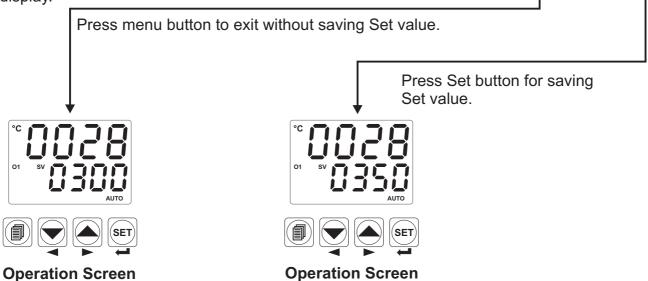
Main operation screen is shown

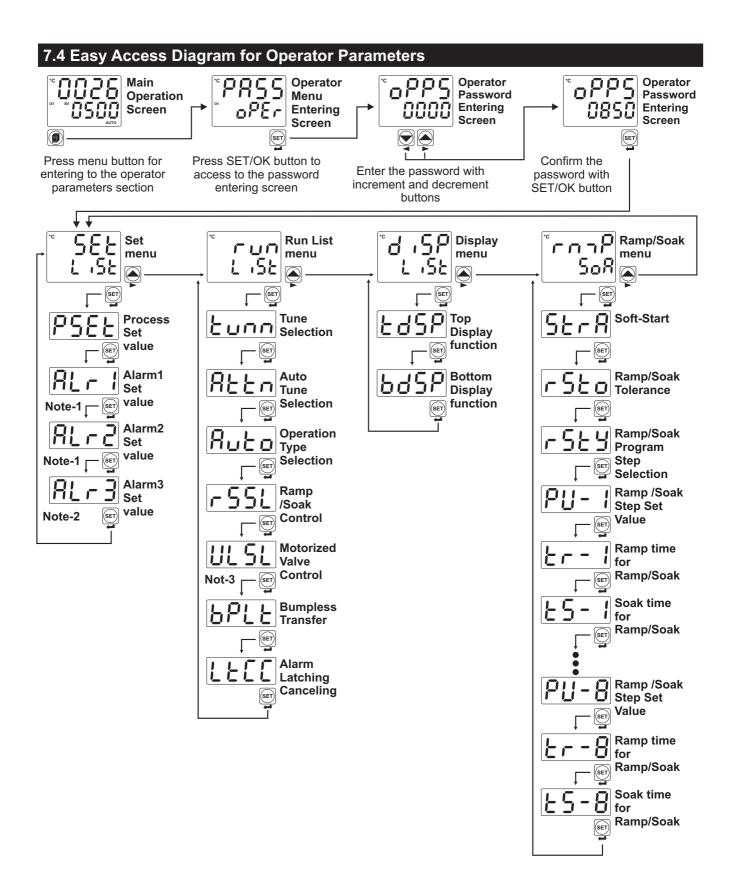


If there is an unexpected situation while opening the device, power off the device and inform a qualified personnel.

7.3 Adjustment of Process Set Value



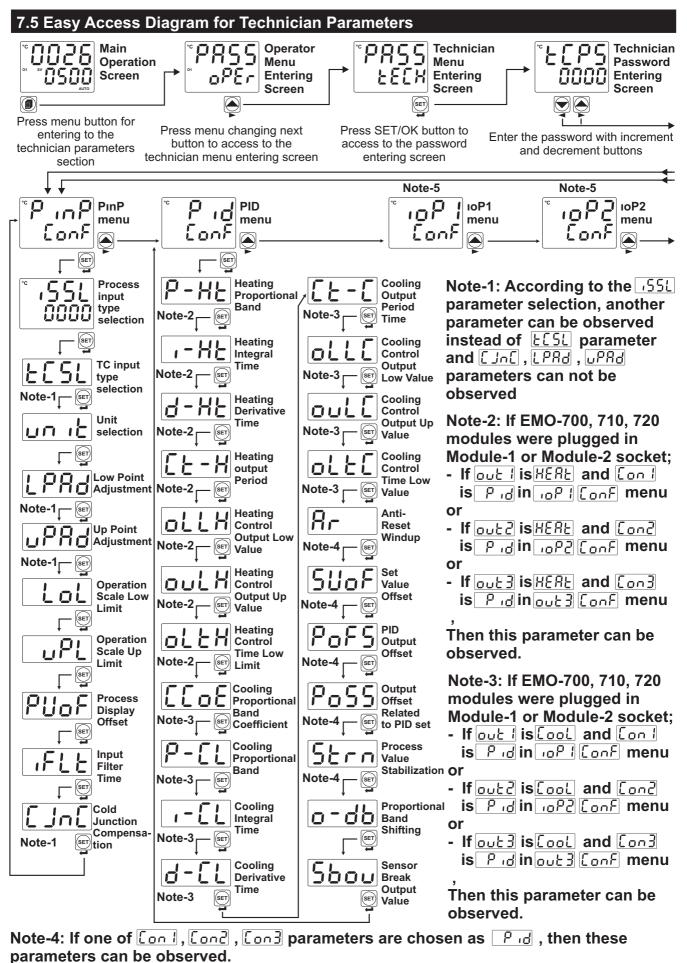




Note-1: It is observed when EMO-700, EMO-710 or EMO-720 module is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket if out parameter is Lout in oP [Conf menu and Lou] parameter is 0000 or if out parameter is Lout in oP [Conf menu and Lou] parameter is 0000.

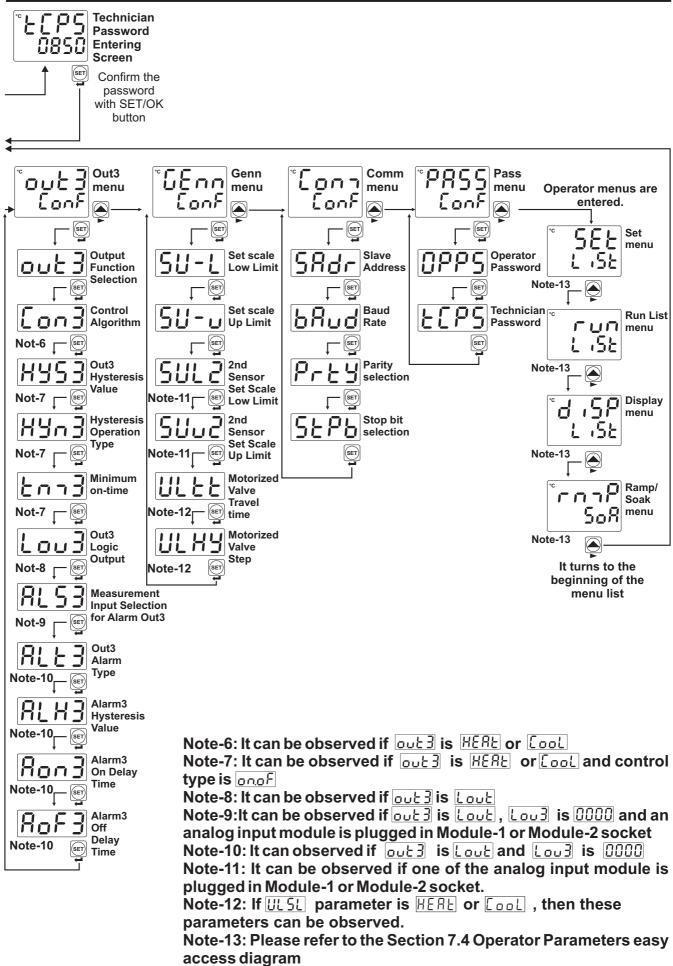
Note-2: It is observed if <u>out</u> parameter is <u>Lout</u> in <u>out 3 Conf</u> menu and <u>Lou3</u> parameter is <u>00000</u>.

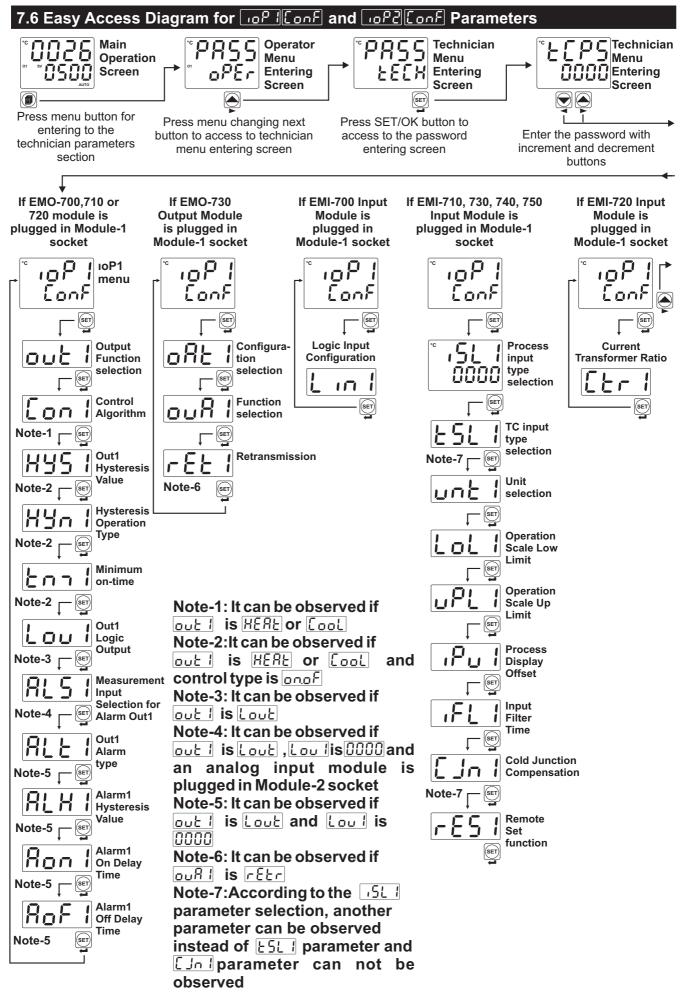
Note-3: It is observed if EMO-700 Relay Module is plugged in Module-1 socket.



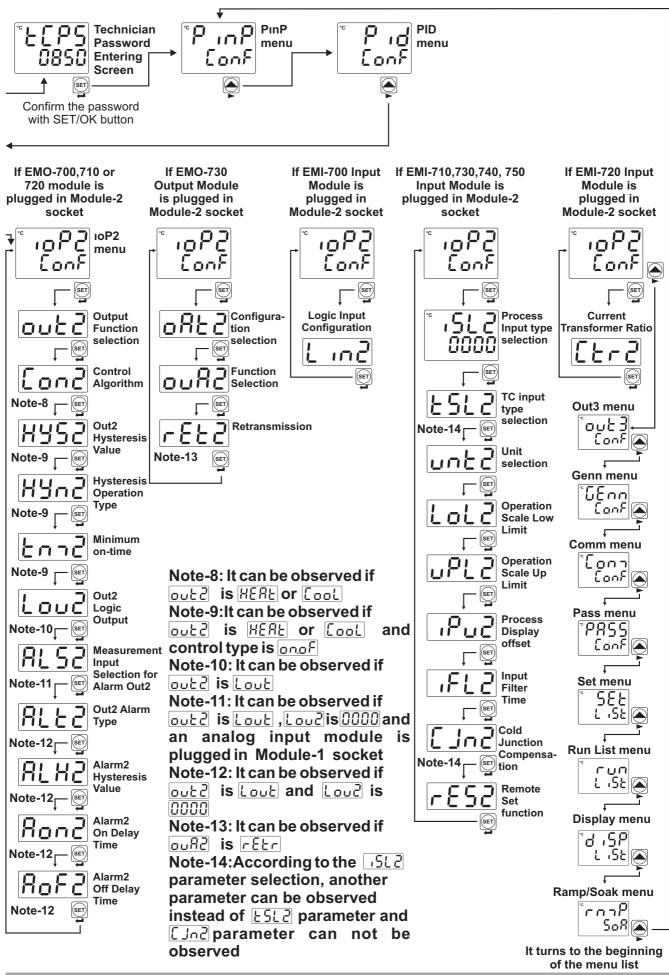
Note-5: Parameters in $\Box \circ P$ or $\Box \circ P ? \Box \circ F$ menus are changed according to the module types, so please refer to the Section 7.6 $\Box \circ P ? \Box \circ F$ and $\Box \circ P ? \Box \circ F$ easy access diagram

7.5 Easy Access Diagram for Technician Parameters



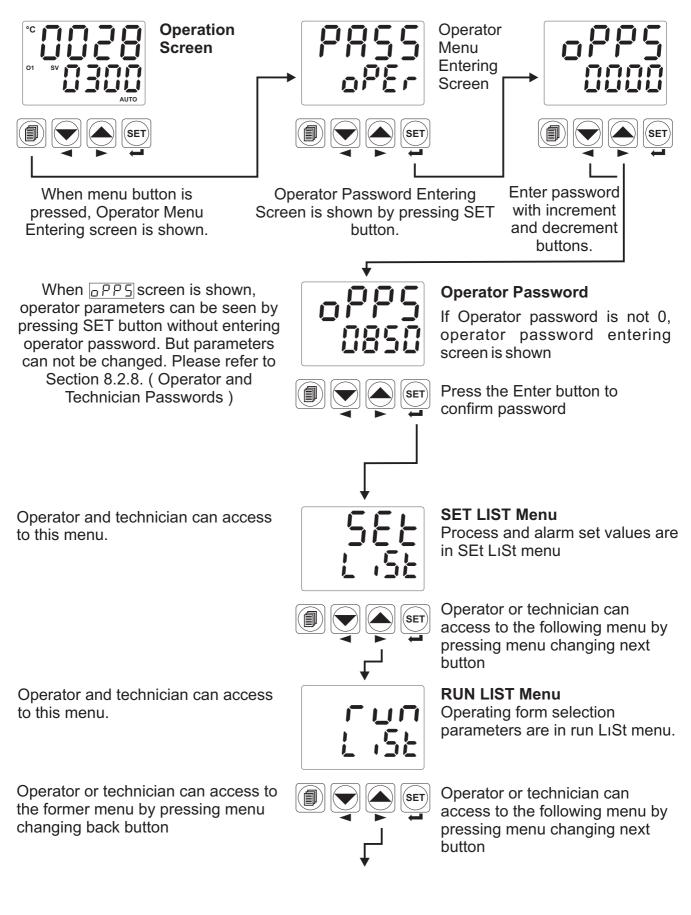


7.6 Easy Access Diagram for <u>op IConF</u> and <u>op2ConF</u> Parameters

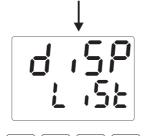


7.7 Accessing to the Operator Menu

The parameters have been divided into groups according to their functions. Every group has a title and firstly user must determine the title (menu) for accessing to the parameters. Refer to the parameters section for detailed information about parameters.



Operator and technician can access to this menu



Operator or technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button

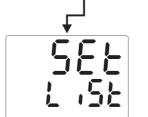
Operator and technician can access to this menu

Operator or technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button

Operator and technician can access to this menu

Operator or technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button

> Press menu button to exit from MENU list and turn to operation screen.



SET



DİSPLAY LIST Menu

This menu determines which parameter is shown in top and bottom display.

Operator or technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button.

RAMP&SOAK Menu

Configuration of Ramp/Soak function and step set value parameters are in this menu.

Operator or technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button.

SET LIST Menu

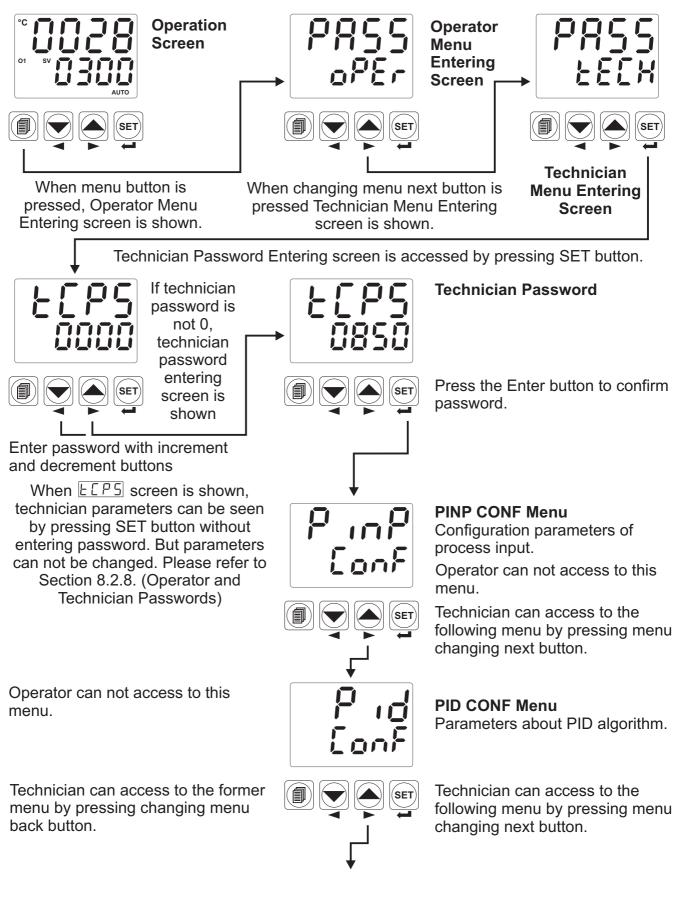
SET LIST menu exists after RAMP/SOAK menu.

Continue to press menu changing next and back buttons to change the menu page

By pressing ENTER button, user can access to the menu page and to all parameters in this menu page.

7.8 Accessing to the Technician Menu

The parameters have been divided into groups according to their functions. Every group has a title and firstly user must determine the title (menu) for accessing to the parameters. Refer to the parameters section for detailed information about parameters.



Operator can not access to this menu.

This menu is not visible if there is no module in Module-1 socket.

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing changing menu back button.

Operator can not access to this menu.

This menu is not visible if there is no module in Module-2 socket.

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing changing menu back button.

Operator can not access to this menu.

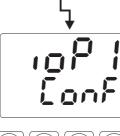
Technician can access to the former menu by pressing changing menu back button.

Operator can not access to this menu.

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing changing menu back button.

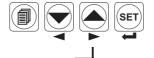
Operator can not access to this menu.

Technician can access to the former menu by pressing changing menu back button.

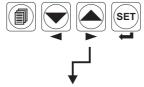


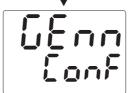


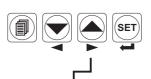




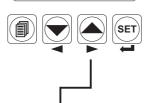












IOP1 CONF Menu

This menu defines configuration parameters of input/output modules in Module-1 socket.

Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button.

IOP2 CONF Menu

This menu defines configuration parameters of input/output modules in Module-2 socket.

Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button.

OUT3 CONF Menu

This menu defines configuration parameters of output-3.

Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button.

GENN CONF Menu

This menu defines general parameters

Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button.

COM CONF Menu

This menu defines configuration parameters for serial communication

Technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button.

Operator can not access to this menu.

This menu is not visible if Technician Parameters Section is entered by pressing SET button without entering Technician Password.

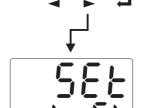
Operator and technician can

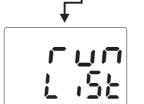
access to the former menu by

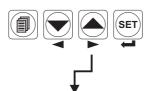
pressing menu changing back

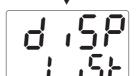
button.

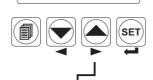
button.

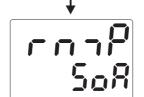


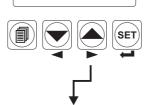












PASS CONF Menu Operator and technician

passwords are in this menu.

Operator and technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

SET LIST Menu

Process and alarm set values are in SET LIST menu.

Operator and technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

RUN LIST Menu

Operating form selection parameters are in RUN LIST menu.

Operator and technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

DISP LIST Menu

It defines which parameter will be shown on top and bottom displays.

Operator and technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

Ramp&Soak Menu

Configuration of Ramp/Soak functions and step set value parameters are in this menu.

Operator and technician can access to the following menu by pressing menu changing next button

Operator and technician can access to the former menu by

pressing menu changing back

Operator and technician can

access to this menu.

Operator and technician can access to this menu.

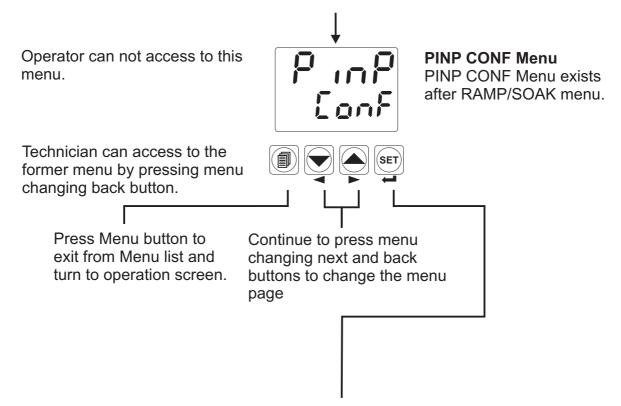
Operator and technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

Operator and technician can access to this menu.

Operator and technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

Operator and technician can access to this menu.

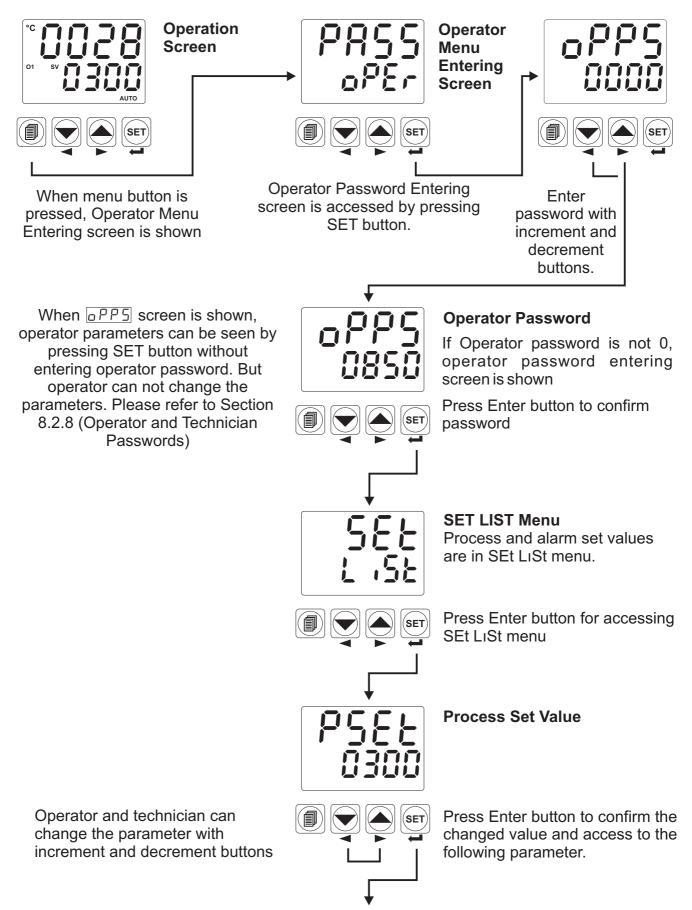
Operator and technician can access to the former menu by pressing menu changing back button.

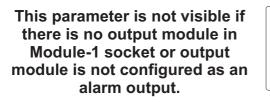


By pressing ENTER button, user accesses to the menu and to all parameters in this menu.

7.9 Adjustment of Alarm Set Values

If standard output (Output-3), Module-1 or Module-2 is configured as an alarm output, alarm set values of these outputs are in "SEt LISt" menu. User can access to "SEt LISt" menu both from operator and technician menus.





Operator and technician can change the parameter with increment and decrement buttons.

This parameter is not visible if there is no output module in Module-2 socket or output module is not configured as an alarm output.

Operator and technician can change the parameter with increment and decrement buttons.

This parameter is not visible if Output-3 is not configured as an alarm output

Press menu button to turn to operation screen



Alarm-1 Set Value

Press Enter button to confirm the changed value and access to the following parameter.



Press Enter button to confirm the changed value and access to the following parameter.

Alarm-3 Set Value

Operator and technician can change the parameter with increment and decrement buttons.

SET LIST Menu

SET

SET

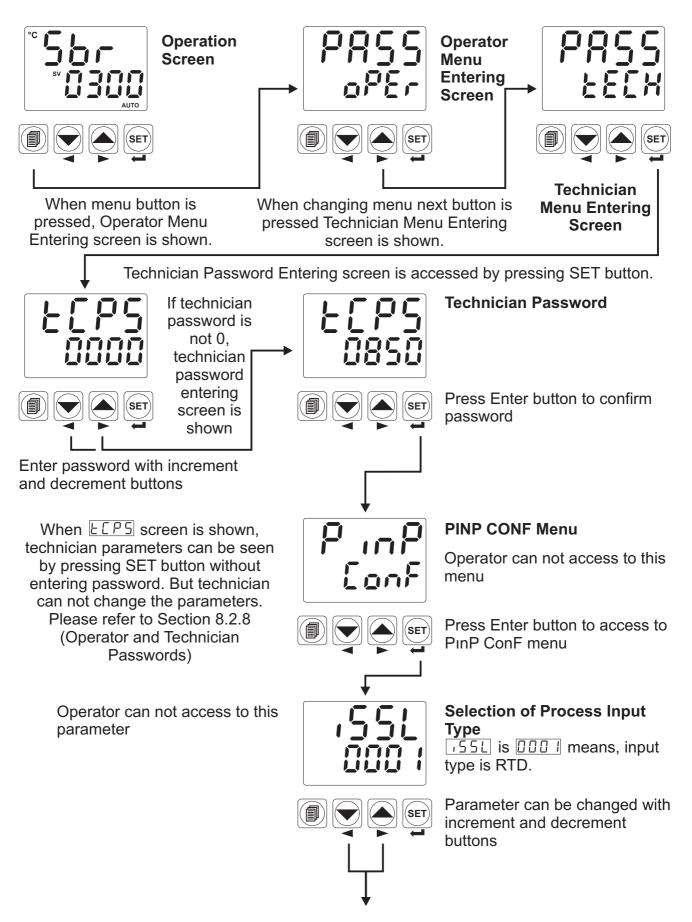
Press menu button to turn to operation screen

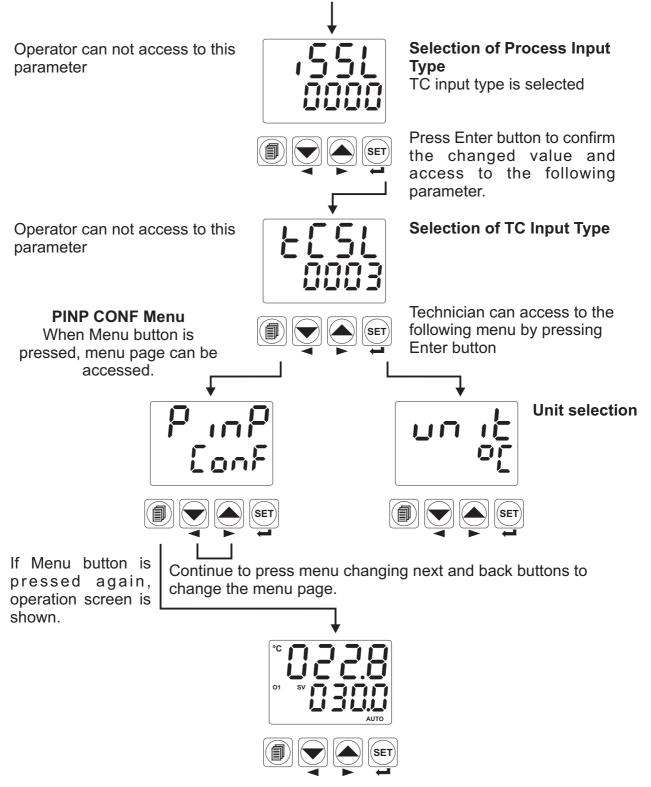
Operation Menu



7.10 Changing and Saving Parameter Values

Example-1: To change Process Input Type parameter <u>1551</u> in "PinP Conf" menu, user must access to PinP ConF menu firstly.

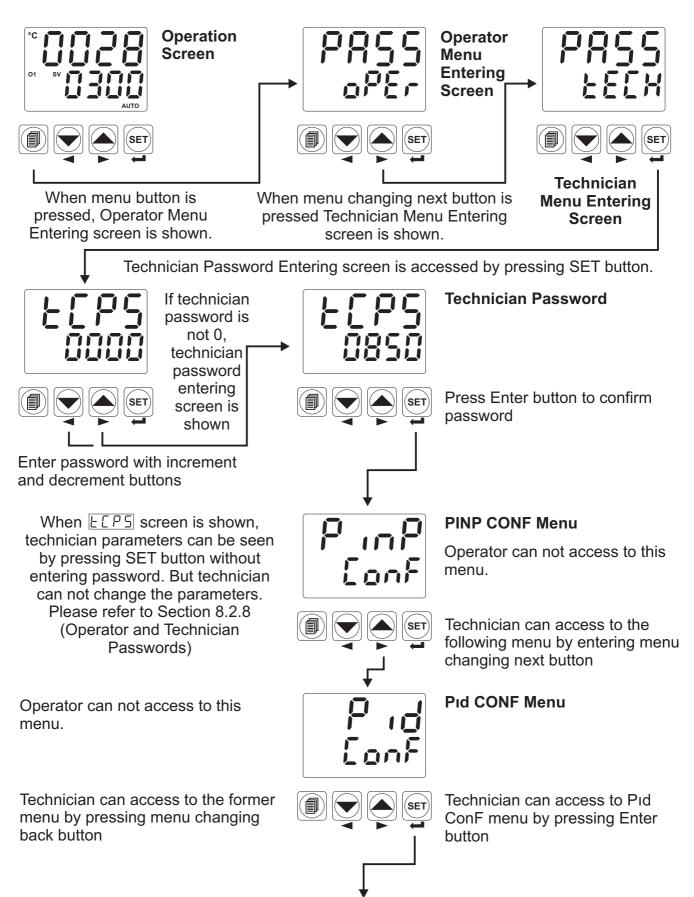




Operation Screen

Example-2: To change heating proportional band parameter P - HE in "Pid Conf" menu.

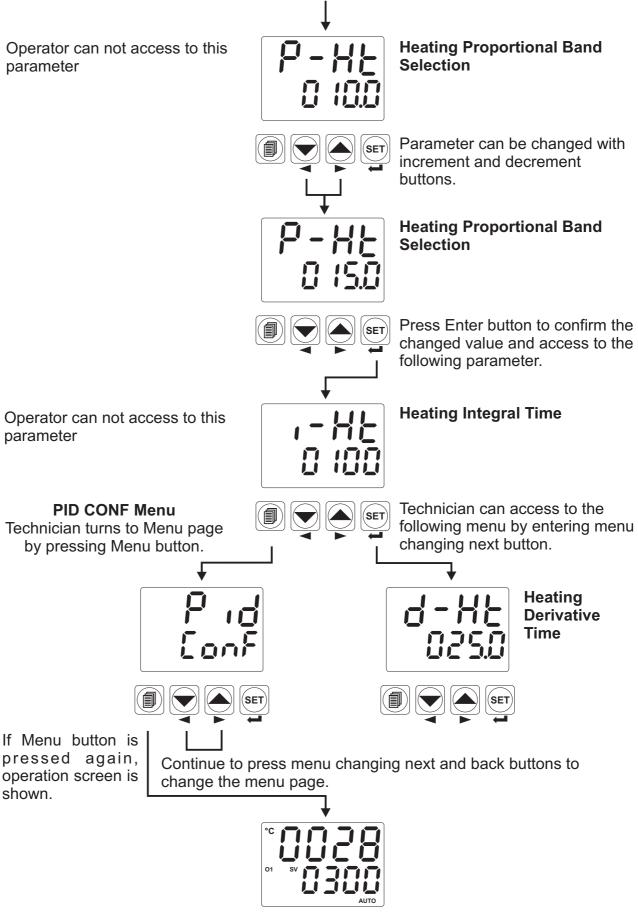
P - HE Parameter is on Pid ConF menu. For accessing to this parameter, user must access to "Pid ConF" menu firstly.



Operator can not access to this parameter

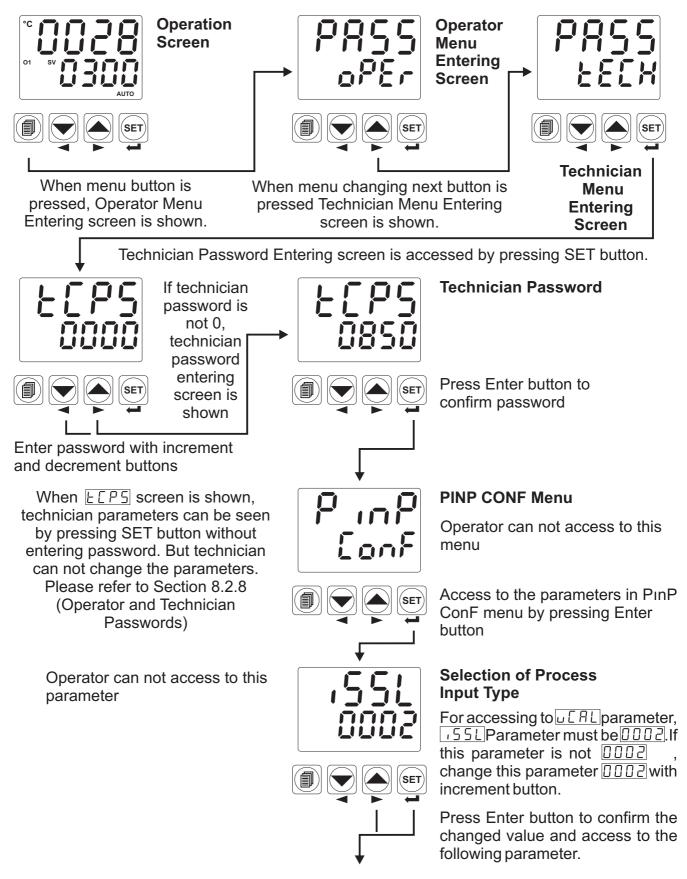
parameter

shown.



Operation Screen

Example-3: To change ----- Voltage / Current Input Calibration Type Selection parameter



Operator can not access to this parameter



---- Voltage / Current Input Type selection

Technician can access to the following parameter by pressing Menu button

Decimal Point Position Selection

Technician can access to the following menu by pressing Enter button

---- Voltage / Current Input Calibration Type Selection

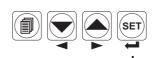
Technician can change the parameter with increment and decrement buttons

---- Voltage / Current Input Calibration Type Selection

Press Enter button to confirm the changed value and access to the following parameter.

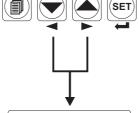
Operator can not access to this parameter



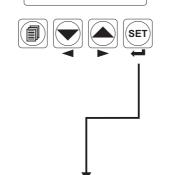


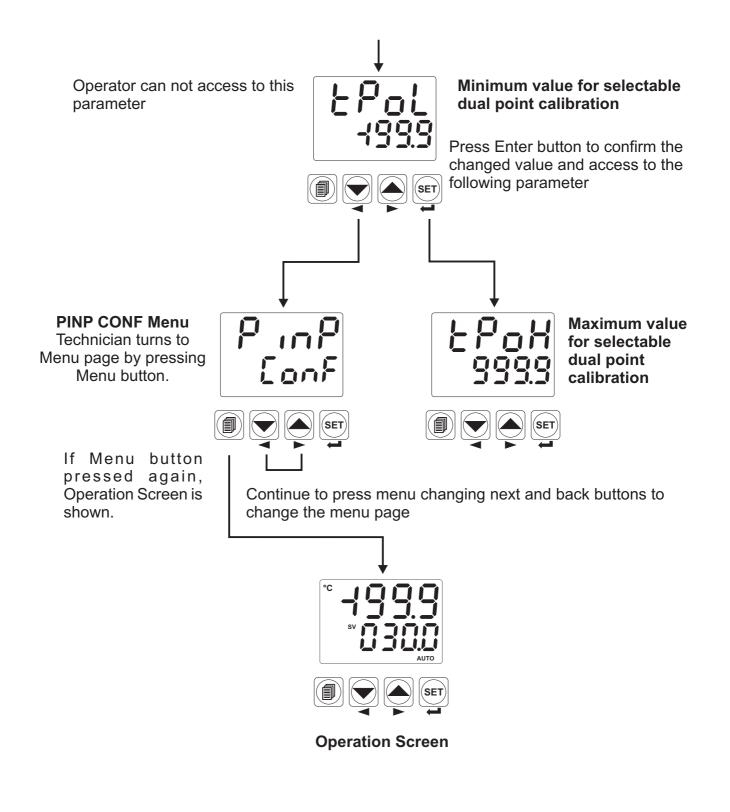
Operator can not access to this parameter











8. Parameters

Parameters are divided into two groups. These can be accessed by operator and technician. Also, they are grouped into subgroups according to their functions. The subgroups are named as menu pages.

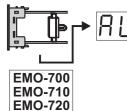
8.1 Operator Parameters



8.1.1 Process and Alarm SET Parameters

This is the device's process set value. Controlling is done according to this value by process control outputs.

Process set value can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale 5U - L To maximum value of set scale 5U - u



If EMO-700 Relay, EMO-710 SSR Driver or EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) output module is plugged in Module-1 socket and output is configured as an alarm output, this parameter defines the set value of the alarm output.

 \square Set value can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale \square To maximum value of set scale \square

MODULE-2 If one of the analogue input modules is plugged in Module-2 socket and measurement input selection parameter <u>BL51</u> which is explained in Section 8.2.3 for Module-1 alarm output is <u>DDD1</u>, <u>BLr1</u> can be defined alarm set value for analogue input module in Module-2.

 \square
In this conditions, alarm output operates according to 2nd sensor input value and $\boxed{\textbf{RLr}}$ parameter.



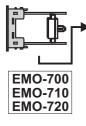
EMI-710

EMI-730 EMI-740

EMI-750

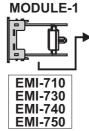
Set value of Heating Failure Alarm

If ~CT input module (EMI-720) is plugged in Module-2 socket and Module-1 alarm type parameter <u>RL Ewh</u>ich is explained in Section 8.2.3 is <u>DDD</u>, <u>RLr</u> parameter can be adjusted from 0.0 to 100.0A~



If EMO-700 Relay, EMO-710 SSR Driver or EMO-720 Digital 81 r 7 (Transistor) output module is plugged in Module-2 socket and output is configured as an alarm output, this parameter defines the set value of the alarm output.

 $RL \cap Z$ Set value can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale <u>[] - []</u> To maximum value of set scale <u>[</u>



If one of the analogue input modules is plugged in Module-1 socket and measurement input selection parameter \mathbb{R}^{1}_{2} which is explained in Section 8.2.3 for Module-1 alarm output is DDD I, RL-2 can be defined alarm set value for analogue input module in Module-2.

 $||BL \cap Z||$ Parameter can be adjusted from minimum set value of 2nd sensor input SUL and maximum set value of 2nd sensor input Also point position of RL - 2 parameter and measured value from analogue input module (2nd sensor input) is the same.

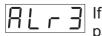
In this conditions, alarm output operates according to 2nd sensor input value and $\mathbb{R} L \cap \mathbb{Z}$ parameter.



Set value of Heating Failure Alarm

EMI-720

If \sim CT input module (EMI-720) is plugged in Module-1 socket and Module-1 alarm type parameter $\mathbb{R} \lfloor \lfloor \lfloor L \rfloor \rfloor$ which is explained in Section 8.2.3 is $\square \square \square \square \square$, $\square \square \square \square$ parameter can be adjusted from 0.0 to 100.0A~



If OUT-3 relay output module is configured as alarm output, this parameter defines the set value of the alarm output.

 $|RL \cap J|$ Set value can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale to maximum value of set scale

MODULE-1

If one of the analogue input modules is plugged in Module-1 or Moduleor 2 socket and measurement input selection parameter \mathbb{R} \mathbb{L} \mathbb{S} \mathbb{R} which is MODULE-2 explained in Section 8.2.5 for Module-1 alarm output is 0001, RL-3





can be defined alarm set value for analogue input module in Module-1 or Module-2 socket. $\mathbb{R} \sqsubseteq \mathbb{I}$ Parameter can be adjusted from minimum set value of 2nd

sensor input 5 11 2 and maximum set value of 2nd sensor input 5 11 2 Also point position of \mathbb{B} parameter and measured value from EMI-750 analogue input module (2nd sensor input) is the same.

In this conditions, alarm output operates according to 2nd sensor input value and RL - 3 parameter.

MODULE-1 or

Set value of Heating Failure Alarm **MODULE-2**



If ~CT input module (EMI-720) is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 \blacktriangleright socket and Module-1 alarm type parameter \mathbb{R} $\lfloor \lfloor \lfloor \rfloor \rfloor$ which is explained in Section 8.2.5 is []] [] [] [] [] parameter can be adjusted from 0.0 to 100.0A~



8.1.2 Selection of PID Tune and Operation Form



By selecting one of the methods below, device can determine the PID parameters.

Device operates according to the defined PID parameters

Auto tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation

Atun

Self tune (Step Response Tuning) operation



Auto-Self Tune

Self Tune operation is performed, if the conditions are realized when power on firstly. In normal operation, it controls the tune conditions in **Auto Tune** selection which explained below. If any of the conditions is realized, it performs the **Auto Tune** operation.

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Device does not do $\underline{R}\underline{L}\underline{u}\underline{n}$ (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation or while $\underline{R}\underline{L}\underline{u}\underline{n}$ operation runs, this selection is adjusted and **Auto Tune** operation is canceled.



If <u>Lunn</u> parameter is <u>RLun</u> or <u>RLSL</u>, when the conditions for Auto Tune parameter that are explained in Tune Methods section are realized, it starts to perform Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation.

TUNE METHODS:

There are 2 different methods for determining PID parameters by the device. These are **Auto tune** (Limit Cycle Tuning) and **Self Tune** (Step Response Tuning) methods.

Determining of PID parameters with **Auto Tune** is started in these conditions : **1-** By the user in any time,

2-By the device when system gets unstable and starts oscillation

If process value is out of **Set ± Process value stabilisation** 52 cm value (Please refer to Section 8.2.2) and starts to oscillate, then device changes the $\boxed{B22 \text{ cm}}$ Parameter to $\boxed{325}$ and Auto Tune operation is started.

3- After changing set value, if difference between newly defined set value and former set value is greater than proportional band, device will start it.

If set value is changed to a value that is greater than;

±[Scale * (Heating or Cooling Proportional Band)]/1000 value,

Regime Parameter is adjusted 925 by the device and **Auto Tune** operation is started.

 (\cdot)

For Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation :

1- Tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu must be selected <u>RLun</u> Auto tune or <u>RLSE</u> Auto-Self tune.

2 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.

3 - If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled

Example -1 : Starting Auto Tune operation by the user;

- Enter operator or technician menu.
- Adjust tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu, **Auto Tune** <u>RLun</u> Or **Auto-Self Tune** <u>RL5L</u>
- Adjust automatic tune selection parameter REED in "run List" menu YES And return to main operation screen.
- Observe that "AT" led is active.

If **Auto Tune** operation finishes without any problem, device saves the PID coefficients to memory and continue to run. <u>REEn</u> Parameter is adjusted <u>no</u> automatically.

Canceling Auto Tune operation:

1- If sensor breaks;

2- If Auto Tune operation can not be completed in 8 hours

3-If user adjusts <u>Funn</u> parameter <u>no</u> or <u>Stun</u>

4- If user adjusts REEn parameter no

5- If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed

6- While Tune operation is being performed, if operation type selection is changed as "Manual" when it is "Automatic" (If operation type selection is changed as "Automatic" when it is "Manual", then Tune operation is started again)

7- If output function is changed while Tune operation is being performed (Heat⇒Cool, Cool⇒Heat)

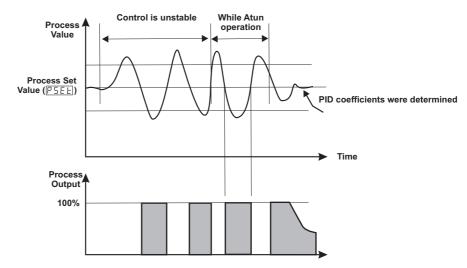
8- While Tune operation is being performed, if control form is changed as "ON/OFF" when it is "PID" (If control form is changed as "PID" when it is "ON/OFF", the Tune operation is started again)

Auto Tune is canceled. Then, without doing any changes in PID parameters and $\boxed{B \vdash L \cap}$ Parameter, device continues to run with former PID parameters.

Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation ;

Process control output runs according to heating if heating or heating-cooling function and PID control form is selected,

Process control output runs according to cooling if cooling function and PID control form is selected.



For Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) operation :

1- Tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu must be selected <u>RLun</u> Auto tune or <u>RLSE</u> Auto-Self tune.

2 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD, PID.

3-If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled

Self Tune (Step Response Tuning):

When power is on, while process value starts to change for being equal to process set value, PID parameters are determined by the device with **Self Tune** method. For starting **Self Tune (Step Response Tuning)** operation firstly power the device off and then on. Also difference between process value and set value must be too much.

Example 2 : Determination of PID parameters with Self Tune method

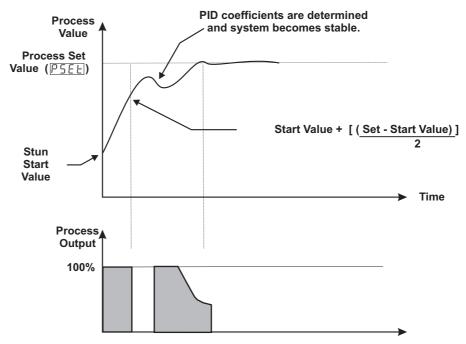
- Enter operator or technician menu
- Select tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu <u>Stun</u> or <u>RESE</u> and turn to operation screen.
- Power off the device.
- Wait system to be in first conditions.

(For example : Decreasing of the temperature to ambient temperature while controlling the temperature)

- Apply power to the device
- See that "AT" led is active

If heating or heating-cooling function and PID control form is selected for the system;

If set value is greater than process value, process output becomes active till to the **Temperature+[(Set - Temperature) / 2]** value. When process value reaches to this value, process output reduces to 0% and it calculates the PID coefficients.



If cooling function and PID control form is selected for the system; If set value is less than process value, process output becomes active till to the

Temperature - [(Set - Temperature) / 2] value. When process value reaches to this value, process output is reduced to 0% and it calculates PID coefficients.

 (\mathbf{i})

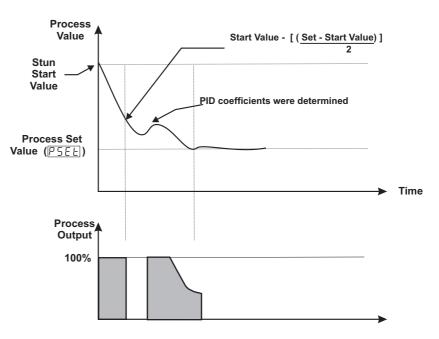
For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation :

1 - Tune selection parameter <u>Lunn</u> in "run List" menu must be selected **Self tune** <u>Stun</u> Or **Auto-Self Tune** <u>RESE</u>

2 - For **Self Tune (Step Response Tuning)** operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.

3 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.

4- If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune



If **Self Tune** operation is finished without any problem, device saves new PID parameters to memory and runs. It changes <u>Lunn</u> parameter.

If <u>Lunn</u> parameter is <u>5Lun</u> it is changed to <u>no</u>, if it is <u>RL5L</u>, it is changed to <u>RLun</u>

If **Self Tune** operation is interrupted at half, PID parameters and $\lfloor unn \rfloor$ parameter are not changed, device continues to run with former PID parameters. When power is off and then on, device starts to complete the **Self Tune** operation.

Canceling Self Tune operation :

1- If sensor breaks;

2- If Self Tune operation can not be completed in 8 hours;

3- While heating **Self Tune** operation is running, if process value becomes greater than Set value ;

4- While cooling **Self Tune** operation is running, if process value becomes less than Set value ;

5- If user selects Eunn parameter no or REun

6- If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed

7- While Tune operation is being performed, if operation type selection is changed as "Manual" when it is "Automatic"

8- If output function is changed while Tune operation is being performed (Heat⇒Cool, Cool⇒Heat)

9- While Tune operation is being performed, if control form is changed as "ON/OFF" when it is "PID" (If control form is changed as "PID" when it is "ON/OFF", the Tune operation is started again)

Self Tune operation is canceled. Then device continues to run with former PID parameters without changing PID parameters.



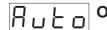
For Self Tune (Step Response Tuning) operation :

1-Tune selection parameter Euron in "run List" menu must be selected **Self tune** <u>Stun</u> Or **Auto-Self Tune** <u>RtSt</u>

2 - For **Self Tune (Step Response Tuning)** operation, firstly power off and then apply power to the device.

3 - For being started Tune operation (Auto Tune or Self Tune) control form must be P, PI, PD or PID.

4 - If process set value is changed while Tune operation is being performed, Tune operation is canceled



OPERATION FORM SELECTION



Automatic Operation (Close-Loop Control)

Automatic Operation (Close-Loop Controls the process outputs by calculating the %output value automatically. (If there is a PID or ON/OFF output)



Manual Operation (Open-Loop Control)

In PID control formed systems, user can adjust %output value with increment and decrement buttons.

In ON/OFF control formed systems, user can adjust %output value "OFF", "HEAT" or "COOL" with decrement and with increment buttons.

If manual operation form is selected, %output value is shown on bottom display whatever bd5P parameter is selected.



RAMP / SOAK CONTROL



Ramp / Soak function is not active.



Ramp / Soak function is active

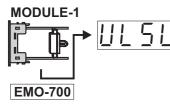


Ramp / Soak function is paused.

Process set value becomes constant at last value and ramp or soak time does not take into consideration.



As explained in Section 8.1.4, when Soft-Start parameteri 5 E - R is active, Ramp/Soak control parameter **F55L** has no effect.



MOTORIZED VALVE CONTROL

It defines motorized valve control form. Module-1 output operates for opening the valve, Output-3 operates for closing the valve. If Module-1 is relay output, motorized valve control parameter ULSL is

shown even motorized valve control is not used. If motorized valve control is used, Module-2 output can not be used as PID.

Motorized valve control is not active. ΠD



Motorized valve runs with heating PID

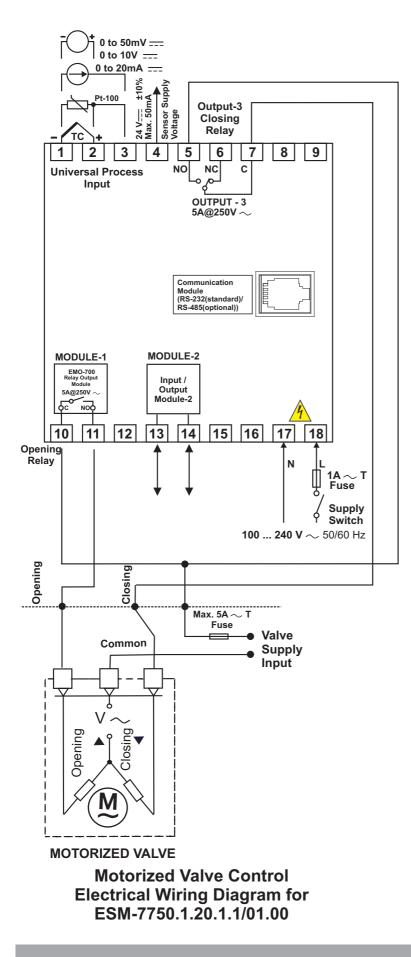


Motorized valve runs with cooling PID



Motorized valve control parameter must not be changed, if there is an electrical wiring.

Motorized valve control can be performed with $\underbrace{UL5L}$ parameter. For doing this operation, EMO-700 Relay output module must be plugged in Module-1 socket. Module-1 and output-3 controls the position of the valve with motorized valve control.



RELEVANT PARAMETERS:

In PASS OPEr or PASS tECH \Rightarrow (run LISt) menu page ;

DESC Parameter: It defines how to perform the motorized valve control with the device.

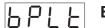
If motorized valve control is activated by selecting the ULSL parameter HERE Or Cool

In PASS tECH \Rightarrow GEnn COnF menu page $\square L \vdash E$ and $\square L \vdash H$ parameters are shown.

ULEE parameter : It can be adjusted from 5 to 600. The unit is "second".

It defines after how many seconds valve is completely opened. For determinig the parameter correctly, close the valve manually. Be sure that valve is closed completely, then open it manually without stopping and measure that how many seconds have passed for opening it completely. Parameter must be entered measured value+5% of measured value and as second.

ULHY parameter : It can be adjusted from 0,1 to 5,0. Unit is %. It is % of Ultt parameter. Minimum movement steps of valve while opening or closing are determined as % ratio. If valve oscillates while controlling, INCREASE the parameter value!



BUMPLESS TRANSFER

	-	
1		\cup

Process output value in manual control is not taken into consideration while passing from manual control to automatic control. New control output that is measured in automatic control is applied to process output.

Last %output value is taken output value of manual control and manual control continues while passing from automatic control to manual control.



 U
 U
 S
 While passing from manual control to automatic control,

 U
 Isst process sufficient
 Isst process sufficient

 last process output value in manual control is accepted as first process output value in automatic control and automatic control continues to run.

Last % process output value in automatic control is accepted as process output value of manual control and manual control continues to run.



Alarm latch canceling is not performed.

YES

If there is an alarm output with latching and there is no alarm status, latching operation will be finished by the device. When it is finished, this parameter becomes _____ Automatically.

8.1.3 Function Selection for Top and Bottom Display



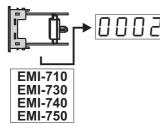
L J S P It defines the function of the top display. This parameter determines which value is shown in top display.



888

 $\Box \Box$ Process value (PV) is shown in top display.

Result of subtraction of process set value from process value (SV-PV) is shown in top display.



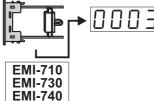
If one of the analogue input modules is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket, measured value from this module input is shown in top display.

L J S P It defines the function of the bottom display. This parameter determines which value is shown in bottom display.

Process set value (SV) is shown in bottom display.

%Output value that is applied to process control output is shown in bottom display.

Status of the Ramp/Soak function is shown in bottom display.



EMI-750

EMI-720

If one of the analogue input modules is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket, measured value from this module input is shown in top display.

If ~CT input module (EMI-720) is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket, measured value from this module input is shown in bottom display.



In 'Run List' menu Section 8.1.2, if operation form is $A \cup L \cup$, then $b \cup SP$ parameter is considered. If operation form is $n \neg A \neg$, %output value is shown in bottom display whatever $b \cup SP$ parameter is.





S C Soft-Start parameter.

When the power is applied to the device, process value reaches to the set value at the end of this time. It can be adjusted from 0 to 99 hours 59 minutes.

When the power is applied to the device, if this parameter is 0, $5 \ge -R$ Ramp function is not active.



Ramp / Soak lolerance parameter. It can be dejucted and of the of scale. In Ramp/Soak operation, if process value is out of the tolerance that is defined with this parameter, then time is stopped. To continue to count the Ramp/Soak time, process value must be between tolerances which are determined with this parameter. If parameter is 0, this function is not active.

- Ramp/Soak program step selection parameter.
 - One program with 8 steps or two different programs with 4 steps can be defined.



 $\Pi \Pi \Pi$

2.program 5-8 steps

 $\Box \Box \Box Z$ Steps between 1-8 is used as one program.

- Ramp/Soak step set value.
 - For ramp operation ; process value reaches to step set values that are defined with these parameters at the end of the time that are defined in
 - ramp time parameters.
 - For soak operation; process value is constant in step set value that are
 - defined in these parameters for time that are defined in soak time
 - parameters.
 - Ramp/Soak step set values can be adjusted from minimum value of set scale 5U - L to maximum value of set scale 5U - u

PU-8



Ramp time for Ramp/Soak Process value reaches to step set values at the end of the time that are defined in these parameters. It can be adjusted 0 to 99 hours 59 minutes



••••

25-8

 $F \subseteq$

Soak time for Ramp/Soak

Process value is constant in step set value for time that are defined in these parameters.

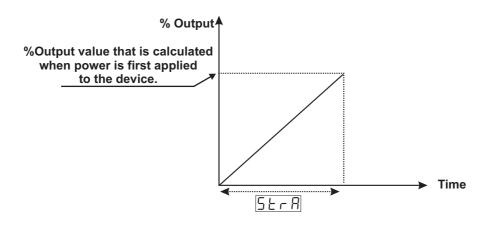
It can be adjusted 0 to 99 hours 59 minutes.

RAMP ACTION DURING POWER ON (SOFT-START)

If $\underline{\Box \bot \Box}$ parameter is different from $\underline{\Box \Box} \underline{\Box} \underline{\Box}$ and selection of operation form parameter is $\underline{R} \underline{\Box} \underline{L} \underline{\Box}$, Then Soft-Start starts to run. Ramp led blinks. By increasing the process output for $\underline{\Box} \underline{\Box} \underline{\Box}$ Parameter, process output reaches to the %output value that is measured when power first applied to the device at the end of the $\underline{\Box} \underline{\Box} \underline{\Box}$ time. When Soft-Start operation finishes, if operation form of the device is $\underline{R} \underline{\Box} \underline{\Box}$, device continues to run from $\underline{P} \underline{\Box} \underline{E}$ value.

If selection of operation form parameter is adjusted as n - R - RIf 5 - R time is adjusted to a value that is less than the counted value or 0 - 0 - 0If there is a sensor break failure

Then Soft-Start operation is canceled.



RAMP/SOAK IN NORMAL OPERATION :

Whatever operation form parameter is ; Normal Ramp/Soak operation is started by selecting $\boxed{r55L}$ parameter \boxed{run} . Ramp led becomes active. Ramp/Soak operation can be paused by selecting $\boxed{r55L}$ parameter \boxed{HuLd} . Ramp/Soak operation can be canceled by selecting $\boxed{r55L}$ Parameter \boxed{uFF}

While Ramp / Soak operation continues, if <u>-555</u> parameter is <u>0000</u> 1-4 numbered, if it is <u>0001</u> 5-8 numbered, if it is <u>0002</u>, 1-8 numbered steps run.

When Ramp/Soak operation finishes, device operates in operation form which operation form device has before Ramp/Soak operation.($n \neg R \neg$ Or $R \sqcup L \neg$)

If selection of operation form parameter before starting to Ramp/Soak operation is $\boxed{P \sqcup L \Box}$ then device continues to run from $\boxed{P \subseteq E L}$ set value.

If any Ramp time or Soak time is $\boxed{\square \square \square \square}$, then relevant ramp or soak step is skipped.

Ramp/Soak operation is canceled

if there is a sensor break failure, while Ramp/Soak operation is running or if power off while Ramp/Soak operation is running.

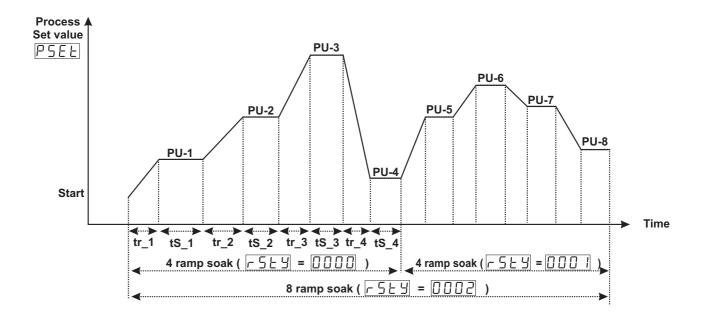


While any Ramp/Soak function is running, changing relevant time set value can cause unexpected effects in set value and process output.



If Ramp / Soak tolerance parameter r5to is 0000, then it has no function. When it is different from 0 (While Ramp/Soak is running);

If (Calculated SET - <u>F560</u>) < Process Value <(**Calculated SET +** <u>F560</u>) condition is not true (process value is out of the tolerance), time counting is stopped till the condition is true.



Example: If Ramp / Soak step set, ramp time and soak time parameters

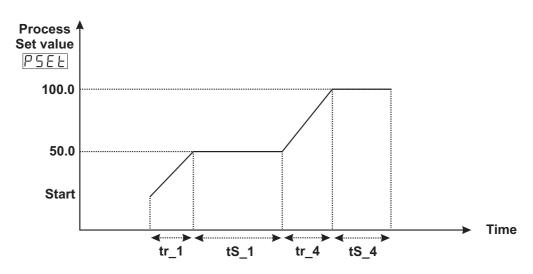
 PU-1=0500
 , Er-1=0050
 , ES-1=0140
 ;

 PU-2=0100
 , Er-2=0000
 , ES-2=0000
 ;

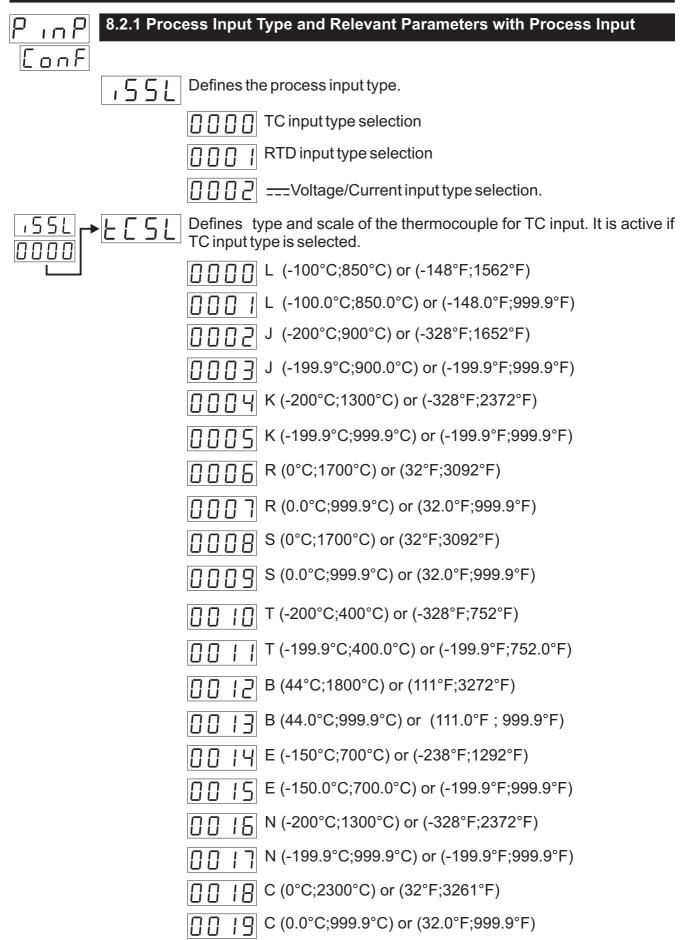
 PU-3=0900
 , Er-3=0000
 , ES-3=0000
 ;

 PU-4=0000
 , Er-4=0000
 , ES-4=0000
 ; are adjusted as on the left

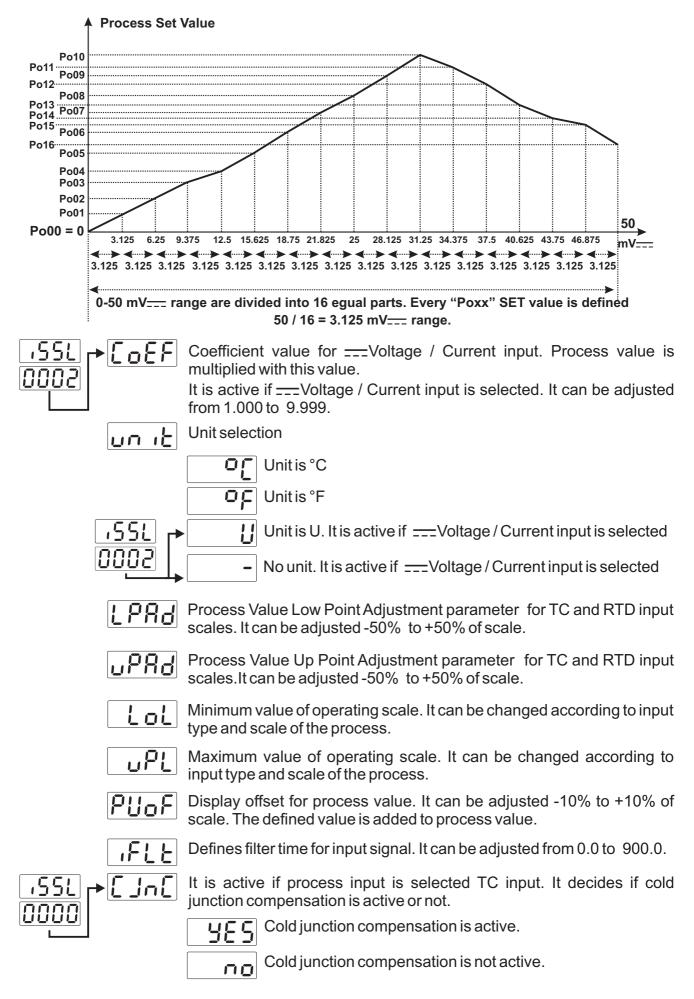
Device operates as shown below:



8.2 Technician Parameters



	Defines type and scale of sensor for RTD input. It is active if RTD input is selected.
	Sensor type : PT-100 Scale: -200°C to 650°C (If unit is °C) Scale: -328°F to 1202°F (If unit is °F)
	Sensor type : PT-100 Scale: -199.9°C to 650.0°C (If unit is °C) Scale: -199.9°F ile 999.9°F (If unit is °F)
<u>.551</u> 0002	Defines input range and scale of $___$ Voltage/current input.It is active if $___$ Voltage / Current is selected.
	050mV (-1999 ; 9999)
	[] [] []] 05V (-1999 ; 9999)
	010V(-1999 ; 9999)
	020mA (-1999 ; 9999)
	[] [] [] [] [] [] ↓ 420mA (-1999 ; 9999)
→dPnと	Defines point position for displays. It is active if $___$ Voltage/Current input is selected.
	It is active when <u></u> Voltage/Current input is selected. It determines
	calibration type. Fixed dual point calibration is done. It does not allow to adjust minimum and maximum value of calibration points. It can be adjusted from -1999 to 9999.
	It allows to do selectable dual point calibration.
	It allows to define 16 calibration points.
	It defines minimum value for selectable dual point calibration. It is active if <u></u> Voltage/Current input is selected. It can be adjusted from -1999 to 9999.
└─┶と₽₀₭	It defines maximum value for selectable dual point calibration. It is active if $___$ Voltage/Current is selected. It can be adjusted from -1999 to 9999.
	In multi point calibration, calibration points are defined with these parameters.
<u>0002</u> LPo 16	It is active ifVoltage /Current is selected. It can be adjusted from -1999 to 9999. In multi point calibration operation, defined scale is divided into 16 calibration points.
	For example : is (0-50 mV).





8.2.2 PID Configuration Parameters

If any output is configured as heating PID; <u>P-HE</u>, <u>-HE</u>, <u>d-HE</u>, <u>CE-H</u>, <u>oLLH</u>, <u>outH</u>, <u>oLEH</u>, <u>Rr</u>, <u>SUoF</u>, <u>PoFS</u>, <u>PoSS</u>, <u>SErn</u>, <u>o-dB</u>, <u>Sbou</u> parameters are visible.

If any output is configured as cooling PID;

If no output is configured as PID;

Only o-db, Show parameters are visible in PID CONF menu.

P - HL HEATING PROPORTIONAL BAND (000.0%, 999.9%)

Full Scale ($\Box PL$ - LoL) %. If $\Box PL$ = 1000 °C, LoL = 0 °C and P-HE = 50.0 then Proportional Band = ($\Box PL$ - LoL) * P-HE / 100.0 Proportional Band = (1000-0)*50.0/100.0 = 500 °C

ConF

out I

OR

outc

OR Out3

HEBE

<u>[on 1</u> OR [on2 OR [on3

ρ

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SELECTED

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HEATING INTEGRAL TIME (0000 sec, 3600 secs)

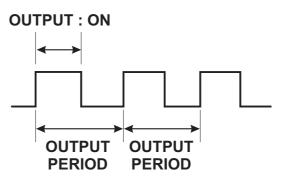
It can be changed by the user. When Tune operation stops, it can be changed by the device. If it is 0, integral control part does not run. When tune operation stops if this parameter is 0, this parameter can not be changed because of integral control part does not run.

HEATING DERIVATIVE TIME (000.0 sec, 999.9 secs)

It can be changed by the user. When Tune operation stops, it can be changed by the device. If it is 0, derivative control part does not run. When tune operation stops if this parameter is 0, this parameter can not be changed because of derivative control part does not run.

CONTROL PERIOD FOR HEATING OUTPUT (1 sec, 150 secs)

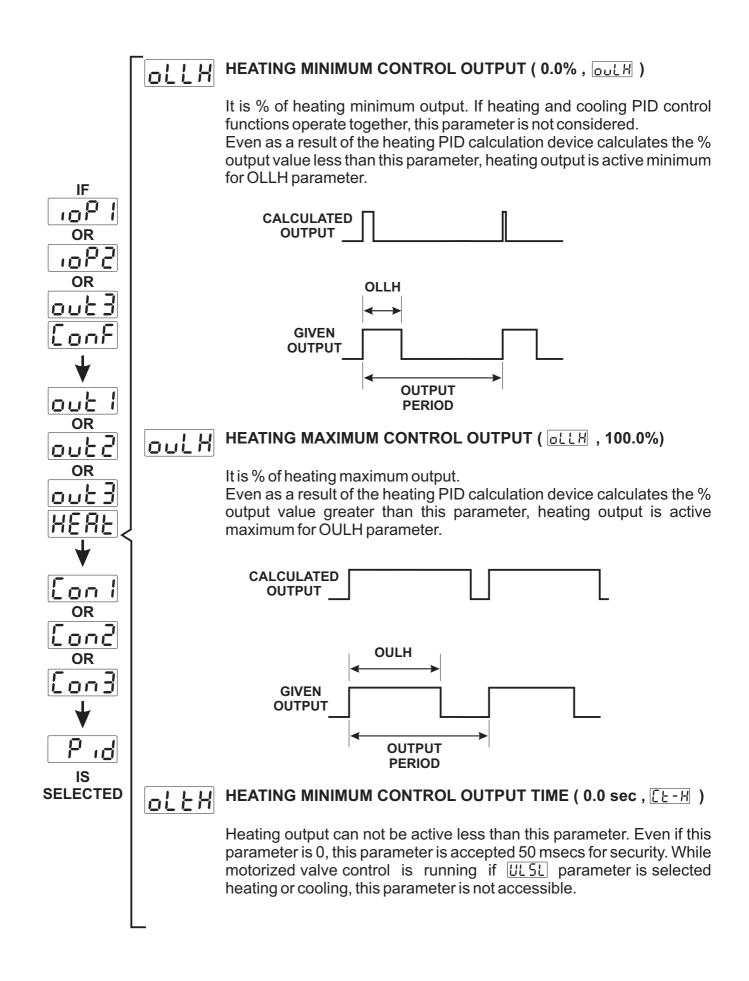
It is control period for heating. While motorized valve control runs, if \underbrace{ULSL} is heat or cool, this parameter is not visible.

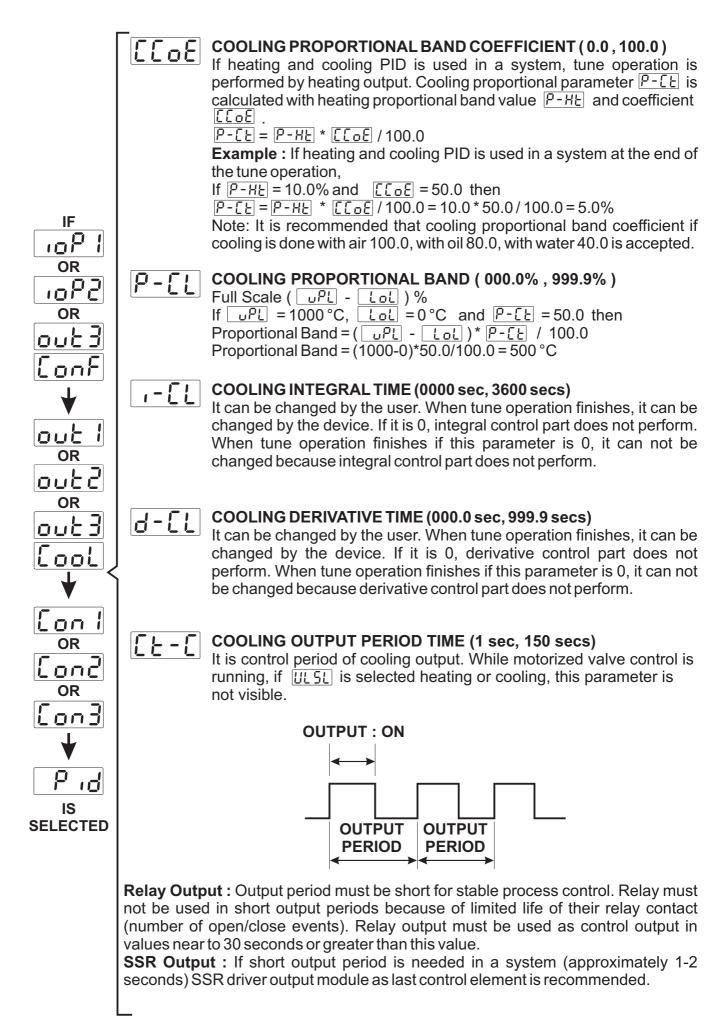


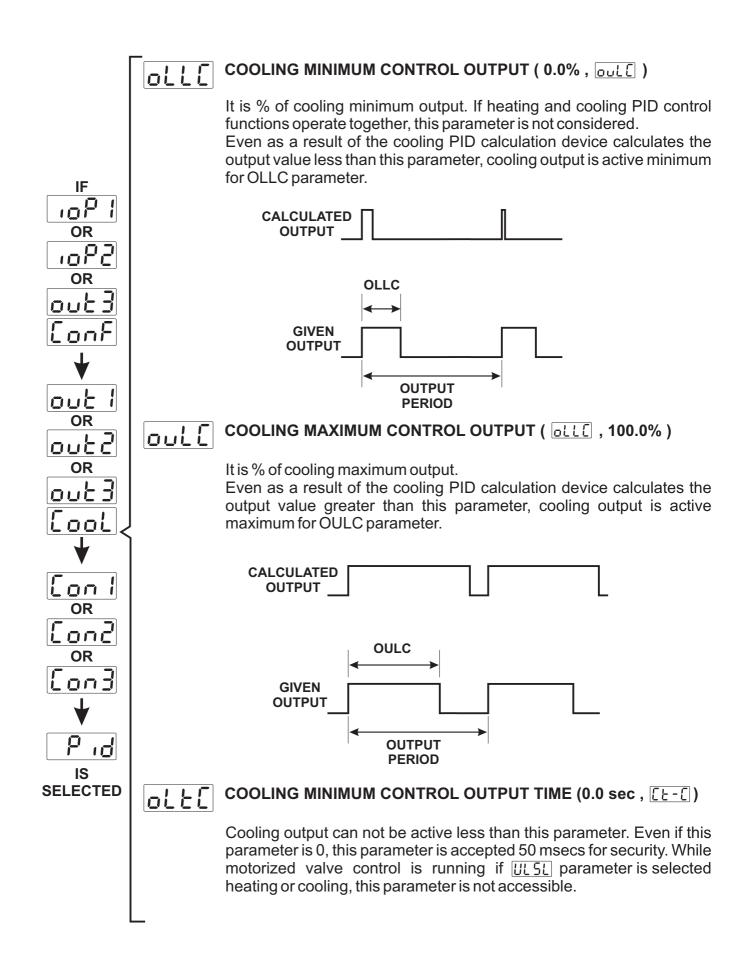
Relay Output : Output period must be short for stable process control. Relay must not be used in short output periods because of limited life of their relay contact (number of open/close events). Relay output must be used as control output in values near to 30 seconds or greater than this value.

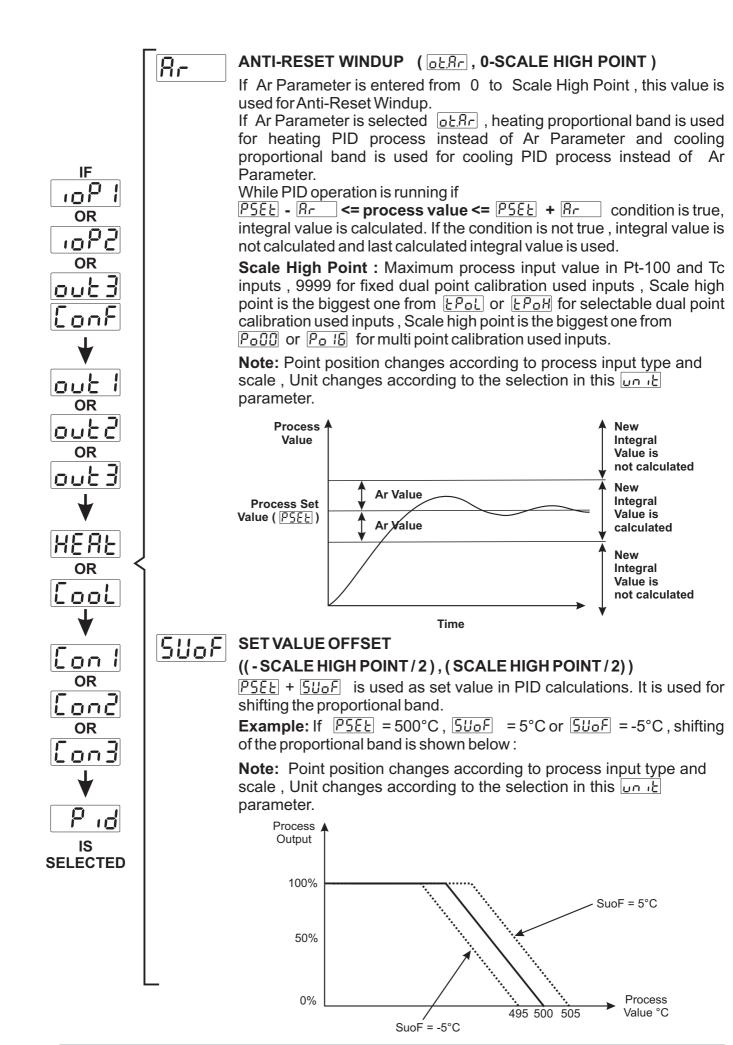
SSR Output : If short output period is needed in a system (approximately 1-2 seconds) SSR driver output module as last control element is recommended.

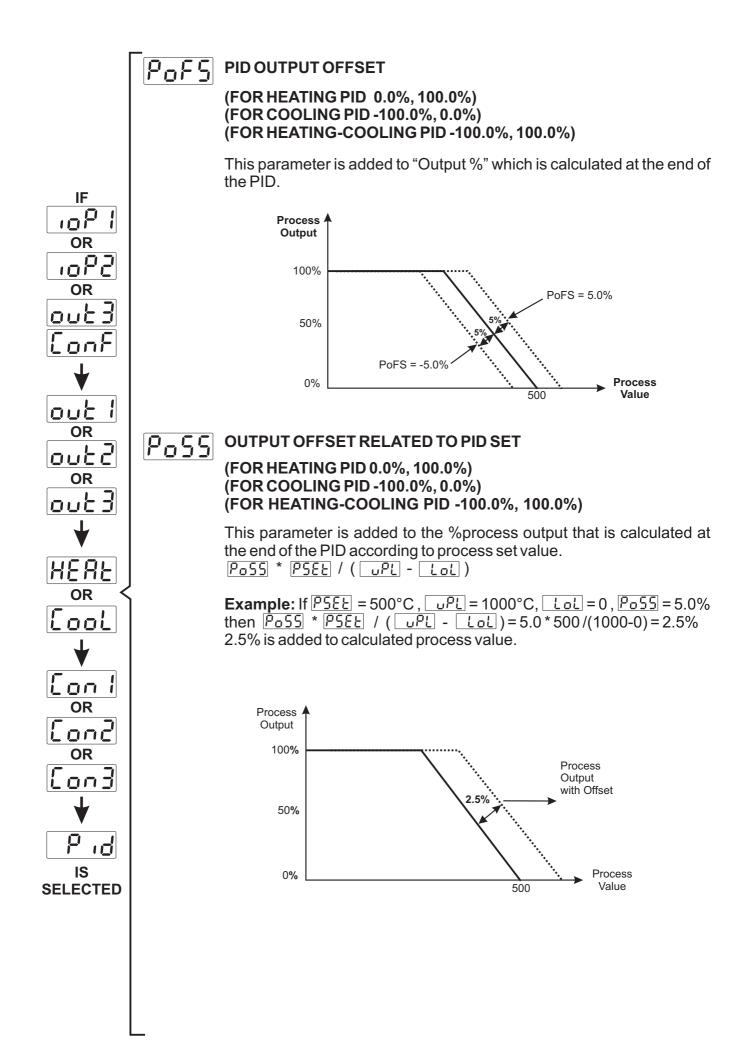


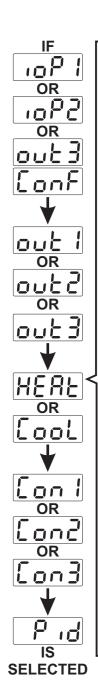














It is used to control if process value oscillates or not when Euron Parameter is REUR or RESE

lf;

 PSEE
 - SErn <= Process Value <= PSEE</td>
 + SErn condition is not

 true and process value starts to oscillate (as shown in the diagram). If
 Eunn parameter is REUN or RESE, then REEn parameter is selected

 $\underline{355}$ and thenLimit Cycle Tune operation starts for determinig new PID parameters.

Scale High Point : Maximum process input value in Pt-100 and Tc inputs

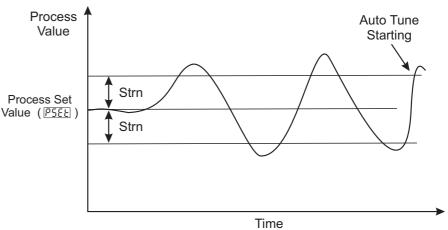
9999 for fixed dual point calibration used inputs,

Scale high point is the biggest one from \boxed{PoL} or \boxed{PoH} for selectable dual point calibration used inputs

Scale high point is the biggest one from $P_{O}D$ or $P_{O}B$ for multipoint calibration used inputs

Note: Point position changes according to process input type and scale,

Unit changes according to the selection in this unit parameter.



PROPORTIONAL BAND SHIFTING ((-SCALE HIGH POINT/2), (SCALE LOW POINT/2))

> If heating-cooling or only cooling function is performed; Cooling process set value is calculated by adding set value PSEE with parameter a-dbControl form can be ON/OFF or PID.

If set value for heating = $PSEE + SU_{O}F$; Then set value for cooling = $PSEE + SU_{O}F + O-dB$

Scale High Point : Maximum process input value in Pt-100 and Tc inputs

9999 for fixed dual point calibration used inputs,

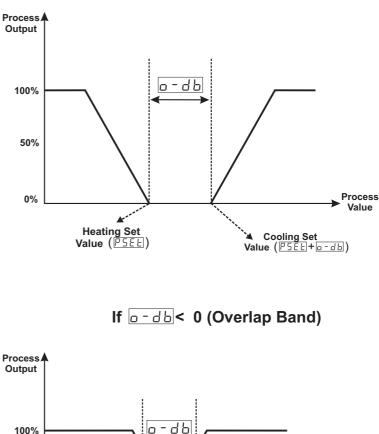
Scale high point is the biggest one from \boxed{PoL} or \boxed{PoH} for selectable dual point calibration used inputs

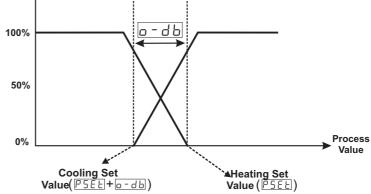
Scale high point is the biggest one from $P_0 \square \square$ or $P_0 \square \square$ for multipoint calibration used inputs

Note: Point position changes according to process input type and scale,

Unit changes according to the selection in this unit parameter.

If o - d b > 0 (Dead Band)





SENSOR BREAK OUTPUT VALUE (FOR HEATING PID 0.0%, 100.0%) (FOR COOLING PID -100.0%, 0.0%) (FOR HEATING-COOLING PID -100.0%, 100.0%)

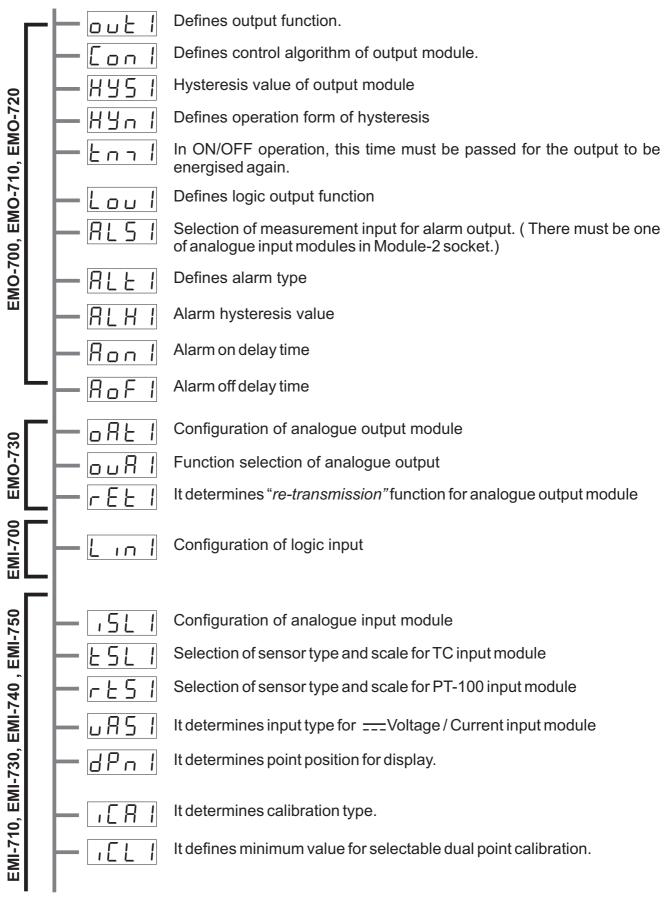
When sensor breaks, controlling of the process can continue by entering % output value to 5bou parameter.

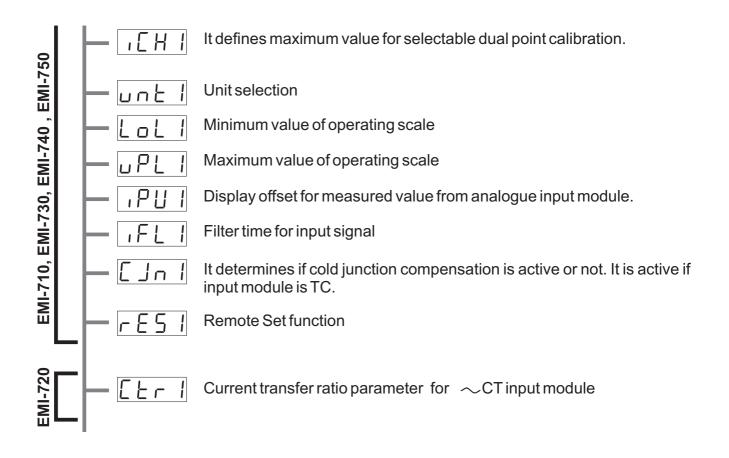
If this parameter 0.0, process control output does not perform an output when sensor breaks.



8.2.3 MODULE-1 Configuration Parameters

Module-1 configuration parameters are arranged automatically by the device according to the module type in Module-1 socket. These parameters are not accessible if there is no module in Module-1 socket.



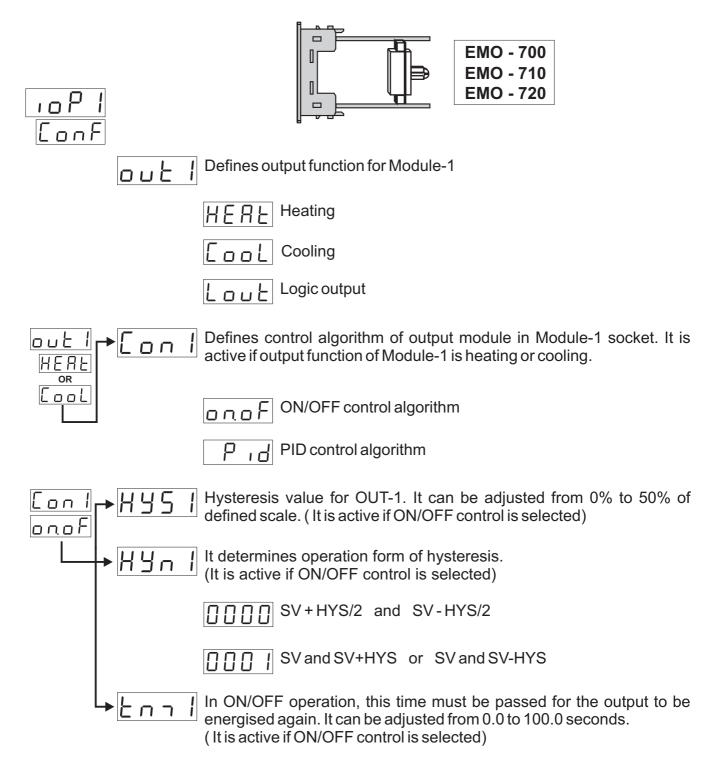


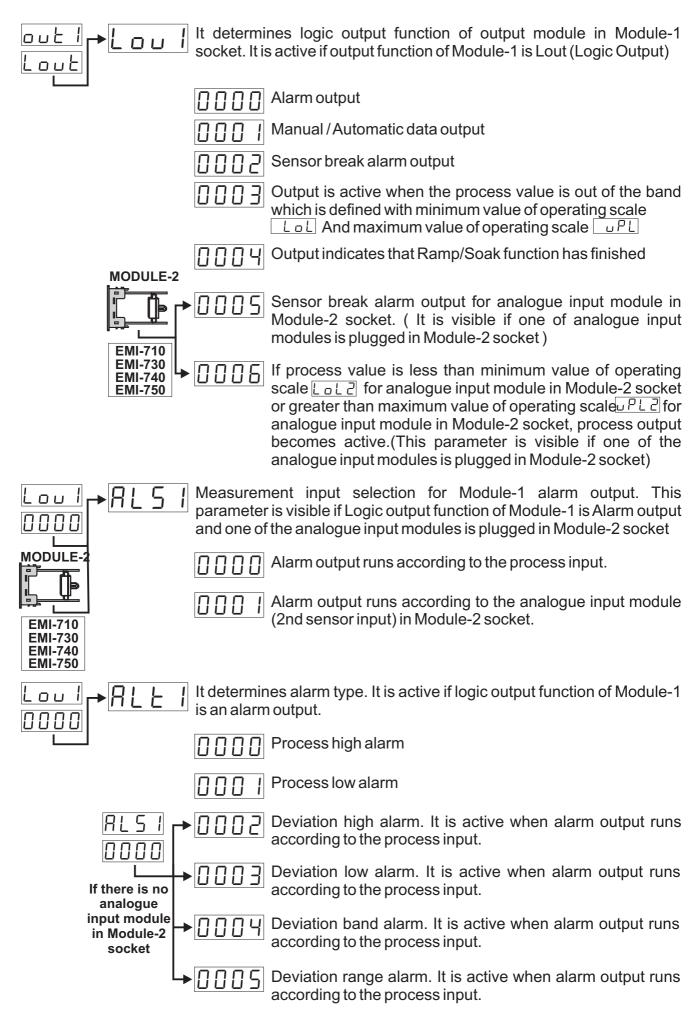
Module-1 configuration parameters are defined according to which input / output modules are plugged in Module-1 socket.

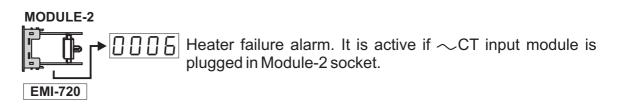




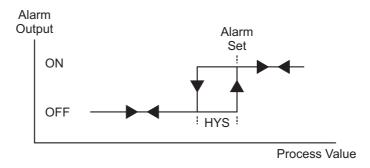
These parameters are active if EMO-700 (Relay Output), EMO-710 (SSR Driver) or EMO-720 (Digital Output) module is plugged in Module-1 socket.



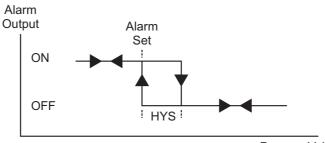




Process high alarm

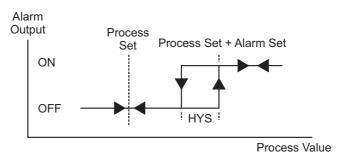


Process low alarm

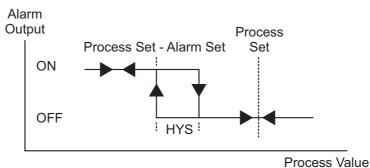


Process Value

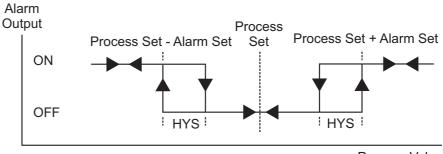
Deviation High Alarm



Deviation Low Alarm

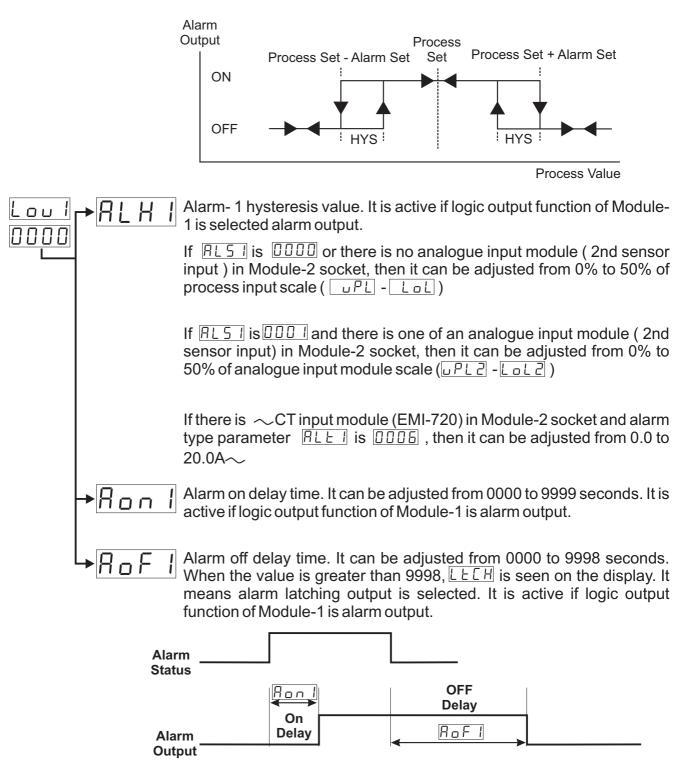


Deviation Band Alarm



Process Value

Deviation Range Alarm



illi on F i n These parameters are active if EMO-730 (0/4...20 mA____ Current L Output) module is plugged in Module-1 socket. **EMO-730** ιoΡ Eonf oRŁ Configuration of analogue output module in Module-1 socket. 0000 0...20mA output or 0...10V____ according to Section 5.2.5 is selected. 4...20mA output or 2...10V=== according to Section 5.2.5 is selected. ouR Function selection of analogue output module in Module-1 socket. Analogue output module in Module-1 socket is used for HERF heating Analogue output module in Module-1 socket is used for Cool cooling. Analogue output module in Module-1 socket is used for rEtr retransmission. Defines "Re-transmission" function. (It is active if "re-transmission" function is selected for analogue output module in Module-1 socket. 卢노오卢 It retransmits Process value to analogue output. r Ł.E r It retransmits difference between Process and Set value to analogue output. r E.PU It retransmits Set value to analogue output. Scale **Re-transmission** UPL LOL

0

95

► mA

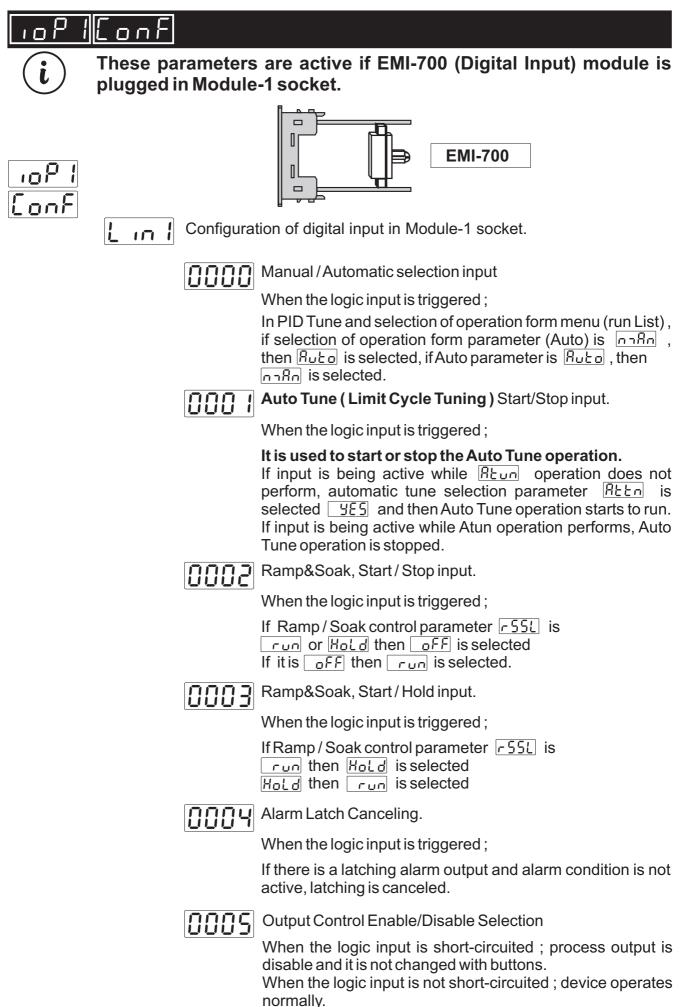


Image:
socket.

ιoΡ

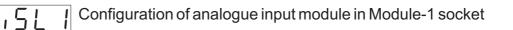
iSL

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EMI-730

[on F

EMI - 710 EMI - 730 EMI - 740 EMI - 750



TC input type selection. This must be selected if analogue input module in Module-1 socket is EMI-730.

PT-100 input type selection. This must be selected, if analogue input module in Module-1 socket is EMI-740.

Voltage / Current input type selection. This must be selected if analogue input module in Module-1 socket is EMI-710, EMI-730 or EMI-750.

► **L I** Selection of sensor type and scale for TC input module in Module-1 socket. It is active if input type of Module-1 is selected TC.

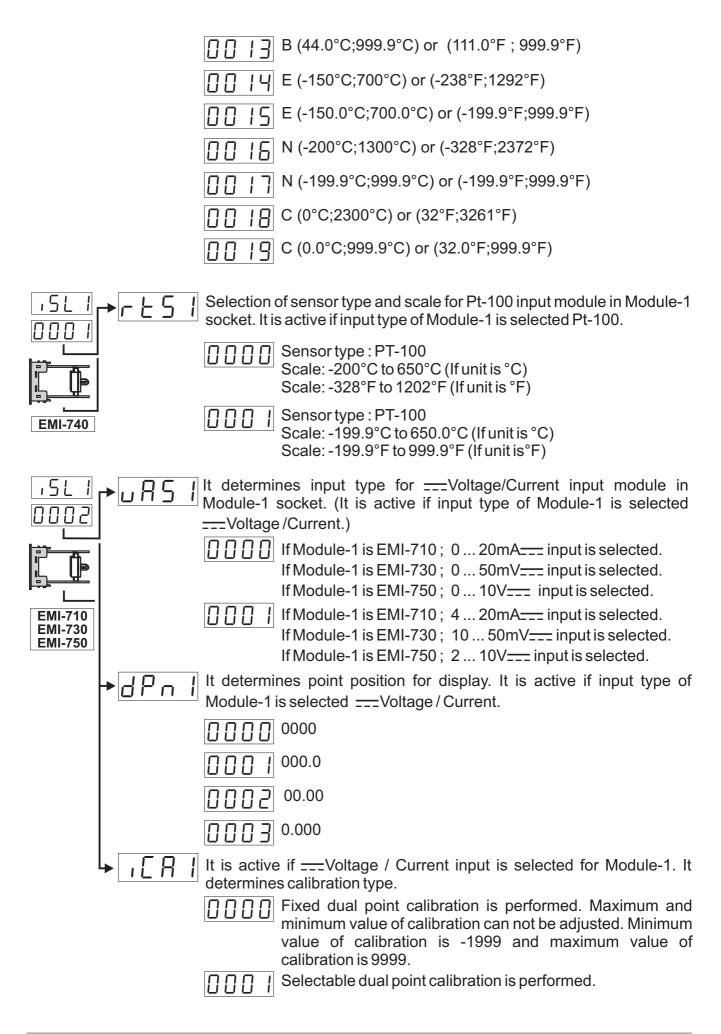
- L (-100°C;850°C) or (-148°F;1562°F)
- L (-100.0°C;850.0°C) or (-148.0°F;999.9°F)
- ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ J (-200°C;900°C) or (-328°F;1652°F)
- ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ J (-199.9°C;900.0°C) or (-199.9°F;999.9°F)
- <u>Г</u> <u>Г</u> <u>Ч</u> К (-200°С;1300°С) or (-328°F;2372°F)
- [] [] [] [] [] [] K (-199.9°C;999.9°C) or (-199.9°F;999.9°F)
- R (0°C;1700°C) or (32°F;3092°F)
- R (0.0°C;999.9°C) or (32.0°F;999.9°F)
- □□□□ S (0°C;1700°C) or (32°F;3092°F)

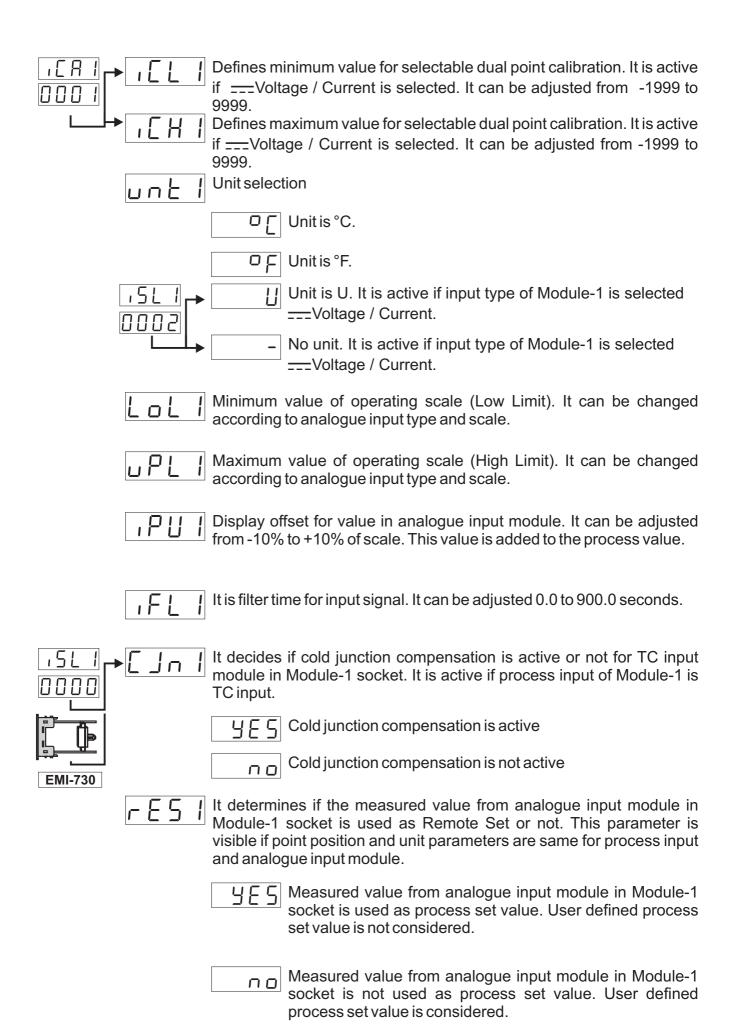
S (0.0°C;999.9°C) or (32.0°F;999.9°F)

T (-200°C;400°C) or (-328°F;752°F)

T (-199.9°C;400.0°C) or (-199.9°F;752.0°F)

B (44°C;1800°C) or (111°F;3272°F)



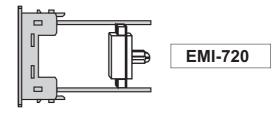


ioP IConF



These parameters are active if EMI-720 (\sim CT) Input Module is plugged in Module-1 socket.





Current transfer ratio for Module-1. It can be adjusted from 0 to 100

Example: For 100:5A type current transformer;

This parameter must be [L - I = 100/5 = 0020]

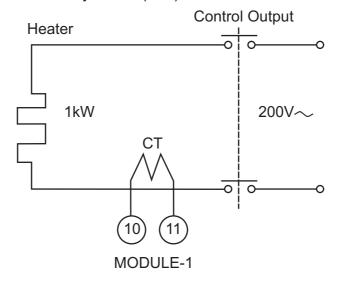
Current Transformer



Calculating set value for heating failure

Set = [(Current value without failure + Current value with heater failure)]/2

For example ; If that there is a system with one heater ($200V_{\sim}$ and 1kW); In normal conditions current in heater = 1000/200 = 5AIf there is a heater failure no current will be on the heater (0A). Then Set value must be adjusted = (5+0)/2 = 2.5A

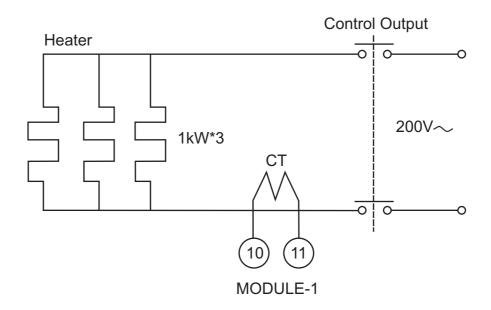


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For correct measurements with EMI-720 (\sim CT) Input Module in Module-1 socket, heating output mut be active minimum for 0.2 sec (200 msec).

If a system operates with PID control form, heating minimum output time $\boxed{o \perp b H}$ must be minimum 0.2 sec.

For example ;If there is a system with three heater ($200V_{\sim}$ and 1kW); In normal conditions current in heater ; $[1000/200]^*3 = 5A^*3 = 15A$ If one of the heater is out of order, there is $5^*2 = 10A$ current on two heaters. Current in heater failure is 10A. Then Set value must be adjusted (15+10)/2 = 12.5A



For correct measurements with EMI-720 (\sim CT) Input Module in Module-1 socket, heating output mut be active minimum for 0.2 sec (200 msec).

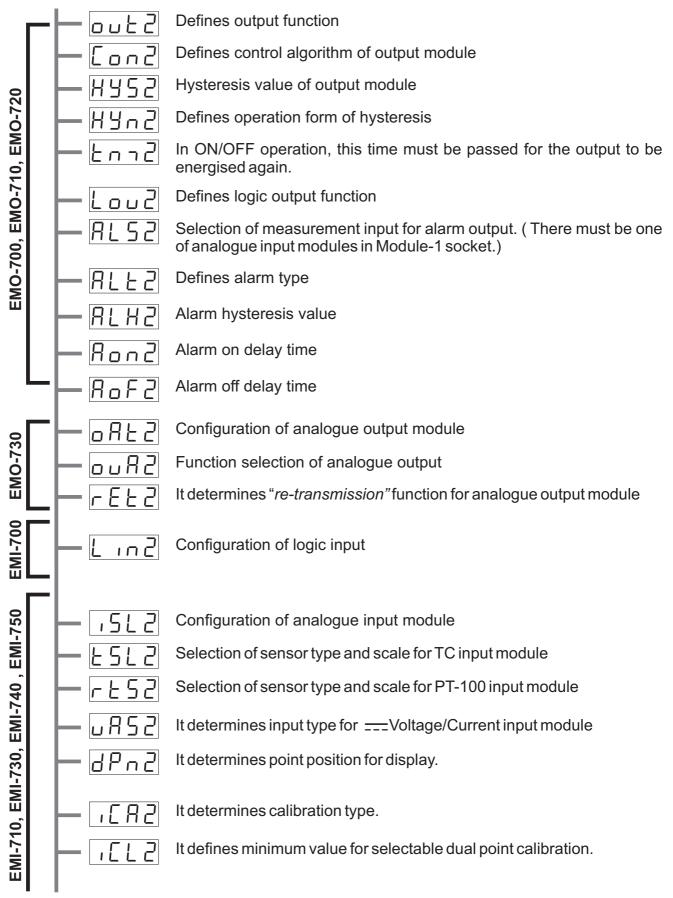
If a system operates with PID control form, heating minimum control time \overline{oLEH} Must be minimum 0.2 second.

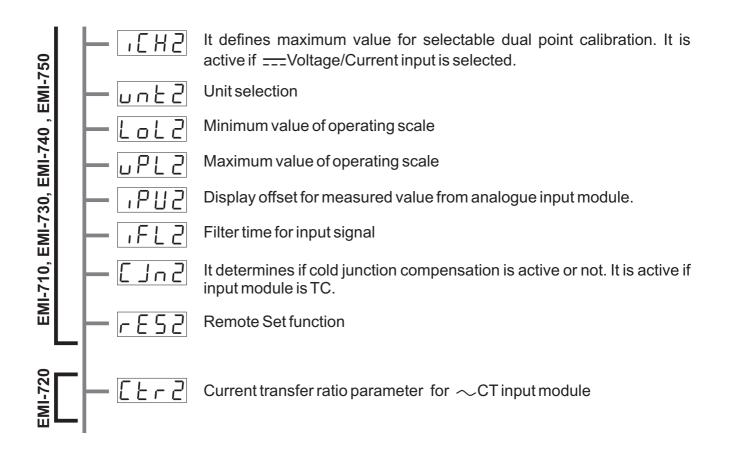
L



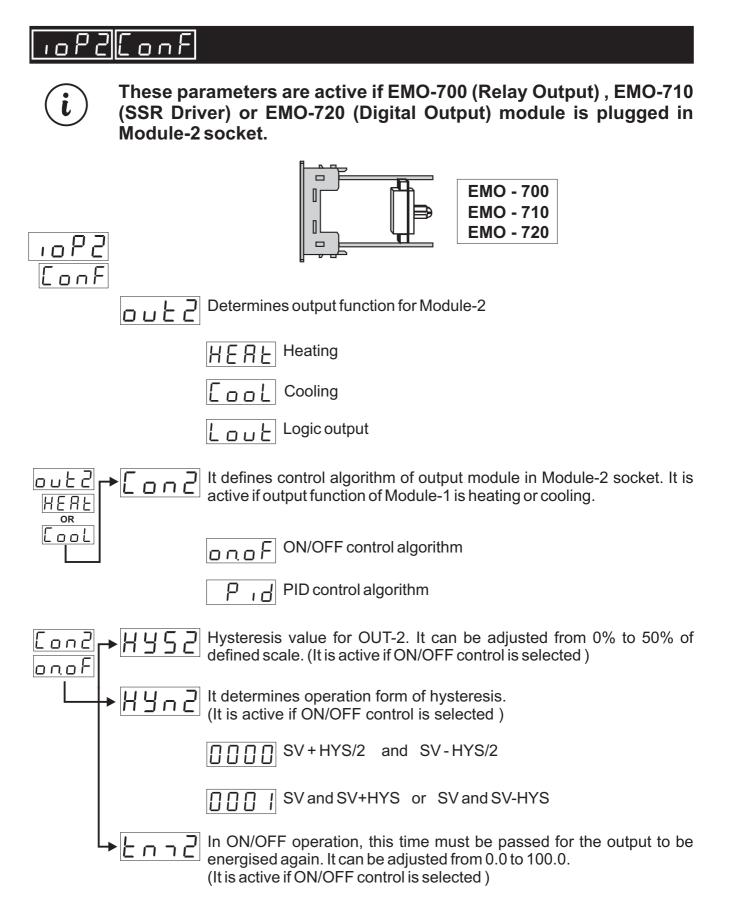
8.2.4 MODULE-2 Configuration Parameters

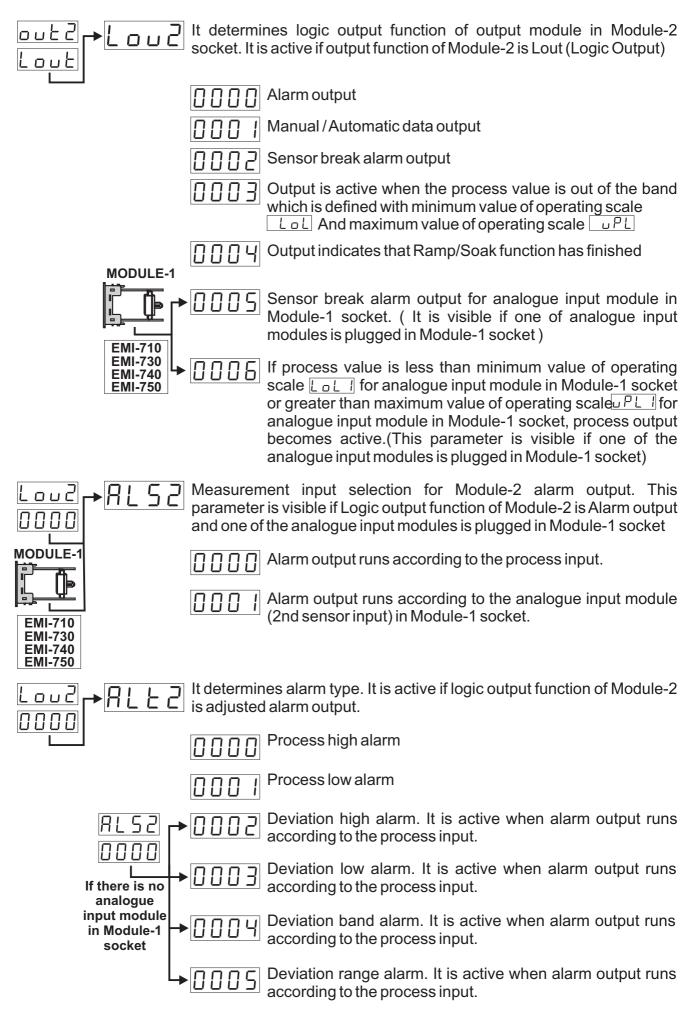
Module-2 configuration parameters are arranged automatically by the device according to the module type in Module-2 socket. These parameters are not accessible if there is no module in Module-2 socket.

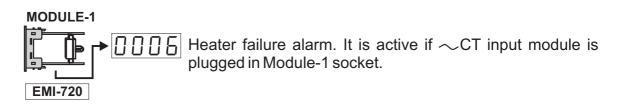




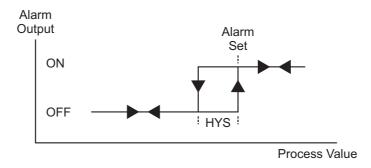
Module-2 configuration parameters are defined according to which input / output modules are plugged in Module-2 socket.



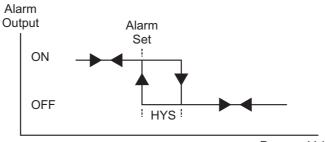




Process High Alarm

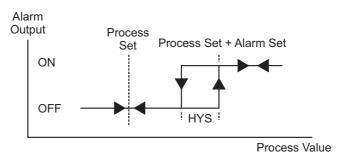


Process Low Alarm

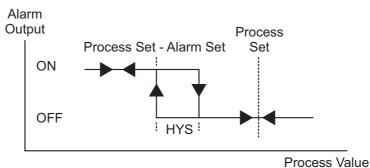


Process Value

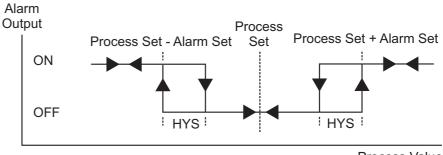
Deviation High Alarm



Deviation Low Alarm

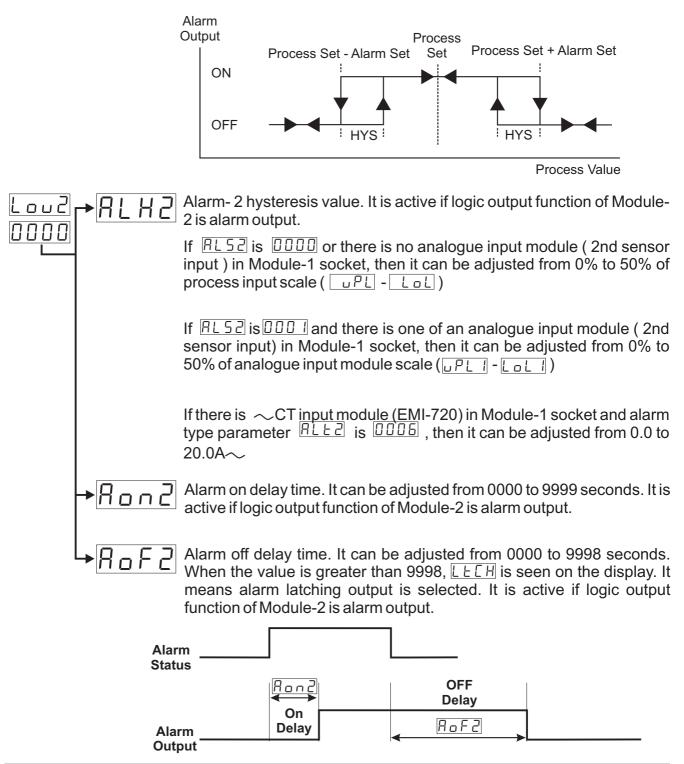


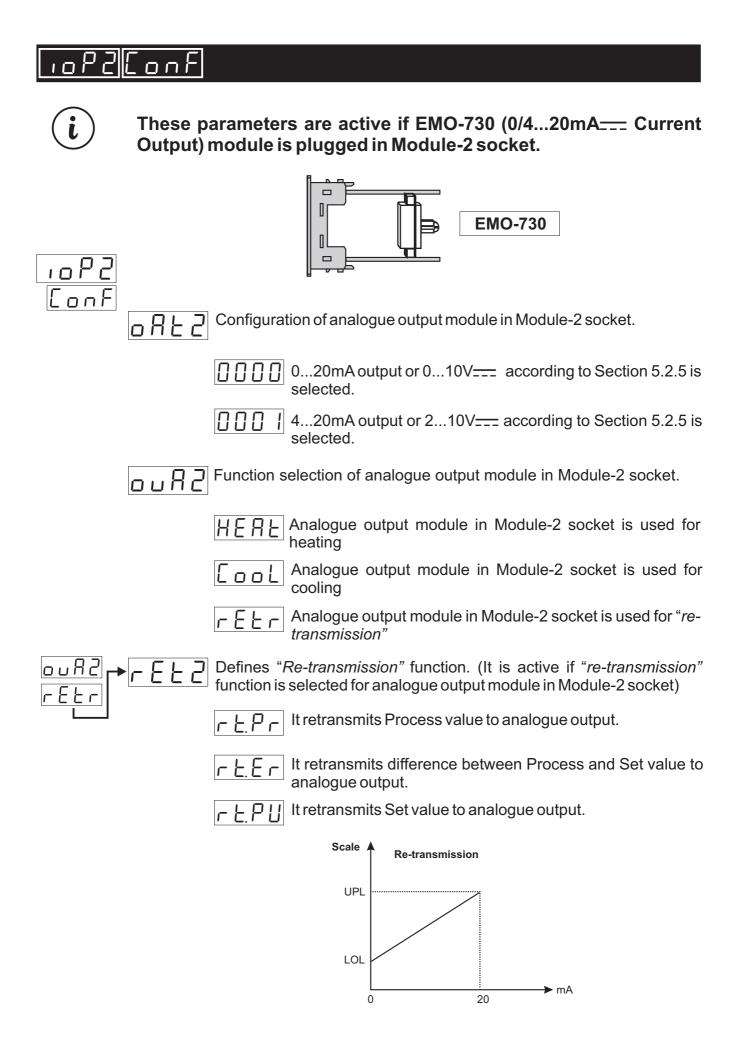
Deviation Band Alarm



Process Value

Deviation Range Alarm



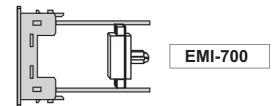


ioP2[Conf

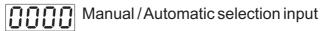


These parameters are active if EMI-700 (Digital Input) is plugged in Module-2 socket.





Configuration of digital input in Module-2 socket.



When the logic input is triggered;

In PID Tune and selection of operation form menu (run List), if selection of operation form parameter (Auto) is $n_{n}R_{n}$, then $R_{u \ge 0}$ is selected, if Auto parameter is $R_{u \ge 0}$, then $n_{n}R_{n}$ is selected.



יחב

1

Auto Tune (Limit Cycle Tuning) Start/Stop input

When the logic input is triggered;

It is used to start or stop the Auto Tune operation.

If input is being active while $\exists \underline{k} \underline{u} \overline{n}$ operation does not perform, automatic tune selection parameter $\exists \underline{k} \underline{k} \underline{n}$ is selected $\exists \underline{k} \underline{S}$ and then Auto Tune operation starts to run. If input is being active while Atun operation performs, Auto Tune operation is stopped.



Ramp&Soak, Start / Stop input

When the logic input is triggered;

If Ramp / Soak control parameter r55L is <u>run</u> or <u>HoLd</u> then <u>oFF</u> is selected If it is <u>oFF</u> then <u>run</u> is selected.



Ramp&Soak, Start / Hold input

When the logic input is triggered;

If Ramp / Soak control parameter <u>-55</u> is <u>run</u> then <u>Hold</u> is selected <u>Hold</u> then <u>run</u> is selected



Alarm Latch Canceling.

When the logic input is triggered;

If there is a latching alarm output and alarm condition is not active, latching is canceled.

0005

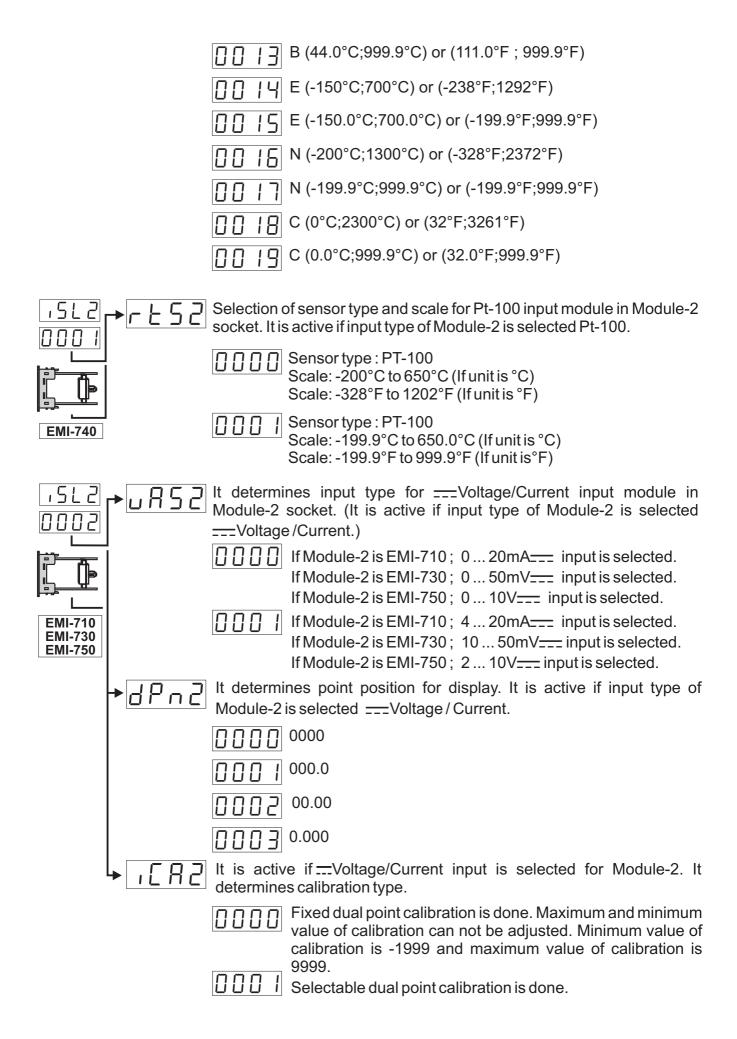
Output Control Enable/Disable Selection

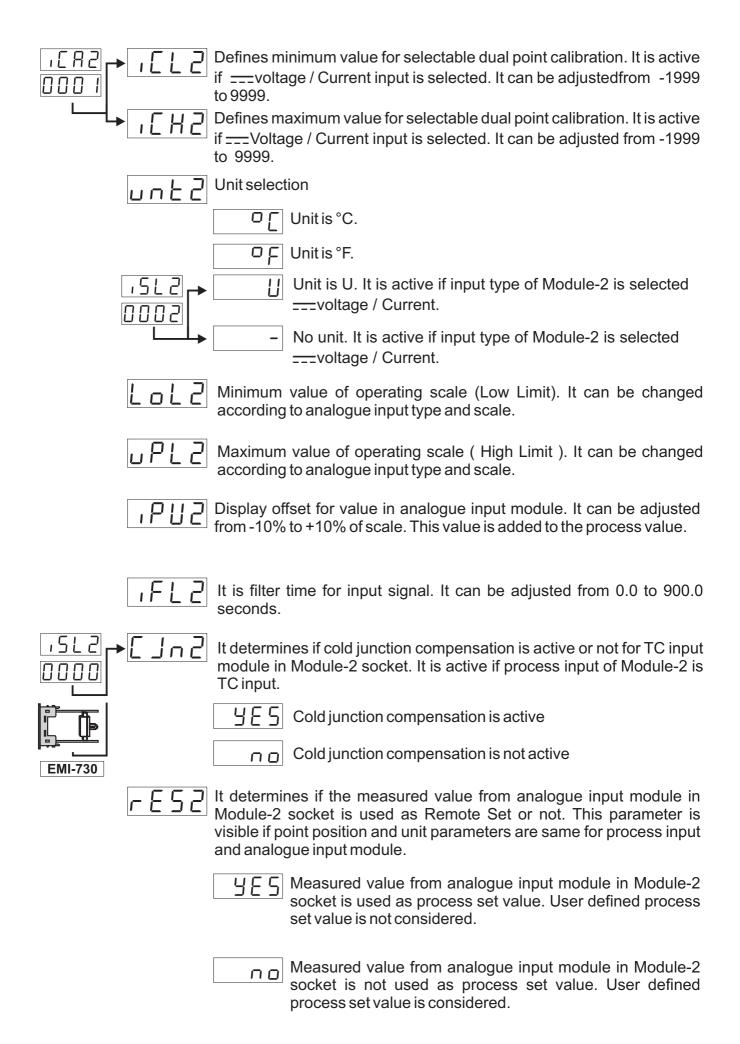
When the logic input is short-circuited ; process output is disable and it is not changed with buttons.

When the logic input is not short-circuited ; device operates normally.

ioP2[ConF

- These parameters are active if EMI-710 (0/4...20mA____ Current Input), EMI-730 (TC or 0...50mV₋₋₋ Input), EMI-740 (PT-100 Input) or EMI-750 (0...10V----Input) module is plugged in Module-2 socket. **EMI - 710 EMI - 730 EMI - 740** 1022 EMI - 750 LonF , SL 2 Configuration of analogue input module in Module-2. TC input type selection. This must be selected if analogue 0000 input module in Module-2 socket is EMI-730. PT-100 input type selection. This must be selected, if 0001 analogue input module in Module-2 socket is EMI-740. 0002 ----voltage / Current input type selection. This must be selected if analogue input module in Module-2 socket is EMI-710, EMI-730 or EMI - 450. → Ł S L Selection of sensor type and scale for TC input module in Module-2 1562 socket. It is active if input type of Module-2 is selected TC. nnnr □ □ □ □ □ L (-100°C;850°C) or (-148°F;1562°F) □ □ □ | L (-100.0°C;850.0°C) or (-148.0°F;999.9°F) □ □ □ □ □ J (-200°C;900°C) or (-328°F;1652°F) EMI-730 □ □ □ □ □] J (-199.9°C;900.0°C) or (-199.9°F;999.9°F) [] [] [] Ц К (-200°С;1300°С) or (-328°F;2372°F) K (-199.9°C;999.9°C) or (-199.9°F;999.9°F) 0005 □ □ □ □ R (0°C;1700°C) or (32°F;3092°F)
 - R (0.0°C;999.9°C) or (32.0°F;999.9°F)
 - S (0°C;1700°C) or (32°F;3092°F)
 - S (0.0°C;999.9°C) or (32.0°F;999.9°F)
 - T (-200°C;400°C) or (-328°F;752°F)
 - T (-199.9°C;400.0°C) or (-199.9°F;752.0°F)
 - **B** (44°C;1800°C) or (111°F;3272°F)



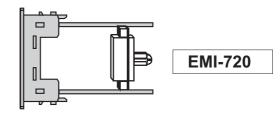


.on \Box



These parameters are active if EMI-720 (~CT) Input Module is





Current transfer ratio for Module-2. (It can be adjusted from 0 to 100.)

Example : For 100:5A type current transformer;

This parameter must be $\boxed{\lfloor L r \rfloor} = 100/5 = \boxed{0.020}$

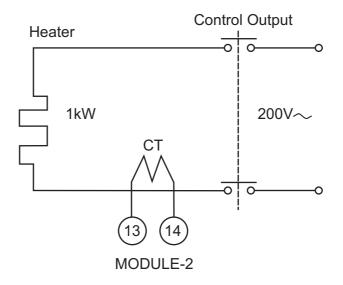
Current Transformer

Calculating set value for heating failure



Set = [(Current value without failure + Current value with heater failure)]/2

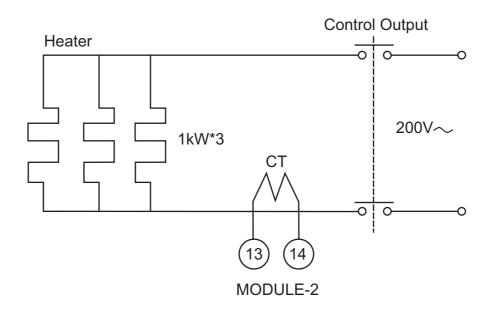
For example; if there is a system with one heater ($200V \sim$ and 1kW); In normal conditions current in heater = 1000/200 = 5A If there is a heater failure no current will be on the heater (0A). Then Set value must be adjusted = (5+0)/2 = 2.5A



For correct measurements with EMI-720 (~CT) Input Module in Module-2 socket, heating output mut be active minimum for 0.2 sec (200 msec).

If a system operates with PID control form, heating minimum output time oLEH must be minimum 0.2 sec.

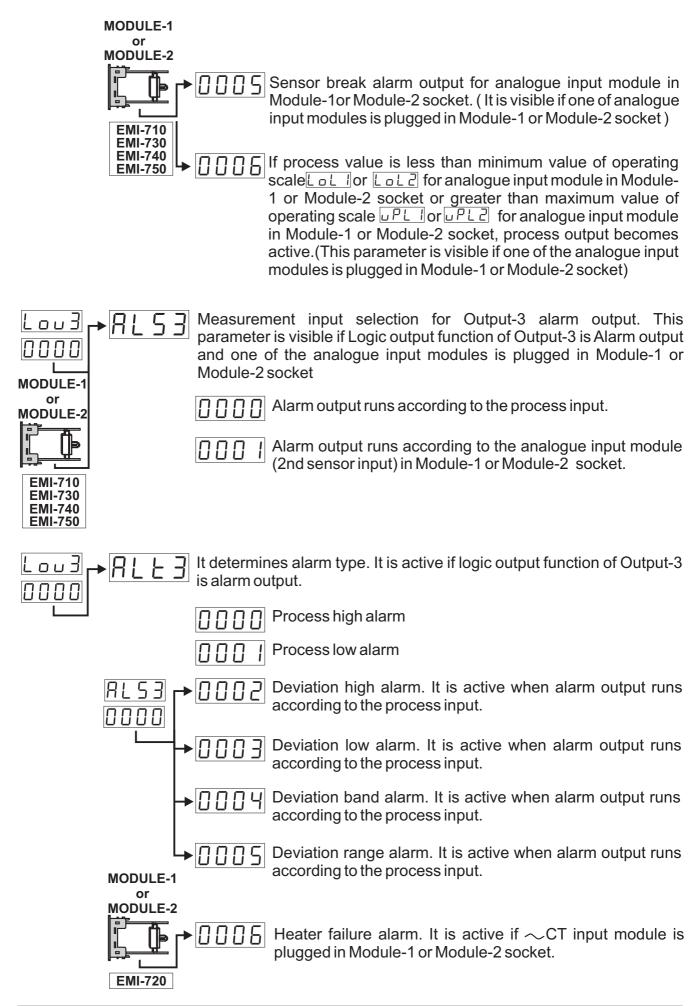
For example ;ift there is a system with three heater ($200V \sim and 1kW$); In normal conditions current in heater ; [1000/200]*3 = 5A*3 = 15A If one of the heater is out of order, there is 5*2 = 10A current on two heaters. Current in heater failure is 10A. Then Set value must be adjusted (15+10)/2=12.5A



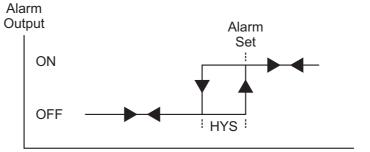
For correct measurements with EMI-720 (\sim CT) Input Module in Module-2 socket, heating output must be active minimum for 0.2 sec (200 msec).

If a system operates with PID control form, heating minimum control time $\boxed{o \ L \ E \ H}$ Must be minimum 0.2 second.

	8.2.5 OUTF	PUT-3 Configuration Parameters
Lonf		
	out 3	Defines output function for Output-3
		HERL Heating
	[0n]	Defines control algorithm of Output-3. It is active if output function of Output-3 is heating or cooling.
or Lool		$\Box \Box \Box F$ ON/OFF control algorithm
		PID control algorithm
Lond onoF	<u> </u>	Hysteresis value for OUT-3. It can be adjusted from 0% to 50% of defined scale. (It is active if ON/OFF control is selected)
	XYn3	It determines operation form of hysteresis. (It is active if ON/OFF control is selected)
		\Box \Box \Box \Box SV + HYS/2 and SV - HYS/2
		SV and SV+HYS or SV and SV-HYS
	<u> </u>	In ON/OFF operation, this time must be passed for the output to be energised again. It can be adjusted from 0.0 to 100.0 seconds. (It is active if ON/OFF control is selected)
	Lou3	It determines logic output function of Output-3. It is active if output function of Output-3 is Lout (Logic Output)
		Alarm output
		Manual / Automatic data output
		Sensor break alarm output
		$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline \Box & \Box$
		Output indicates that Ramp/Soak function has finished

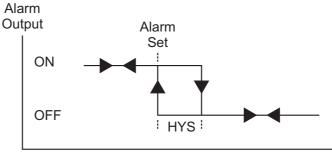


Process High Alarm



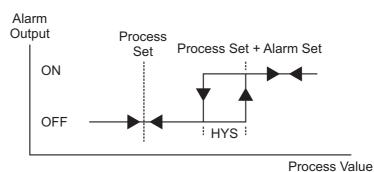
Process Value

Process Low Alarm

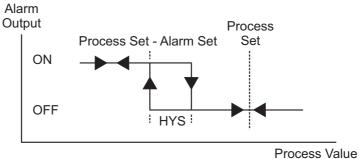


Process Value

Deviation High Alarm

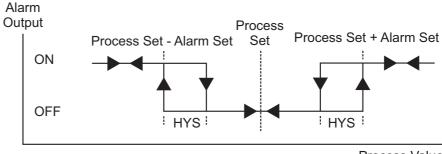


Deviation Low Alarm



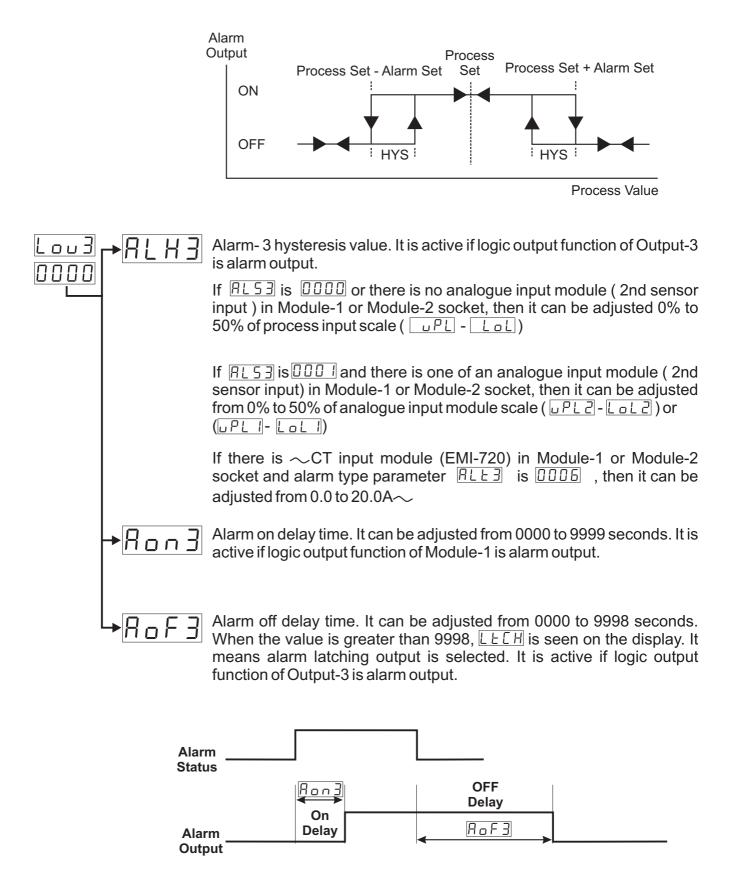
Proces

Deviation Band Alarm



Process Value

Deviation Range Alarm



8.2.6 General Parameters



Minimum value for process set and alarm set values. It is named as low 5U-L limit of set scale.

It can be adjusted from low limit of input selected with 55L parameter to 5U - u parameter.

Please refer to Section 8.2.1 Process Input Type and Relevant Parameters with Process Input for 55L parameter

high limit of set scale. Maximum value for process set and alarm set values. It is named as

It can be adjusted from 5U - L to high limit of input selected with 155LParameter.

Please refer to Section 8.2.1 Process Input Type and Relevant Parameters with Process Input for 55L parameter

Minimum value for set value of second sensor (analogue input module) in Module-1 or Module-2 socket. It is named as low limit of set scale for second sensor.

> It can be adjusted from low limit of analogue input selected with 5L Or[5L2] Parameter to 5Uu2 parameter.

Please refer to Section 8.2.3 (Module-1 Configuration Parameters) and Section 8.2.4 (Module-2 Configuration Parameter) for 5L and <u><u></u> SL2 Parameters.</u>

(This parameter is visible if one of the analogue input modules is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket)

Maximum value for set value of second sensor (analogue input module) in Module-1 or Module-2 socket. It is named as high limit of set module) in Module-1 or Module-2 socket. It is named as high limit of set scale for second sensor.

It can be adjusted from <u>SUL2</u> to high limit of analogue input selected with <u>5</u>L Parameter to <u>5</u>L parameter.

Please refer to Section 8.2.3 (Module-1 Configuration Parameters) and Section 8.2.4 (Module-2 Configuration Parameter) for <u>15L</u> and | 15L2 Parameters.

(This parameter is visible if one of the analogue input modules is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket)

- Motor travel time. It can be adjusted from **5 to 600** seconds. ULEE
 - (It is active if motorized valve control is selected)
- Minimum time of motorized valve output activation. It can be adjusted from **0.1%** to **5.0%**.

If ULEE = 100 sec and ULHH = 1.0% then minimum time of motorized valve output activation is 100 * 1.0% = 1 sec

(It is active if motorized valve control is selected)

2.7	Parame	ters for	Configu	uration	of Serial	Commu	inication



SRdr **Communication Accessing Address**

Communication accessing address of device. It can be adjusted from 1 to 247.

Communication Bau	I Rate
-------------------	--------

- 1200 Baud Rate.
- 2400 Baud Rate.
- 4800 Baud Rate.
- 9600 Baud Rate.
- 19200 Baud Rate.

Pre-



- Odd parity.
- Even parity.

Stop Bit Selection for Communication

- 1 stop bit
- 2 stop bits



I t is used for accessing to the operator parameters. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999.

If it is [1] [1] [1]; no password protection while entering to the operator parameters.

If it is different from "0" and user wants to access to the operator parameters:

1- If user does not enter **DPP5** password correctly: It turns to operation screen without accessing to parameters.

2-When OPPS in top display and ODDO in bottom display are seen, if user presses SET button without entering **OPPS** password (For observing the parameters):

Operator can see operator menus and parameters but operator can not change the parameters

(Please refer to Section 9. Failure Messages in ESM-7750 Process Controllers)



L C P S It is used for accessing to the technician parameters. It can be adjusted from 0 to 9999.

> If it is **DDDD**; no password protection while entering to the technician parameters.

If it is different from "0" and user wants to access to the technician parameters;

1- If user does not enter $E \subseteq P \subseteq$ password correctly:

It turns to operation screen without accessing to parameters.

2- When $\mathbb{E}[PS]$ in top display and $\mathbb{D}[DD]$ in bottom display are seen, if user presses SET button without entering *LCPS* password (For observing the parameters):

Technician can see all menus and parameters except Operator and Technician Password menu ("Pass Conf") but technician can not change the parameters

(Please refer to Section 9. Failure Messages in ESM-7750 Process Controllers)

9. Failure Messages in ESM-4450 Process Controllers



1 - Sensor failure in analogue inputs. Sensor connection is wrong or there is no sensor connection.



2 - If $\boxed{Ed5P}$ parameter in "Disp List" menu is $\boxed{DDD2}$ and analogue input module is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket, this is sensor failure of analogue input module. Sensor connection is wrong or there is no sensor connection.



SET

Please refer to Section 8.1.3 for detailed information about this parameter.



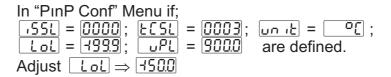
3 - If \underline{LdSP} parameter is \underline{DDDD} and \underline{LdSP} parameter is $\underline{DDD3}$ and analogue input module is plugged in Module-1 or Module-2 socket, this is sensor failure of analogue input module. Sensor connection is wrong or there is no sensor connection.



Please refer to Section 8.1.3 for detailed information about this parameter.



4 - If top display blinks : If analogue input value is less than minimum value of operating scale \boxed{LoL} top display starts to blink.



If analogue input value is less than minimum value of operating scale \boxed{LoL} top display starts to blink.



Please refer to Section 8.2.1 for detailed information about this parameter.



5 - If top display blinks : If analogue input value is greater than maximum value of operating scale \boxed{PL} , top display starts to blink.

In "PinP Conf" Menu ; (SSL = 0000; ECSL = 0003; un E = 00; LoL = 1999; uPL = 9000 $Adjust <math>UPL \Rightarrow 8500$

If analogue input value is greater than maximum value of operating scale $\boxed{u^{PL}}$, top display starts to blink.



Please refer to Section 8.2.1 for detailed information about this parameter.





6 - If operator or technician password is different from "0" and user accesses to the parameter by Set button without entering the operator or technician password and wants to change a parameter, the warning message is shown on the bottom display as shown on the left. Device does not allow to do any changes without entering the password correctly.



(SET

7 - If tuning operation can not be completed in 8 hours, AT led starts to blink.Blinking can be canceled by pressing Enter button.

Please refer to Section 8.1.2 for detailed information about this parameter.



8 - If user does not do anything for 120 seconds while device is on operator or technician menus, device turns to operation screen.





9 - When Ramp / Soak operation finishes ;

If bd5P parameter is 0002, screen on the left is shown (Please refer to Section 8.1.3 for bdsp parameter)





10 - When power is on ; not starting the normal operation and blinking the bottom display as shown on the left;

It appears when two analogue input modules (EMI-410, EMI-430, EMI-440, EMI-450) are plugged in Module-1 and Module-2 socket at the same time.

For starting normal operation power off and pull out one of the analogue input modules.



11 - When power is on ; not starting the normal operation and blinking the bottom display as shown on the left;

It appears when two EMI-420 ${\sim}$ CT input modules are plugged in Module-1 and Module-2 socket

For starting normal operation power off and pull out one of the EMI-420

 \sim CT input modules.

10. Specifications	
Device Type	: Process Controller
Housing&Mounting	: 72mm x 72mm x 87.5mm DIN Size 43700 plastic housing For panel mounting. Panel cut-out is 69x69mm. Type-1 Enclosure Mounting.
Protection Class	: NEMA 4X (IP65 at front, IP20 at rear).
Weight	: Approximately 0.25 Kg.
Environmental Ratings	: Standard, indoor at an altitude of less than 2000 meters with none condensing humidity.
Storage/Operating Temperature	: -40 °C to +85 °C / 0 °C to +50 °C
Storage/Operating Humidity	: 90 % max. (None condensing)
Installation	: Fixed installation
Overvoltage Category	:
Pollution Degree	: II, office or workplace, none conductive pollution
Operating Conditions	: Continuous
Supply Voltage and Power	: 100 - 240 V~(-15% / +10%) 50/60 Hz 6VA
	24 V~(-15% / +10%) 50/60 Hz 6VA
	24 V (-15% / +10%) 6W
	12 V (-15% / +10%) 6W
Process Inputs	: Universal input TC, RTD,Voltage/Current
Thermocouple Input Types	: Selectable by parameters
	L (DIN43710) ,
	J ,K ,R ,S ,T ,B ,E ,N (IEC584.1)(ITS90) , C (ITS90)
Thermoresistance Input Types	: PT 100 (IEC751) (ITS90)
Voltage Input Types	: Selectable by parameters 050mV , 05V , 010V
Current Input Types	: Selectable by parameters 020mA, 420mA
Accuracy	: ± 0,25% of full scale for thermocouple, thermoresistance and voltage,
	± 0,70% of full scale for current
Cold Junction Compensation	: Automatically \pm 0.1°C/1°C.
Line Compensation	: Maximum 10 Ω .
Sensor Break Protection	: Upscale
Sampling Cycle	: 3 samples per second
Input Filter	: 0.0 to 900.0 seconds
	404

Control Forms Standard Relay Output	 : Programmable ON / OFF, P, PI, PD or PID. : 5A@250V~ (Programmable control or alarm output) (Electrical Life : 100.000 Operation (Full Load))
Optional Output Modules Optional Input Modules	:-EMO-700 Relay Output Module (5A@250V~) -EMO-710 SSR Driver Output Module (Max. 26mA, 22V) -EMO-720 Digital (Transistor) Output Module (Max 40mA@18V) -EMO-730 0/420mA Current Output Module :-EMI-700 Digital Input Module
	-EMI-710 0/420mA Current Input Module -EMI-720 05A ~CT Input Module -EMI-730 TC or 050mV Input Module -EMI-740 PT-100 Input Module -EMI-750 010V Input Module
Standard Communication Module	: EMC-700 RS-232 Communication Module
Optional Communication Module	: EMC-710 RS-485 Communication Module
Communication Protocol Process Display	: MODBUS-RTU :14 mm Red 4 digit LED display
Set Display	: 9 mm Green 4 digit LED display
Led Indicators	: AT (Auto Tune), SV (Set value), Man (Manual Mode), Auto (Automatic Mode), O1 / 2 / 3 (Outputs) Leds, °C / °F / V unit, Ramp, Remote Leds
Approvals	: UL Recognized Component (File No : E 254103), [fil], C

11. Other Informations

Manufacturer Information:

Emko Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Demirtaş Organize Sanayi Bölgesi Karanfil Sk. No:6 16369 BURSA/TURKEY

Phone : +90 224 261 1900 Fax : +90 224 261 1912

Repair and Maintenance Service Information:

Emko Elektronik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.Ş. Demirtaş Organize Sanayi Bölgesi Karanfil Sk. No:6 16369 BURSA/TURKEY Phone : +90 224 261 1900 Fax : +90 224 261 1912

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